WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

financial statements shall prevail.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (refer to the Other matter section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and



appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2023 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Recognition of supplier rebates

Description

Refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on supplier rebates.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sales of electronic and communication components. In line with industry practice, the Group has entered into rebate arrangements with its suppliers for various kinds and quantities of inventories. Under the arrangement, the Group calculates the amount of supplier rebates based on sales breakdown, which is recognised as a deduction of accounts payable to suppliers and a deduction of operating costs. The Group pays the net purchase price, after confirming that the rebate is granted and the credit memo from its suppliers has been received.

As the terms of different types of supplier rebates vary and change frequently, the calculation is complex. The Group relies on the information system to gather related transaction information, and manually matches each inventory category with its corresponding rebate term to calculate the supplier rebate that should be recognised. Since the supplier rebate is material to the financial statements and more audit effort is required to address this audit matter, the recognition of supplier rebate has been identified as a key audit matter.



How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding and assessed the internal controls related to supplier rebates, and tested the effectiveness of relevant internal controls to verify whether major supplier rebates had been reviewed by responsible management, and the inventory cost had been correctly deducted and paid in net amount based on the credit memo approved by suppliers;
- B. Sampled supplier rebates and tested transaction data to confirm whether the transaction quantities were consistent with sales breakdown. Also, verified arrangements and calculation worksheets, and recalculated supplier rebates to ensure that the rebate recognition is consistent with contract;
- C. Sampled the supplier rebates which were recognised before the balance sheet date but have not yet been confirmed by suppliers, verified its consistency and reasonableness with subsequent credit memos approved by suppliers after the balance sheet date, and confirmed whether there were any material differences; and
- D. Performed confirmation of selected material accounts payable, including supplier rebates which have been confirmed by suppliers, and examined the reconciliation for the differences between the amount stated in the suppliers' confirmation and the Group's records.

Assessment of inventory valuation losses

Description

Refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(6) for details of inventory valuation. As at December 31, 2023, the Group's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses were NT\$97,263,203 thousand and NT\$1,547,706 thousand, respectively.



The Group is primarily engaged in the sales of various kinds of electronic components. Due to rapid technology innovations, short lifespan of electronic products and fluctuations in market prices, there is a higher risk of inventory losses due from market value decline or obsolescence. For non-obsolete inventories, the net realisable value is estimated based on the estimated selling price in a certain period around the balance sheet date. The net realisable values of obsolete inventories are individually identified as obsolete or damaged, if any. Since the amount of inventory is material, inventory types vary, sources of information in calculating the net realisable value of each type of inventories are various, and the identification of obsolete and damaged inventory and its net realisable value is subject to management's judgement, we considered the assessment of inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding and evaluated the process of inventory and warehouse management, examined the annual plan and participated in stock take to assess the effectiveness of management's identification and controls on obsolete inventory;
- B. Obtained an understanding of the Group's nature of business and industry in order to assess whether the provision policies and procedures were applied consistently and reasonably during the periods, including identified as obsolete with supporting documents, and agreed to information obtained from physical inventory; and
- C. Obtained the net realisable value statement of each inventory, and tested supporting documents in relation to sources of information in calculating the net realisable value.

Other matter – Reference to the audits of other auditors

We did not audit the financial statements of certain subsidiaries which were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.



The total assets of these subsidiaries as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to NT\$15,668,852 thousand and NT\$18,216,536 thousand, constituting 5.91% and 9.10% of the consolidated total assets, respectively. Revenue for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to NT\$39,438,389 thousand and NT\$13,347,437 thousand, constituting 6.63% and 2.34% of the consolidated net operating revenue, respectively.

Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Hav Shenj Chung

Chieh - Ju Hsu

Hsu, Sheng-Chung

Chieh-Ju, Hsu

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

February 16, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	-			December 31, 2023	 December 31, 2022		
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	 AMOUNT	
	Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	22,747,549	9	\$ 5,383,254	3
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - current			42,151	-	12,870	-
1120	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)					
	other comprehensive income - current	t		1,106,224	-	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4) and 7		111,636,650	42	84,568,116	42
1200	Other receivables	6(4)(5)		5,550,957	2	2,237,030	1
130X	Inventories	6(6)		95,715,497	36	90,547,237	45
1410	Prepayments			1,397,586	1	838,630	1
1470	Other current assets	6(1) and 8		550,331		62,447	
11XX	Total current assets			238,746,945	90	 183,649,584	92
	Non-current assets						
1510	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)					
	profit or loss - non-current			360,778	-	291,474	-
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)					
	other comprehensive income - non-						
	current			18,833,048	7	9,139,705	5
1550	Investments accounted for using	6(7)					
	equity method			44,539	-	62,955	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8)		1,262,530	1	974,071	-
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		1,030,253	1	830,030	-
1760	Investment property - net	6(10)		190,318	-	193,686	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)		3,339,635	1	3,371,512	2
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)		828,845	-	1,078,254	1
1900	Other non-current assets			548,081	-	610,899	-
15XX	Total non-current assets			26,438,027	10	16,552,586	8
1XXX	Total assets		\$	265,184,972	100	\$ 200,202,170	100

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WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		December 31, 2023				December 31, 2022	, 2022	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12)	\$ 19,821,848	8	\$	38,340,556	19	
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(13)	349,848	-		1,049,386	1	
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss - current		41,185	-		11,372	-	
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(23)	1,461,903	1		904,038	1	
2170	Accounts payable	7	147,955,015	56		77,996,735	39	
2200	Other payables	6(14)	5,980,439	2		3,789,378	2	
2230	Current income tax liabilities		745,342	-		1,627,567	1	
2280	Lease liabilities - current		240,516	-		248,213	-	
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(15)	88,382	-		-	-	
2365	Refund liabilities - current	6(23)	1,127,279	-		778,605	-	
2399	Other current liabilities		77,048			70,347	_	
21XX	Total current liabilities		177,888,805	67		124,816,197	63	
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Long-term loans	6(15)	12,644,242	5		17,786,449	9	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)	1,031,875	-		856,757	-	
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current		478,104	-		335,919	-	
2600	Other non-current liabilities		1,196,294	1		1,432,527	1	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		15,350,515	6		20,411,652	10	
2XXX	Total liabilities		193,239,320	73		145,227,849	73	
	Equity attributable to owners of							
	parent							
	Share capital	6(18)						
3110	Common stock		8,873,017	3		8,835,297	4	
3120	Preferred stock		1,350,000	1		1,350,000	1	
3130	Certificates of entitlement to new							
	shares from convertible bonds		6,540	-		-	-	
3140	Advance receipts for share capital		5,423,396	2		-	-	
	Capital surplus	6(19)						
3200	Capital surplus		25,680,674	9		25,294,109	13	
	Retained earnings	6(20)						
3310	Legal reserve		4,311,098	2		3,542,791	2	
3320	Special reserve		1,564,387	1		-	-	
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		14,300,632	5		16,647,535	8	
	Other equity interest	6(21)						
3400	Other equity interest		9,599,039	4	(1,564,387) (<u>l</u>)	
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of							
	the parent	- ()	71,108,783	27		54,105,345	27	
36XX	Non-controlling interest	6(22)	836,869			868,976		
3XXX	Total equity		71,945,652	27		54,974,321	27	
	Commitments and contingent liabilities	9						
	Significant subsequent events	11						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$ 265,184,972	100	\$	200,202,170	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share)

Year ended December 31 2023 2022 Notes AMOUNT % **AMOUNT** % Items 4000 Operating revenue 6(23) and 7 \$ 594,518,813 100 \$ 571,197,118 100 5000 Operating costs 6(6) and 7 576,112,549) (97) (551,364,963) (97) 5900 3 Gross profit 18,406,264 19,832,155 3 Operating expenses 6(28) 6100 Selling expenses 6,383,289) (1) (5,533,094) (1) 6200 General and administrative expenses 3,059,840) (1) (1,860,504) 6300 Research and development expenses 755,450) 654,845) 6450 Impairment loss determined in 12(2) accordance with IFRS 9 7,762)1,095) 6000 Total operating expenses 10,206,341) (2) (8,049,538) 1) 6900 Operating profit 8,199,923 11,782,617 2 Non-operating income and expenses 7100 Interest income 6(24) 39,036 151,614 7010 Other income 6(25) 594,130 421,482 7020 Other gains and losses 6(26) 148,295 129,302 7050 Finance costs 6(27) 3,880,037) 2,445,514) 7060 Share of loss of associates and joint 6(7)ventures accounted for using equity method 18,560) 15,781) 7000 Total non-operating income and expenses 3,004,558) 1,871,475) 7900 Profit before income tax 5,195,365 9,911,142 2 7950 Income tax expense 6(30) 1,216,531) 2,310,778) (1) 8200 Profit for the year 3,978,834 7,600,364

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WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share)

					ar ended l	Decen		
				2023			2022	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income (loss)							
	Components of other comprehensive							
	income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
8311	Loss on remeasurements of defined	6(16)						
0311	benefit plans	0(10)	(\$	2,115)	_	(\$	5,747)	_
8316	Unrealised gain (loss) on valuation	6(21)(22)	(Ψ	2,113)		(ψ	3,777)	
	of equity investment instruments							
	measured at fair value through other							
	comprehensive income (loss)			11,228,827	2	(11,414,478) (2)
8320	Share of other comprehensive loss of	6(21)						
	associates and joint ventures							
	accounted for using equity method			-	-	(12,499)	-
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(30)						
	other comprehensive income that							
	will not be reclassified to profit or							
	loss		-	423			1,150	
8310	Other comprehensive income							
	(loss) that will not be reclassified			11 007 105	2	,	11 401 574) (2)
	to profit or loss			11,227,135	2	(11,431,574) (_	<u>2</u>)
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified							
	to profit or loss							
8361	Financial statements translation	6(21)(22)						
0501	differences of foreign operations	0(21)(22)	(312,036)	_		4,363,742	1
8370	Share of other comprehensive loss of	6(21)	(312,030)			1,303,712	•
	associates and joint ventures							
	accounted for using equity method		(116)	-	(2,130)	-
8360	Other comprehensive (loss)							
	income that will be reclassified to							
	profit or loss		(312,152)			4,361,612	1
8300	Total other comprehensive income							
	(loss) for the year		\$	10,914,983	2	(\$	7,069,962) (1)
8500	Total comprehensive income for the							
	year		\$	14,893,817	3	\$	530,402	
	Profit (loss) attributable to:							
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	4,012,142	1	\$	7,631,123	1
8620	Non-controlling interest		(33,308)		(30,759)	
			\$	3,978,834	1	\$	7,600,364	1
	Comprehensive income (loss)							
0=4.0	attributable to:		_	4.4.0=0.707	_	4		
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	14,929,690	3	\$	551,844	-
8720	Non-controlling interest		(35,873)		(21,442)	
			\$	14,893,817	3	\$	530,402	
	Enminer non-there (in 1 11	6(21)						
9750	Earnings per share (in dollars) Basic earnings per share	6(31)	¢		1 24	Ф		Q 61
	Diluted earnings per share		<u>\$</u> \$		4.24	Φ		8.61
9850	Diffued earnings per snare		<u> </u>		4.17	Ф		8.53

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						Equity attributable	e to owners of the pare	ent					
			Cap	ital		1 7		Retained Earnings					
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Preferred stock	Certificates of bond-to-stock conversion	Advance receipts for share capital	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Other equity interest	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
2022													
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 7,977,068	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 51,498	\$ -	\$ 20,444,778	\$ 2,677,275	\$ -	\$ 14,531,008	\$ 6,736,238	\$ 53,767,865	\$ 92,443	\$ 53,860,308
Consolidated net income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,631,123	-	7,631,123	(30,759)	7,600,364
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(21)(22)								(4,597_)	(7,074,682)	(7,079,279_)	9,317	(7,069,962)
Total comprehensive income (loss)									7,626,526	(7,074,682_)	551,844	(21,442)	530,402
Appropriations of 2021 earnings:	6(20)												
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	-	865,516	-	(865,516)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends for common stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,431,032)	-	(4,431,032)	-	(4,431,032)
Cash dividends for preferred stock	((10)(10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(270,000)	-	(270,000)	-	(270,000)
Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts	6(18)(19)	780,000				4,675,260					5,455,260		5,455,260
Conversion of convertible bonds	6(18)(19)	80.374		(51,498)		47,760	-	_	_	-	76,636	_	76,636
Cancellation of employee restricted shares		(2,145)		-		2,145	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Changes in restricted stocks to employees		-,,				(3,320)				3,320	-	-	
Changes in ownership interests in													
subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(716)	-	(716)	-	(716)
Compensation cost of share-based paymen		-	-	-	-	127,486	-	-	102	94,983	222,571		222,571
Changes in non-controlling interest	6(22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	797,975	797,975
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(21)								57,163	(57,163)			
Redemption liability recognised as other	6(21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,105	(37,103)	-	-	-
equity										(1,267,083_)	(1,267,083)		(1,267,083_)
Balance at December 31, 2022		\$ 8,835,297	\$ 1,350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,294,109	\$ 3,542,791	\$ -	\$ 16,647,535	(\$ 1,564,387)	\$ 54,105,345	\$ 868,976	\$ 54,974,321
<u>2023</u>													
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$ 8,835,297	\$ 1,350,000	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 25,294,109	\$ 3,542,791	\$ -	\$ 16,647,535	(\$ 1,564,387)	\$ 54,105,345	\$ 868,976	\$ 54,974,321
Consolidated net income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,012,142	-	4,012,142	(33,308)	3,978,834
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(21)(22)								(1,692_)	10,919,240	10,917,548	(2,565_)	10,914,983
Total comprehensive income (loss)									4,010,450	10,919,240	14,929,690	(35,873)	14,893,817
Appropriations of 2022 earnings:	6(20)						# CO 20#						
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	-	768,307		(768,307)	-	-	-	
Special reserve Cash dividends for common stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,564,387	(1,564,387)	-	- 2 012 005)	-	- 2 010 005)
Cash dividends for preferred stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,812,065) (270,000)	-	(3,812,065) (270,000)	-	(3,812,065) (270,000)
Capital injection	6(18)	-	-	-	5,423,396	-	-	-	(270,000)	-	5,423,396	-	5,423,396
Employee stock options exercised	6(18)(19)	38,960	-	6,540	3,423,390	138,441	-	-	•	-	183,941	•	183,941
Cancellation of employee restricted shares		(1,240)		0,540		1,240				-	103,941	-	103,541
Changes in restricted stocks to employees		(1,240)		_	-	(3,531)	-	-	-	3,531	-	-	
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	4(3)	_			_	-	_	_	(1,707)	-	(1,707)		(1,707)
Compensation cost of share-based payment	ts 6(17)	_	_	_	-	250,415	-	_	-	46,695	297,110	-	297,110
Changes in non-controlling interest	6(22)	-	-	-	-	,	-	-	-	-	,	3,766	3,766
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(21)								59,113	(59,113)			
Changes in redemption liability recognised	6(21)	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	37,113			-	252.05-
as other equity			-	-			-	-	-	253,073	253,073	-	253,073
Balance at December 31, 2023		\$ 8,873,017	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 6,540	\$ 5,423,396	\$ 25,680,674	\$ 4,311,098	\$ 1,564,387	\$ 14,300,632	\$ 9,599,039	\$ 71,108,783	\$ 836,869	\$ 71,945,652

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Year ended December 31				er 31
	Notes		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	5,195,365	\$	9,911,142
Adjustments		Ψ	3,173,303	Ψ	7,711,142
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Depreciation	6(28)		448,487		380,125
Amortisation	6(28)		107,214		57,888
Impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS	12(2)		107,211		37,000
9	12(2)		7,762		1,095
Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value	6(26)		7,702		1,000
through profit or loss	*(=*)	(235,377)	(598,787)
Share-based payments	6(17)		297,110	(222,571
Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures	6(7)		_,,,,,		,
accounted for using equity method	- (-)		18,560		15,781
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net			968		1,517
Loss on disposal of intangible assets, net	6(26)		-		15,487
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using	6(7)				10, 107
equity method	()		_		2,009
Impairment loss	6(11)		-		7,836
Interest expense	6(27)		2,253,878		1,436,773
Interest income	6(24)	(151,614)	(39,036)
Dividend income	6(25)	Ì	436,092)	•	339,705)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	,	`	, ,	`	, ,
Changes in operating assets					
Accounts receivable		(28,279,834)		2,953,585
Other receivables		(3,331,271)	(269,823)
Inventories		(4,815,087)		8,380,057)
Prepayments		(564,798)		119,768
Other current assets (including contract assets)			2,118		15,422
Changes in operating liabilities					
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through					
profit or loss			255,639		650,239
Contract liabilities			567,790		131,703
Accounts payable			70,408,917	(9,233,288)
Other payables			2,144,551		94,661
Other current liabilities (including refund liabilities)			445,296		123,970
Net defined benefit liability			12,971		5,026
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			44,352,553	(2,714,098)
Interest received			151,614		39,036
Dividends received			436,092		339,705
Interest paid		(2,323,213)	(1,327,929)
Income taxes paid		(_	1,589,006)	(2,375,623)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			41,028,040	(6,038,909)

(Continued)

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Notes 2023 2022		Year ended December 31				er 31
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss \$8,568 (\$ 7,200)		Notes		2023		2022
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss \$8,568 (\$ 7,200)	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
or loss Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (30, 201) (1, 511, 910) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value (6(3)) Increase in other financial assets at fair value (6(3)) Increase in other financial assets at fair value (6(3)) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (6(3)) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (7, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24, 24						
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(\$	88.568)	(\$	7,200)
Through profit or loss	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value		. ,	,,	. ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				_		1,306
Comprehensive income						,
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			(30,201)	(1,511,910)
through other comprehensive income Increase in other financial assets		6(3)	,	, ,	`	
Increase in other financial assets		. ,		462,219		99,295
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 5,418 91			((,
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of intangible assets 6(11) (24,930) (10,449)	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(33)	(
Acquisition of intangible assets 6(11) (24,930) (10,449) Increase in guarantee deposits (17,572) (195,409) Increase in guarantee deposits 8,900 11,248 Net cash payments for business combination 6(33) (199,306) (3,041,127) Decrease in other non-current assets (129,084) 17,673 Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method 31,346 Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment					
Increase in guarantee deposits (17,572) (195,409) Decrease in guarantee deposits 8,900 11,248 Net cash payments for business combination 6(33) (199,306) (3,041,127) Decrease in other non-current assets (199,084) 17,673 Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method 2,738,640 (738,640) (4,954,745) Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) (4,954,745) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in short-term borrowings 6(34) 820,759,706 850,651,375 Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (839,211,405) (850,959,648) Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (716,769) (1,010,053) Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (716,769) (1,010,053) Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) (82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities (6(34) (279,375) (235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities (5,089) 4,331 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) 5,089 (4,331) Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) 5,089 (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(34) (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 5,423,396 - (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 5,383,254 4,679,576 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576		6(11)	((10,449)
Decrease in guarantee deposits 8,900 11,248 Net cash payments for business combination 6(33) (199,306) 3,041,127 Decrease in other non-current assets 129,084 17,673 Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method 3,041,127 Using equity method 3,041,127 Net cash flows used in investing activities 738,640 4,954,745 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in short-term borrowings 6(34) 820,759,706 850,651,375 Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) 839,211,405 850,595,048 Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) 716,769 1,010,053 Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) 55,312,534 91,962,000 Repayments of long-term loans 6(34) 60,349,891 82,898,034 Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) 279,375 235,467 Increase in other non-current liabilities 6(34) 279,375 235,467 Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) 2-7 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) 2-7 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts 6(20) 4,082,065 4,701,032 Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) -	Increase in guarantee deposits	, ,	((195,409)
Net cash payments for business combination 6(33) (199,306) (3,041,127) Decrease in other non-current assets (129,084) 17,673 Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method ————————————————————————————————————	Decrease in guarantee deposits					
Decrease in other non-current assets (129,084) 17,673		6(33)	((
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method c 31,346 Net cash flows used in investing activities (738,640) 4,954,745 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES TIncrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) 820,759,706 850,651,375 Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (839,211,405) 850,595,048) Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (716,769) 1,010,053) Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) 82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (79,375) 235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 6(34) 279,375 235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 6(84) 279,375 235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 6(84) 279,375 235,467) Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) 279,375 4,701,032) Cash dividends paid 6(20) 4,082,065 4,701,032) Cash dividends pa			(
Net cash flows used in investing activities			`	, ,		,
Net cash flows used in investing activities	using equity method			-		31,346
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			(738,640)	(
Increase in short-term borrowings 6(34) 820,759,706 850,651,375 Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (839,211,405) (850,595,048) Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable 6(34) (716,769) (1,010,053) Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) (55,312,534 91,962,000 Repayments of long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) (82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (279,375) (235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities (6(34) 279,375) (235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities (6(18) - (93,924) Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - (588) Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576			`		`	
Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(34) (839,211,405) (850,595,048) Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable 6(34) (716,769) (1,010,053) Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) 55,312,534 91,962,000 Repayments of long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) (82,898,034) 82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (279,375) (235,467) 10,700,703) Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 1,300,704 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - (93,924) 1,300,704 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) 1,300,704 1,300,704		6(34)		820,759,706		850,651,375
Decrease in short-term notes and bills payable 6(34) (716,769) (1,010,053) Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) 55,312,534 91,962,000 Repayments of long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) (82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (279,375) (235,467) 235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 1suance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 6,089 4,331 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 7 93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) 4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - (588) Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576		6(34)	((
Proceeds from long-term loans 6(34) 55,312,534 91,962,000 Repayments of long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) 82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (279,375) 235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) 4,701,032 Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) 6,701,032 Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (5,88) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents a						
Repayments of long-term loans 6(34) (60,349,891) (82,898,034) Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (279,375) (235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576			,	55,312,534	,	
Payment of lease liabilities 6(34) (279,375) (235,467) Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) (588) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576		6(34)	((
Increase in other non-current liabilities 5,089 4,331 Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576		6(34)	(
Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts 6(18) - 5,549,184 Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576	Increase in other non-current liabilities					4,331
Issuance of shares - direct costs of Global depositary receipts - (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576		6(18)		, <u>-</u>		
receipts - (93,924) Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576						
Cash dividends paid 6(20) (4,082,065) (4,701,032) Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576				-	(93,924)
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest 6(22) - (588) Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576		6(20)	(4,082,065)	(4,701,032)
Increase in non-controlling interest 6(33) (1,786) - Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576	Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest	6(22)		-	(
Employee stock options exercised 183,941 - Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576			(1,786)		-
Capital injection 6(18) 5,423,396 - Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576	Employee stock options exercised					-
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities (22,956,625) 8,632,744 Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576	Capital injection	6(18)		5,423,396		-
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576			(22,956,625)	<u> </u>	8,632,744
equivalents 31,520 3,064,588 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 17,364,295 703,678 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents17,364,295703,678Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year5,383,2544,679,576				31,520		3,064,588
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 5,383,254 4,679,576	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents					
			\$		\$	

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the development and sales of electronic and communication components.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on February 16, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'	May 23, 2023

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'

The amendments give companies temporary relief from accounting for deferred income taxes arising from tax law enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). An entity shall neither recognise nor disclose information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or	January 1, 2024
non-current'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the

"IFRSs").

(2) <u>Basis of preparation</u>

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit assets (liabilities) recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

		Main	Owners	hip (%)	
		Business	December	December	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	Note
WT Microelectronics	Wintech Microelectronics	Investment	99.65	99.65	
Co., Ltd.	Holding Limited	Company			
WT Microelectronics	Morrihan International Corp.	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	BSI Semiconductor Pte. Ltd.	Investment	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	Nuvision Technology Inc.	Trading	100	99.91	(b)
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	Milestone Investment Co.,	Investment	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.	Company			
WT Microelectronics	SinYie Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	Techmosa International	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	Inc.	Company			
WT Microelectronics	MSD Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	Maxtek Technology Co.,	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.	Company			
WT Microelectronics	Analog World Co., Ltd.	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	WT Semiconductor	Investment	80	80	
Co., Ltd.	Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Company			
WT Microelectronics	WT Solomon QCE Ltd.	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			
WT Microelectronics	WT Microelectronics (Hong	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	Kong) Limited	Company			
WT Microelectronics	WT Technology (H.K.)	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	Limited	Company			
WT Microelectronics	WT Microelectronics	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Company			
WT Microelectronics	WT Technology Pte. Ltd.	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.		Company			

		Main	Owners	hip (%)	
		Business	December	December	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	Not
Wintech	WT Microelectronics	Trading	100	100	
Microelectronics	(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Company			
Holding Limited					
Wintech	Promising Investment	Investment	100	100	
Microelectronics	Limited	Company			
Holding Limited					
Wintech	Wintech Microelectronics	Trading	100	100	
Microelectronics	Ltd.	Company			
Holding Limited					
Wintech	Wintech Microelectronics	Investment	-	100	(d)
Microelectronics	Limited	Company			
Holding Limited		_			
Wintech	Wintech Investment Co.,	Investment	100	100	
Microelectronics	Ltd.	Company			
Holding Limited		_			
Wintech	Brillnics Inc.	Investment	61.23	61.65	(a)
Microelectronics		Company			
Holding Limited					
	Wonchang Semiconductor	Trading	100	100	
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	Company			
	WT Technology Korea Co.,	Trading	4.53	4.53	
Ltd.	Ltd.	Company			
Morrihan International	Asia Latest Technology	Investment	100	100	
Corp.	Limited	Company			
Promising Investment	Nino Capital Co., Ltd.	Investment	100	100	
Limited		Company			
Promising Investment	Rich Web Ltd.	Investment	100	100	
Limited		Company			
Wintech Investment	WT Microelectronics	Trading	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	(Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Company			
Wintech Investment	WT Technology Korea Co.,	Trading	95.47	95.47	
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.	Company			
Nino Capital Co., Ltd.	Shanghai WT	Trading	100	100	
. ,	Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Company			
Rich Web Ltd.	WT Microelectronics	Trading	100	100	
Table 1100 Dtd.	(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics	WT Microelectronics		100	100	
		Trading	100	100	
Singapore Pte. Ltd.	(Thailand) Co., Limited.	Company			

		Main	Ownersh	nip (%)	
		Business	December	December	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	Note
WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	WT Microelectronics India Private Limited	Trading Company	100	100	
SinYie Investment Co., Ltd.	Wintech Microelectronics Holding Limited	Investment Company	0.35	0.35	
Asia Latest Technology Limited	WT Microelectronics (Shanghai) Technology Co., Ltd.	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
Techmosa International Inc.	Morrihan Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Maxtek Technology Co., Ltd.	HongTech Electronics Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Maxtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Lacewood International Corp.	Trading Company	100	100	
Brillnics Inc.	Brillnics (HK) Limited	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
Brillnics Inc.	Brillnics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Brillnics (HK) Limited	Brillnics Japan Inc.	Research and Development Company	100	100	
Brillnics (HK) Limited	Brillnics (Taiwan) Inc.	Research and Development Company	100	100	
WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Excelpoint Technology Pte. Ltd.	Investment Company	100	100	
Excelpoint Technology Pte. Ltd.	Excelpoint Systems (Pte) Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Excelpoint Technology Pte. Ltd.	Excelpoint Systems (H.K.) Limted	Trading Company	100	100	
Excelpoint Technology Pte. Ltd.	Planetspark Pte. Ltd.	R&D and Investment Company	100	100	
Excelpoint Systems (Pte) Ltd.	Excelpoint Systems Sdn. Bhd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Excelpoint Systems (Pte) Ltd.	Excelpoint Systems (India) Private Limited	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
Excelpoint Systems (Pte) Ltd.	Excelpoint Systems (USA) Inc.	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
Excelpoint Systems (Pte) Ltd.	Excelpoint Systems Vietnam Company Limited	Trading Company	100	100	

		Main	Ownership (%)		
		Business	December	December	
Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Activities	31, 2023	31, 2022	Note
Excelpoint Systems	Excelpoint International	Trading	100	100	
(H.K.) Limted	Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Company			
Excelpoint Systems	Synergy Electronics (H.K.)	Trading	100	100	
(H.K.) Limted	Limited	Company			
Excelpoint Systems	Synergy Electronics	Trading	100	100	
(H.K.) Limted	(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Company			
Analog Word Co.,	Leader's Technology	Selling and	100	-	(c)
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	Technology			
		Servicing			

- (a) Employees of Brillnics Inc. exercised employee stock options in installments for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and accordingly, the shareholder ratio decreased to 61.23% and 61.65%, respectively.
- (b) As of March 31, 2023, the Group acquired the non-controlling interest in its 99.91% owned subsidiary, Nuvision Technology Inc., for a consideration of \$1,786 in cash, thereby increasing the Group's equity interest to 100%. Consequently, retained earnings decreased by \$532 and non-controlling interest decreased by \$1,192.
- (c) In May 2023, the Group used cash to acquire all the equity interest in Leader's Technology Co., Ltd., which became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group and has been included in the consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition.
- (d) In November 2023, Wintech Microelectronics Limited has been dissolved and liquidated.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

		Non-controlling interest			
		December	31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
	Principal				
	place	Ownership		Ownership	
Name of Subsidiary	of business	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)
WT Semiconductor Holdings	Singapore	\$ 771,790	20%	\$ 805,586	20%
Pte Ltd					

Summarised financial information of WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd.:

Balance Sheet

	De	ecember 31, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022		
Current assets	\$	15,165,272	\$	17,820,321		
Non-current assets		1,999,839		1,731,241		
Current liabilities	(11,955,184)	(14,398,953)		
Non-current liabilities	(245,968)	(241,240)		
Total net assets	\$	4,963,959	\$	4,911,369		
Statement of comprehensive income						
		Year ended		September 6, 2022		
				(date of acquisition) to		
	De	ecember 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022		
Revenue	\$	39,438,389	\$	13,347,437		
(Loss) income for the period from continuing						
operations	(166,786)		42,054		
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(2,799)		825		
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period	(<u>\$</u>	<u>169,585</u>)	\$	42,879		
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable						
to non-controlling interest	(<u>\$</u>	33,800)	\$	8,309		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest			\$	<u>-</u>		
Statement of cash flows			C	. 1 6 2022		
		X 7 1 1		September 6, 2022		
	Do	Year ended ecember 31, 2023	(date of acquisition) to December 31, 2022			
N. (1.0) (1.0 (1.1)						
Net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities	\$	1,336,160	(\$	23,418)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(55,991)	(3,907,098)		
Net cash flows (used in) provided by	(505,363)		4,708,029		
financing activities						
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and	(14,733)	(11 606)		
cash equivalents	((11,606)		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		760,073		765,907		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		765,907		-		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$</u>	1,525,980	\$	765,907		

The summarised financial information of the subsidiaries stated above were based on each subgroup's consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of comprehensive income and consolidated statements of cash flows in their respective presentation currencies and translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the closing exchange rate at the corresponding balance sheet date and average exchange rate for the current period, respectively.

(4) Foreign currency translation

A. Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

B. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses.'

C. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or joint arrangement, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or joint arrangement after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former joint arrangement, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that

meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss

- A. These are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income and are held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial labilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition relating to the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are initial recognised and subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- C. The Group's operating pattern of accounts receivable that are expected to be factored is for the purpose of receiving contract cash flow and selling, and the accounts receivable are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for twelve months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred, however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(12) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor) - operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(13) <u>Inventories</u>

- A. The cost of inventories includes the purchase price, import duties and other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of goods. The discount, allowance and others alike should be deducted from the cost.
- B. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(14) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for using equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation

to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings $27 \sim 56$ years Office equipment $2 \sim 9$ years Other assets $2 \sim 12$ years

(16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets / lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following:
 - (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
 - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of $27 \sim 56$ years.

(18) Intangible assets

- A. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.
- B. Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of $2 \sim 5$ years.
- C. Other intangible assets, mainly customer relationship, are recorded at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of $5 \sim 8$ years.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amount of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are initial recognised and subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(21) Borrowings

A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption

value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs.

(22) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible corporate bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Company's common stock by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common stock). The Group classifies the bonds payable and derivative features embedded in convertible corporate bonds on initial recognition as a financial liability or an equity instrument ('capital surplus—stock options') in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability and an equity instrument. Convertible corporate bonds are accounted for as follows:

- A. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- B. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—stock options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of bonds payable as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- C. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- D. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including 'bonds payable') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The book value of common stock issued due to the conversion shall be based on the adjusted book value of the abovementioned liability component plus the book value of capital surplus stock options.

(23) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

 Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as
 expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive
 obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved
 amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in
 estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of

shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(24) Employee share-based payment

- A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.
- B. The grant date of cash capital increase reserved for employee preemption is the date at which the entity and the employee agree to a share-based payment arrangement, being when the entity and the counterparty have a shared understanding of the terms and conditions of the arrangement.

C. Restricted stocks:

- (a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period.
- (b) For restricted stocks where those stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees and employees are not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the

- vesting period, the Group recognises the fair value of the dividends received by the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as compensation cost at the date of dividends declared.
- (c) For restricted stocks where employees do not need to pay to acquire those stocks, if the employees resign during the vesting period, the restricted stocks will be redeemed and retired by the Group without further consideration and recognised as deduction of share capital and additional paid-in capital, in accordance with the terms of restricted stocks.

(25) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by

the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

(26) Share capital

- A. Common stock is classified as equity. The classification of preferred stocks is determined according to the special rights attached to the preferred stocks based on the substance of the contract and the definition of financial liabilities and equity instruments. Preferred stocks are classified as liabilities when they have the basic characteristics of financial liabilities; otherwise, they are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders or Board of Directors. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(28) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

(a) The Group sells electronic components. Sales are recognised when the control of the products has been transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

- (b) The goods are often sold with discounts based on aggregate sales. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales discounts and allowances. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the sales discounts and allowances, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognised for expected discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the payments exceed the merchandise provided, a contract liability is recognised.

B. Services

- (a) The Group provides semiconductor development services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided at the end of the reporting period in a proportion to the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the contract costs incurred for services performed to the estimated total cost for the service contract. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.
- (b) The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

(29) Business combinations

A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation

- at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquire recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The Group determines whether the nature of its performance obligation is to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services (i.e. the Group is an agent) based on the transaction model and its economic substance. The Group is a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it transfers the good or service to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at gross amount of consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services transferred. The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of goods or services by another party. The Group recognises revenue at the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Indicators that the Group controls the goods or services before it is provided to a customer include the following:

- A. The Group is primarily responsible for the provision of goods or services.
- B. The Group assumes the inventory risk before transferring the specified goods or services to the customer or after transferring control of the goods or services to the customer.

C. The Group has discretion in establishing prices for the goods or services.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group's subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units. Refer to Note 6(11) for the information on goodwill impairment as of December 31, 2023.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business within the specified period before the balance sheet date. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation. Refer to Note 6(6) for the carrying amount of inventory as of December 31, 2023.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	2,614	\$	2,532
Checking accounts and demand deposits		21,985,282		5,291,663
Time deposits		759,653		89,059
	\$	22,747,549	\$	5,383,254

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with good credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group's deposits with banks that have been pledged as collateral were classified as 'other current assets.' Refer to Note 8 for details. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the time deposits with maturity date over 3 months of \$546,080 and \$56,108, respectively, are recorded as 'other current assets.'

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Assets	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current items:		
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 11,63	0 \$ 8,369
Equity instruments	5,77	8 4,501
Derivatives	17	9 -
Hybrid instrument	24,56	4
	\$ 42,15	<u>1</u> \$ 12,870
Non-current items:		
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 296,85	2 \$ 218,573
Debt instruments	48,57	3 72,901
Hybrid instrument	15,35	<u> </u>
	\$ 360,77	<u>\$ 291,474</u>
Liabilities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current items:		
Derivatives	\$ 41,18	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u> 11,372

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,			
		2023	2022	
Derivatives	\$	225,595 \$	653,231	
Beneficiary certificates		33,180 (50,367)	
Equity instruments		1,276 (3,999)	
Debt instruments	(<u>24,674</u>) (<u>78</u>)	
	<u>\$</u>	235,377 \$	598,787	

B. The non-hedging derivative financial assets and liabilities and contract information are as follows:

	December 31, 2023					
	Contract amount					
	(Notional principal)					
Derivative financial assets	(In thous	sands)	Contract period			
Current items:						
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD (BUY)	5,000	2023.12.27~2024.2.29			
Derivative financial liabilities	_					
Current items:						
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD (BUY)	235,000	2023.11.28~2024.2.29			

	December 31, 2022					
	Contract amount					
	(Notional principal)					
Derivative financial liabilities	(In thou	sands)	Contract period			
Current items:						
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD (BUY)	245,000	2022.12.28~2023.2.24			
The Group entered into forward foreign	exchange contra	acts to buy U	SD to hedge exchange rate			
risk of foreign currency. However, these	forward foreign	exchange con	tracts are not accounted for			
under hedge accounting.						

- C. For the derivative transactions, the Group deals with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- D. The Group has no financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Items December 31, 2023		Dece	mber 31, 2022
Current items:				
Equity instruments	\$	1,106,224	\$	
Non-current items:				
Equity instruments	\$	18,833,048	\$	9,139,705

- A. The Group has elected to classify certain strategic investments in the aforementioned equity instruments, including publicly listed and privately held companies, as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The Group sold \$462,219 and \$99,295 of listed shares at fair value to satisfy its operating capital needs which resulted in a cumulative gain on disposal of \$59,113 and \$57,163 (accounted under unappropriated retained earnings) during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- C. Refer to Note 6(21) for information on changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- D. The Group has no financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dec	cember 31, 2023	Decer	December 31, 2022	
Notes receivable	\$	\$ 3,730,509		4,864,044	
Accounts receivable		108,078,551		79,870,916	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(172,410)	(166,844)	
Notes and accounts receivable, net		111,636,650		84,568,116	
Overdue receivables		564,514		558,035	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(564,514)	(558,035)	
	\$	111,636,650	\$	84,568,116	

- A. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2022, the balance of accounts receivable and notes receivable amounted to \$76,162,982.
- B. Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety
 - (a) As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group had outstanding discounted notes receivable amounting to \$2,392,015 and \$3,469,692, respectively. However, as the notes receivable are bank's acceptance bills and are discounted without right of recourse, those discounted notes receivable were deducted directly from notes receivable.
 - (b) The Group entered into factoring agreements with domestic financial institutions to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreement, the Group is not obligated to bear the default risk of the transferred accounts receivable but is liable for the losses incurred on any business dispute. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred accounts receivable. Thus, the Group derecognised the transferred accounts receivable, and the related information is as follows:

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 202	
Accounts receivable transferred				
(Amount derecognised)	\$	12,529,507	\$	45,250,313
Amount advanced	\$	9,818,349	\$	44,041,088
Amount retained (shown as 'other receivables')	<u>\$</u>	2,711,158	\$	1,209,225

- (c) The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- C. Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety
 - (a) The Group entered into factoring agreements with domestic financial institutions to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreement, the Group can transfer non-L/C accounts receivable financing to financial institutions, and the banks have the right of recourse to the transferred accounts receivable. For accounts receivable that will not be recovered in the specific period, the Group will retain risk and returns of such accounts receivable. Accordingly, the Group did not derecognise the accounts receivable where the banks have the right of recourse, and related advance payments were listed in 'short-term borrowings.'
 - (b) On December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group has no accounts receivable for sales and advance payments.
- D. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the interest rates for amounts advanced ranged between 1.60%~6.66% and 0.98%~6.184%, respectively.
- E. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the total limits of the accounts receivable factoring were \$115,340,462 and \$109,611,520, respectively.
- F. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group has issued a promissory note of \$185,399,231 and \$196,404,956, respectively, as performance guarantee against any business dispute.

- G. Refer to Note 6(27) for information on financing charges on accounts receivable factoring for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- H. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's accounts receivable that are expected to be factored were classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the amounts of \$67,187,035 and \$29,602,714, respectively, and recorded as 'accounts receivable.'
- I. The Group took out a credit insurance on the accounts receivable from certain main customers, whereby 75%~90% of the receivable amount can be covered when the receivables are uncollectible. As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was the carrying amount of the notes and accounts receivable.
- J. The Group has no accounts receivable pledged to others.
- K. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Other receivables

Loss on disposal of inventory

Loss on physical inventory

	Dec	cember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Amounts retained for accounts receivable factoring	\$	2,711,158	\$	1,209,225
VAT refund receivable		2,653,616		356,761
Input tax		27,054		331,571
Others		159,129		339,473
	\$	5,550,957	\$	2,237,030
(6) <u>Inventories</u>				
	Dec	cember 31, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022
Merchandise inventory	\$	97,263,203	\$	91,966,231
Less: Allowance for inventory obsolescence and				
market value decline	(1,547,706)	(1,418,994)
	<u>\$</u>	95,715,497	\$	90,547,237
The cost recognised as expense for the year:				
	Years ended December 31,			nber 31,
		2023		2022
Cost of inventories sold	\$	575,614,106	\$	550,307,436
Services cost		376,343		429,098
Loss on decline in market value		121,642		194,947

576,112,549

432,670 812

551,364,963

(7) Investments accounted for using equity method

		2023		2022
At January 1	\$	62,955	\$	118,457
Disposal of investments accounted for using				
equity method		-	(33,355)
Share of loss of investments accounted for				
using equity method	(18,560)	(15,781)
Changes in other equity items		144	(6,366)
At December 31	\$	44,539	\$	62,955

- A. In August 2022, the Company sold its equity interest in Qwave Technology Co., Ltd. for a consideration of \$31,346 resulting to a disposal loss of \$2,009.
- B. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

	Years ended December 31,			
		2023	2022	
Loss for the year from continuing operations	(\$	18,560) (\$	15,781)	
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(<u>116</u>) (14,629)	
Total comprehensive loss	(<u>\$</u>	<u>18,676</u>) (<u>\$</u>	30,410)	

(8) Property, plant and equipment

	Office				
	Land	Buildings	equipment	Others	Total
At January 1, 2023					
Cost	\$ 163,048	\$ 588,709	\$ 685,819	\$ 743,025	\$ 2,180,601
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	<u>-</u>	(119,154) (561,409)	(525,967) (1,206,530)
	<u>\$ 163,048</u>	<u>\$ 469,555</u>	<u>\$ 124,410</u>	<u>\$ 217,058</u>	<u>\$ 974,071</u>
<u>2023</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$ 163,048	\$ 469,555	\$ 124,410	\$ 217,058	\$ 974,071
Acquired from business					
combinations	-	-	1,431	5,160	6,591
Additions	-	286,057	118,845	47,815	452,717
Disposals	-	- (5,604)	(782) (6,386)
Reclassifications	-	-	17,595	(17,595)	-
Depreciation charge	-	(16,101) (62,280)	(74,965) (153,346)
Net exchange differences		(<u>33,264</u>)	15,550	6,597 (<u>11,117</u>)
Closing net book amount	\$ 163,048	\$ 706,247	\$ 209,947	<u>\$ 183,288</u>	\$ 1,262,530
At December 31, 2023					
Cost	\$ 163,048	\$ 840,435	\$ 777,534	\$ 764,443	\$ 2,545,460
Accumulated depreciation					
and impairment		$(\underline{134,188})$ (567,587)	$(\underline{581,155})$ (1,282,930)
	<u>\$ 163,048</u>	<u>\$ 706,247</u>	<u>\$ 209,947</u>	<u>\$ 183,288</u>	<u>\$ 1,262,530</u>

	Office					
	Land	Buildings	equipment	Others	Total	
At January 1, 2022						
Cost	\$ 225,459	\$ 650,916	\$ 453,117	\$ 526,007	\$ 1,855,499	
Accumulated depreciation				265 500	051 004	
and impairment		$(\underline{142,715})$	(<u>342,981</u>)		(851,284)	
	<u>\$ 225,459</u>	<u>\$ 508,201</u>	<u>\$ 110,136</u>	<u>\$ 160,419</u>	<u>\$ 1,004,215</u>	
<u>2022</u>						
Opening net book amount	\$ 225,459	\$ 508,201	\$ 110,136	\$ 160,419	\$ 1,004,215	
Acquired from business						
combinations	-	-	23,089	68,472	91,561	
Additions	-	-	45,467	53,923	99,390	
Disposals	-	-	(1,493)	(115)	(1,608)	
Reclassifications	(62,411)	31,079)	2,541	(2,541)	(93,490)	
Depreciation charge	-	(13,822)	(56,676)	(63,648)	(134,146)	
Net exchange differences		6,255	1,346	548	8,149	
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 163,048</u>	<u>\$ 469,555</u>	<u>\$ 124,410</u>	<u>\$ 217,058</u>	<u>\$ 974,071</u>	
At December 31, 2022						
Cost	\$ 163,048	\$ 588,709	\$ 685,819	\$ 743,025	\$ 2,180,601	
Accumulated depreciation						
and impairment		$(\underline{119,154})$	(561,409)	(<u>525,967</u>)	(1,206,530)	
	\$ 163,048	<u>\$ 469,555</u>	<u>\$ 124,410</u>	<u>\$ 217,058</u>	<u>\$ 974,071</u>	

- A. Office and other equipment at December 31, 2023 and 2022 were for the Group's own use and not for lease.
- B. Refer to Note 6(32) for the details of acquisition of the property, plant and equipment due to business combinations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

(9) Leasing arrangements - lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, office and warehouse. Except for right-of-use of land for periods of 20 to 50 years, the rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of twelve months or less comprise certain offices, business vehicles, parking space and printers.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022				
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount				
Land Buildings and structures	\$ 352,26 677,98					
G	\$ 1,030,25	<u>\$</u> 830,030				
	Years ended December 31,					
	2023	2022				
	Depreciation charg	<u>Depreciation charge</u>				
Land	\$ 7,10	4 \$ 6,106				
Buildings and structures	284,66	9 237,569				
	\$ 291,77	3 \$ 243,675				

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets (including the amounts acquired through business combinations) were \$447,656 and \$356,912, respectively. Refer to Note 6(32) for the details of the acquisition of right-of-use assets due to business combination for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- E. The information on income or expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,				
	2023		2022		
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	29,291	\$	15,393	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		171,718		111,760	

F. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$480,384 and \$362,620, respectively.

(10) <u>Investment property</u>

	Land			Buildings		Total	
At January 1, 2023							
Cost	\$	147,148	\$	106,068	\$	253,216	
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment	(1,897)	(57,633)	(59,530)	
	<u>\$</u>	145,251	<u>\$</u>	48,435	<u>\$</u>	193,686	
<u>2023</u>							
Opening net book amount	\$	145,251	\$	48,435	\$	193,686	
Depreciation charge			(3,368)	(3,368)	
Closing net book amount	\$	145,251	\$	45,067	<u>\$</u>	190,318	
At December 31, 2023							
Cost	\$	147,148	\$	106,068	\$	253,216	
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment	(1,897)		61,001)	(62,898)	
	<u>\$</u>	145,251	<u>\$</u>	45,067	\$	190,318	
	- <u></u>	Land		Buildings		Total	
At January 1, 2022							
Cost	\$	84,736	\$	37,099	\$	121,835	
Accumulated depreciation							
and impairment	(<u>1,897</u>)		17,438)	(19,335)	
	<u>\$</u>	82,839	\$	19,661	\$	102,500	
<u>2022</u>							
Opening net book amount	\$	82,839	\$	19,661	\$	102,500	
Reclassifications		62,411		31,079		93,490	
Depreciation charge		<u>-</u>	(2,304)	(2,304)	
Closing net book amount	<u>\$</u>	145,250	\$	48,436	\$	193,686	
At December 31, 2022							
Cost	\$	147,148	\$	106,068	\$	253,216	
Accumulated depreciation	,	1 007)	,	57. (22 <u>)</u>	,	50, 520)	
and impairment	(1,897)	(57,633)	(59,530)	
	\$	145,251	\$	48,435	\$	193,686	

A. Rental income from the lease of the investment property and direct operating expenses arising from the investment property are shown below:

Years ended December 31,				
	2023		2022	
\$	26,728	\$	13,635	
\$	3,368	\$	2,304	
	<u>\$</u>	\$ 26,728	\$ 26,728 \$	

B. The fair values of the investment property held by the Group as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$732,243 and \$722,953, respectively, which were based on the valuation of market prices estimated using comparison approach and is categorised within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

(11) Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Softw	are Custo	omer relationship	Total
At January 1, 2023					
Cost	\$3,008,857	\$ 151	,583 \$	640,149	\$ 3,800,589
Accumulated amortisation					
and impairment	(227,968)	(130	<u>,443</u>) (70,666)	(429,077)
	<u>\$2,780,889</u>	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>,140</u> \$	569,483	\$ 3,371,512
<u>2023</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$2,780,889	\$ 21	,140 \$	569,483	\$ 3,371,512
Additions	-	24	,930	-	24,930
Acquired from business					
combinations	-		-	50,868	50,868
Amortisation charge					
(shown as 'general and					
administrative expenses')	-	(15	,122) (92,092)	, ,
Net exchange differences	(298)	(<u>3</u>) (<u>160</u>)	(461_)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$2,780,591</u>	\$ 30	<u>,945</u> \$	528,099	\$ 3,339,635
At December 31, 2023					
Cost	\$3,008,793	\$ 173	,941 \$	692,869	\$ 3,875,603
Accumulated amortisation					
and impairment	(228,202)		<u>,996</u>) (164,770)	(535,968)
	<u>\$2,780,591</u>	\$ 30	<u>,945</u> \$	528,099	<u>\$3,339,635</u>

	Goodwill		Software	Cus	stomer relationship	Total
At January 1, 2022						
Cost	\$2,033,017	\$	111,896	\$	167,485	\$ 2,312,398
Accumulated amortisation						
and impairment	$(\underline{220,132})$	(96,311)	(23,178)	(339,621)
	<u>\$1,812,885</u>	\$	15,585	\$	144,307	<u>\$1,972,777</u>
<u>2022</u>						
Opening net book amount	\$1,812,885	\$	15,585	\$	144,307	\$1,972,777
Additions	-		10,449		-	10,449
Disposal	-	(15,487)		-	(15,487)
Acquired from business						
combinations	875,175		20,182		468,846	1,364,203
Amortisation charge						
(shown as 'general and						
administrative expenses')	-	(10,057)	(47,831)	
Impairment loss	(7,836)		-		-	(7,836)
Net exchange differences	100,665		468		4,161	105,294
Closing net book amount	\$2,780,889	\$	21,140	\$	569,483	<u>\$3,371,512</u>
<u>At December 31, 2022</u>						
Cost	\$3,008,857	\$	151,583	\$	640,149	\$ 3,800,589
Accumulated amortisation	227 060	,	100 110	,	70 ((()	(120 077)
and impairment	(<u>227,968</u>)	(130,443)	(70,666)	$(\underline{429,077})$
	\$2,780,889	\$	21,140	\$	569,483	\$ 3,371,512

- A. Refer to Note 6(32) for the details of the acquisition of intangible assets due to business combinations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.
- B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Greater China Region	\$	1,187,384	\$	1,187,421	
All other segments		1,593,207		1,593,468	
	\$	2,780,591	\$	2,780,889	

C. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

The future cash flows were estimated based on the annual revenue, gross profit and other operating expenses in the future. Management determined budgeted gross profit based on past performance and their expectations of market development. The Group's accrued average annual revenue growth rate for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was both 0%~5%; the

assumption used for discount rate is the weighted average capital cost of the Group. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the key valuations used for pre-tax discount rate to reflect risk of related cash-generating units were 5.71%~9.18% and 7.02%~10.02%, respectively. Based on the aforementioned assessment, impairment loss on goodwill of \$0 and \$7,836 was recognised for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

D. There were no intangible assets that were pledged to others.

(12) Short-term borrowings

	Decembe	er 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Credit loans	\$ 19	9,821,848	\$ 38,340,556		
Interest rates per annum	1.70	0%~6.424%	1.4917%~5.97%		
(13) Short-term notes and bills payable					
	Decembe	er 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Commercial paper	\$	350,000	\$ 1,050,000		
Amortisation of discount	(<u>152</u>) (614)		
	\$	349,848	\$ 1,049,386		
Coupon rate	1.3	35%~1.40%	1.3%~1.84%		

The notes and bills were issued under securities and acceptance offered by the financial institutions to fund short-term capital. The issuance period is within 90 days.

(14) Other payables

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Accrued VAT payable	\$	2,430,469	\$	433,968
Salaries and bonuses payable		1,441,687		1,806,626
Services payable		858,100		97,051
Finance costs payable		150,998		297,358
Freight payable		141,041		179,947
Insurance expense payable		117,707		88,595
Technical service fees payable		86,263		93,583
Others		754,174		792,250
	\$	5,980,439	\$	3,789,378

(15) Long-term loans

		December 31, 2023				
Type of loans	Period	Credit line	Interest rate	Amount		
Mid-term syndicated loans	2021.7.29	\$ 12,000,000	2.093%	\$ 7,655,750		
(note A)	~2026.7.29		~6.7865%			
Mid-term syndicated loans	2022.6.27	24,000,000	2.0930%			
(note A)	~2027.6.27			4,500,000		
Mid-term borrowings						
(Export-Import Bank of the	2023.4.24					
Republic of China)	~2028.4.24	400,000	2.023%	400,000		
Mid-term borrowings	2020.4.28					
(United Overseas Bank)	~2025.4.27	93,160	2%	31,943		
Mid-term borrowings	2020.5.27					
(United Overseas Bank)	~2025.5.26	116,450	2%	66,777		
Mid-term borrowings	2020.6.24					
(DBS Bank Ltd.)	~2025.6.23	23,290	2%	8,969		
Mid-term borrowings	2021.4.5					
(United Overseas Bank)	~2026.4.4	116,450	2%	69,185		
				12,732,624		
Less: Long-term borrowings,	current portion			(88,382)		
	•			\$ 12,644,242		

Decem	ber	31,	2022

Type of loans	Period	Credit line	Interest rate	Amount
Mid-term syndicated loans	2021.7.29	\$ 12,000,000	1.8317%	\$ 6,400,000
(note A)	~2026.7.29		~1.9543%	
Mid-term syndicated loans	2022.6.27		1.8541%	
(note A)	~2027.6.27	24,000,000	~5.3594%	11,213,000
Mid-term borrowings	2020.4.28			
(United Overseas Bank)	~2025.4.27	91,520	2%	31,525
Mid-term borrowings	2020.5.27			
(United Overseas Bank)	~2025.5.26	114,400	2%	65,580
Mid-term borrowings	2020.6.24			
(DBS Bank Ltd.)	~2025.6.23	22,880	2%	8,841
Mid-term borrowings	2021.4.5			
(United Overseas Bank)	~2026.4.4	114,400	2%	67,503
				\$ 17,786,449

A. As stipulated in the syndicated loan agreement:

- (a) Credit period: 5 years after the date of first drawdown of any credit line.
- (b) Drawdown period: The day before 5 years after the date of first drawdown. However,

maturity date of each borrowing shall not exceed the credit period. The borrower may apply for re-utilisation within the credit period 5 years after the date of first drawdown according to the capital situation. However, each drawdown must be fully repaid before the expiry of the credit period.

- (c) Financial commitment: The borrower's consolidated financial statements shall maintain the following financial ratios and regulations:
 - i. Liquidity ratio: Shall be at least 100%.
 - ii. Net debt ratio: Shall be no more than 250%.
 - iii. Interest coverage ratio shall be at least 200%.

The abovementioned financial ratios are reviewed semi-annually.

- B. On August 2, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to sign a syndicated loan agreement with a financial institution amounting to \$20 billion. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has not yet drawdown the loan. As stipulated in the syndicated loan agreement, the Company's liquidity ratio shall be at least 100%, net debt ratio shall be no more than 280% and interest coverge ratio shall be at least 200%.
- C. The Group's financial ratios in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 have met the required covenants under the abovementioned borrowing contract.
- D. The Group's liquidity risk is provided in Note 12.

(16) Pensions

A. Defined benefit pension plan

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Group would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Group will make contributions for the deficit by next March.
- (b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2023	De	cember 31, 2022
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	223,995	\$	219,430
Fair value of plan assets	(165,099)	(160,589)
Net defined benefit liability	\$	58,896	\$	58,841
Shown as 'other non-current assets'	\$	7,806	\$	7,395
Shown as 'other non-current liabilities'	\$	66,702	\$	66,236

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are as follows:

	Present value of			ir value of		
	defi	ined benefit		plan		et defined
	ol	bligations	assets		bene	efit liability
Year ended December 31, 2023						
Balance at January 1	\$	219,430	\$	160,589	\$	58,841
Current service cost		1,624		-		1,624
Interest (expense) income		2,892		2,122		770
		223,946		162,711		61,235
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in						
interest income or expense)		-		594	(594)
Change in financial assumptions		1,918		-		1,918
Experience adjustments		791				791
		2,709		594		2,115
Pension fund contribution		-		4,454	(4,454)
Paid pension	(2,660)	(2,660)		<u>-</u>
Balance at December 31	\$	223,995	\$	165,099	\$	58,896

	Present value of		Fa	ir value of			
	def	ined benefit	plan		Net defined		
	O	bligations		assets	bene	efit liability	
Year ended December 31, 2022							
Balance at January 1	\$	205,472	\$	149,497	\$	55,975	
Current service cost		1,237		-		1,237	
Interest (expense) income		1,437		1,046		391	
		208,146		150,543		57,603	
Remeasurements:							
Return on plan assets							
(excluding amounts included in							
interest income or expense)		-		11,092	(11,092)	
Change in financial assumptions	(12,035)		-	(12,035)	
Experience adjustments		28,874		_		28,874	
		16,839		11,092		5,747	
Pension fund contribution		-		4,509	(4,509)	
Paid pension	(5,555)	(<u>5,555</u>)		<u> </u>	
Balance at December 31	\$	219,430	\$	160,589	\$	58,841	

- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being approved by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund, hence, the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.
- (e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Years ended December 31,					
	2023	2022				
Discount rate	1.2%~1.3%	1.3%~1.4%				
Future salary increases	3%	3%				

Assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in each territory.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Discou	nt rate	Future salary increases			
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease		
	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%		
<u>December 31, 2023</u>						
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$ 4,286</u>)	<u>\$ 4,410</u>	\$ 3,769	(<u>\$ 3,688</u>)		
<u>December 31, 2022</u>						
Effect on present value of defined benefit obligation	(<u>\$ 4,573</u>)	<u>\$4,714</u>	<u>\$ 4,083</u>	(<u>\$ 3,987</u>)		

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2024 amount to \$4,337.
- (g) As of December 31, 2023, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is $8 \sim 12$ years.

B. Defined contribution pension plan

- (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China have a defined contribution plan in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC). These companies contribute monthly an amount based on 14%~16% of the employees' monthly salaries based on the employees' domiciles to their independent funds administered by the government. For the subsidiaries in Hong Kong, these companies and its employees each contribute monthly an amount equal to 5% of the employees' monthly salaries pursuant to the legislation in Hong Kong. Each fund is managed by the government. Except for the

- monthly contribution, these companies have no other obligation.
- (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$463,340 and \$317,922, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

A. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

			Vesting
Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	conditions
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.1.13	2,992	(a) and (b)
		thousand shares	
Employee stock options	2021.3.18	12,000	(c)
		thousand shares	
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.7.28	2,788	(a) and (b)
		thousand shares	
Employee stock options	2022.1.6	18,854	(c)
		thousand shares	

- (a) The vesting percentage for the employee who has rendered service to the Company since the grant date and achieves the performance condition is 25% each year.
- (b) The issued employee restricted shares before meeting the vesting conditions are subject to certain restrictions as follows:
 - i. Employee restricted shares cannot be sold, pledged, transferred, donated to others, set purposes or disposed in any other ways, except for inheritance.
 - ii. The rights to attend, propose, speak and vote at the shareholders meeting are the same as the issued common stock of the Company and are implemented in accordance with the trust custody contract.
 - iii. Other rights including but not limited to dividends, distribution rights of legal reserve and capital surplus and share options of cash capital increase, etc. are the same as the Company's issued common stock, do not need to be kept in trust and are not restricted by the vesting period. Employees are required to return the unvested stocks but not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period.
- (c) Employees can exercise 50%, 25% and 25% of their option after 2 years, 3 years and 4 years from the grant date of employee stock options, respectively.
- B. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

						Expected						
				E	excise	price	Expected		Risk-free	F	air value	
Type of		Sto	ck price		price	volatility	option life	Expected	interest	r	er unit	
arrangement	Grant date	(in	dollars)	(in	dollars)	(%)	(years)	dividends	rate (%)	(in	dollars)	
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.1.13	\$	42.05	\$	-	-	4	-	-	\$	42.0	05
Employee stock options	2021.3.18	\$	46.80	\$	46.80	18.44~ 18.46	4~5	-	0.31~ 0.34		\$ 7.0983 \$ 8.130	
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.7.28	\$	61.20	\$	-	-	4	-	-	\$	58.00	11
Employee stock options	2022.1.6	\$	75.40	\$	75.40	21.06~ 22.66	3.5~4.5	-	0.55~ 0.62		\$ 13.2673 \$ 14.200	

C. Details of the stock options for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are disclosed as follows:

		2023								
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	Weighted-average remaining contractual period							
Options outstanding at January 1	30,148	\$ 58.58								
Options exercised	(4,550)	40.43								
Options forfeited	(671)	62.00								
Options outstanding at December 31	24,927	57.77	3.07 years							
Options exercisable at December 31	1,295									
		2022								
	No. of options	Weighted-average exercise price	Weighted-average remaining							
Options outstanding	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	contractual period							
at January 1	11,940	\$ 46.80								
Options granted	18,854	75.40								
Options forfeited	(646)	62.22								
Options outstanding at December 31	30,148	58.58	4.09 years							

- D. The weighted-average stock price of stock options was \$76.06 (in dollars) for the year ended December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2022, the Group had no exercisable stock options.
- E. Details of the employee restricted shares for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are disclosed as follows:

		2023	2022
		No. of shares	No. of shares
		(in thousands)	(in thousands)
Shares outstanding at January 1		4,090	5,666
Shares redeemed at beginning of year			
but not yet retired		29	62
Shares vested	(1,342) (1,395)
Shares forfeited	(125) (214)
Shares redeemed, not yet forfeited	(_	<u> </u>	<u>29</u>)
Shares outstanding at December 31	_	2,638	4,090

F. Compensation cost of share-based payment of \$297,110 and \$222,571 was recognised for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(18) Share capital

As of December 31, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$20,000,000, including partial preferred stocks, consisting of 2 billion shares (including 300 million shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$10,223,017 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Common stock

A. Movements in the number of the Company's common stock (including certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds) outstanding are as follows:

	2023	2022
	Shares (in thousands)	Shares (in thousands)
At January 1	883,530	802,857
Employee stock options exercised	4,550	-
Cancellation of employee restricted shares	(125)	(214)
Issuance of shares - Global depositary receipts	-	78,000
Shares converted from bonds		2,887
At December 31	887,955	883,530

B. For the year ended December 31, 2022, all convertible bonds of the Company have been converted into 41,174 thousand common stocks. Convertible bonds amounting to \$77,100 in total par value have been requested for conversion into 2,887 thousand common stock.

- C. For the year ended December 31, 2023, employees of the Company exercised employee stock options, which have been converted into 4,550 thousand common stocks. There are still 654 thousand common stocks which were recorded under 'certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds' because the change in registration has not yet been completed as of December 31, 2023.
- D. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has retrieved 125 thousand and 214 thousand of employee restricted shares, respectively, for not satisfying vesting conditions, and the Company cancelled and retired the shares in accordance with the regulations.
- E. On September 28, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved to increase the Company's capital by issuing 135 million new shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. The effective date of capital injection was January 9, 2024. As of February 16, 2024, the capital injection had been registered but not yet approved by the regulatory authority. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has received \$5,423,396 which was recorded as 'advance receipts for share capital'.

Global depositary receipts

On February 24, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to increase capital by issuing common stock to participate in the issuance of the global depositary receipts for the repayment of the principal of bank borrowing in foreign currency and overseas procurement. The capital increase was approved by the Financial Supervisory Committee on March 25, 2022 and 15,600 thousand units of global depositary receipts were issued at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange on April 22, 2022 at a price of USD12.18 (in dollars) per unit. The global depositary receipts represented 78,000 thousand shares of the Company's common stock. The amount after deducting issuance cost was USD186,792 thousand (NT\$5,455,260 thousand). Each unit of the global depositary receipts represents 5 shares of the Company's common stocks. As of December 31, 2023, there were no global depositary receipts in circulation.

Preferred stock

On July 2, 2020, the Board of Directors resolved to increase the Company's capital in the amount of \$6,750,000 by issuing 135 million shares of Class A preferred stocks with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share issued at \$50 (in dollars) per share. The capital injection was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission on July 29, 2020, and the effective date was set on October 15, 2020. The rights and obligations of these outstanding preferred stocks are as follows:

A. Expiration date: The Company's Class A preferred stocks are perpetual. The shareholders of Class A preferred stocks cannot request the Company to retire the preferred stocks they hold but all or certain parts are callable at any time from the next day of five years after issuance at the actual issue price. The outstanding Class A preferred stocks sustained all the rights and obligations specified in the issuance terms. Dividends payable as of the redemption date shall be calculated based on the actual outstanding days if the Board of Directors resolved to distribute the current year's dividends.

- B. Dividends: Dividends are calculated at 4% per annum, consisting of five-year IRS rate of 0.6125% on pricing effective date (August 17, 2020) and specific markup of 3.3875%, based on the issue price per share. The five-year IRS rate will be reset on the next business day of five years since issuance and every subsequent five years and the pricing effective date for rate reset is two business days in Taipei financial industry prior to the IRS rate reset date. The rate index, five-year IRS rate, is the arithmetic mean of five-year IRS rates appearing on Refinitiv pages "PYTWDFIX" and "COSMOS3" at 11:00 a.m. (Taipei time) on the relevant pricing effective date of rate reset. If such rate cannot be obtained, the Company will determine the rate based on the reasonable market price with good faith.
- C. Dividend distribution: Dividends of Class A preferred stocks are distributed once per year in the form of cash. The effective date for distributing previous year's distributable dividends will be set by the Board of Directors or the chairman who is authorised by the Board of Directors. Dividend distributions in the years of issuance and redemption are calculated based on the actual outstanding days. The current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating deficit and then set aside as legal reserve. Special reserve shall be set aside or reversed as required by regulations or the Competent Authority when necessary. The remainder, if any in the current year, can be distributed as dividends of preferred stocks in first priority.

The Company has discretion in dividend distribution of Class A preferred stocks. The Company could choose not to distribute dividends of preferred stocks when resolved by the Board of Directors, which would not lead to default if the Company has no or has insufficient current year's earnings for distribution or has other considerations. In addition, the amounts of undistributed dividends or insufficient distributed dividends will not be deferred to future years when the Company has earnings.

- D. Excess dividend distribution: Besides the aforementioned dividends, the shareholders of Class A preferred stocks could not participate in the distribution of cash and capitalised assets for common shares derived from earnings and capital surplus.
- E. Residual property distribution: The shareholders of Class A preferred stocks have priority over shareholders of common stocks in distributing the Company's residual properties and have the same priority with other preferred stockholders of the Company, but behind the general creditor. In addition, the limit is the amount calculated by shares of outstanding preferred stocks issued and the issue price when distributing.
- F. Right to vote and be elected: The shareholders of Class A preferred stocks have no right to vote and be elected as directors in the common stock holders' meeting of the Company but have the right to vote in the shareholders' meeting only when there are unfavourable matters to rights and obligations of shareholders of Class A preferred stocks.
- G. Conversion to common shares: Class A preferred stocks could not be converted to common shares.

- H. The preemptive rights for shareholders of Class A preferred stocks are the same as of common shareholders when the Company increases its capital by issuing new shares.
- I. Capital surplus arising from premium issuance of Class A preferred stocks can be used to offset against accumulated deficit but cannot be capitalised during the issuance period.

(19) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further to the above considerations, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient. Changes in capital surplus are as follows:

					2023			
	Share premium		Employee stock options		Restricted stocks to employees	Net change in equity of associates and subsidiaries		Total
At January 1	\$ 24,968,223	\$	154,122	\$	160,354	\$ 11,410	\$	25,294,109
Vesting of employee restricted shares Cancellation of	53,188		-	(53,188)	-		-
employee restricted shares Changes in restricted	-		-		1,240	-		1,240
stocks to employees	-		-	(3,531)	-	(3,531)
Employee stock options exercised	170,738	(32,297)		-	-		138,441
Compensation cost of share-based								
payments			250,415		<u> </u>	- _	_	250,415
At December 31	\$ 25,192,149	\$	372,240	\$	104,875	\$ 11,410	\$	25,680,674

				2022		
	Share premium	Employee stock options	Stock options	Restricted stocks to employees	Net change in equity of associates	Total
At January 1	\$ 20,187,420	\$ 26,636	\$ 2,426	\$ 216,886	\$ 11,410	\$ 20,444,778
Issuance of shares - Global depositary						
receipts	4,675,260	-	-	-	-	4,675,260
Conversion of convertible bonds	50,186	-	(2,426)	-	-	47,760
Vesting of employee restricted shares	55,357	-	-	(55,357)	-	· -
Cancellation of employee						
restricted shares	_	-	-	2,145	-	2,145
Changes in restricted				(2.220)		2 220
stocks to employees	-	-	-	(3,320)	-	(3,320)
Compensation cost						
of share-based payments		127,486				127,486
At December 31	\$ 24,968,223	\$ 154,122	\$ -	\$ 160,354	\$ 11,410	\$ 25,294,109

(20) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay taxes and offset accumulated losses; and set aside a legal reserve at 10% of such remaining earnings, until the accumulated legal reserve has equaled the total paid-in capital of the Company; then, set aside a special reserve in accordance with applicable laws or regulations of the competent authority. Residual earnings (distributable earnings in the current year) plus undistributed earnings at the beginning of the period is the accumulated retained earnings, which shall first be distributed as dividends to holders of Preferred Stocks, and distribution of such earnings shall submitted by the Board of Directors to the shareholders' meeting for approval.
- B. In accordance with Article 240 of the Company Act, the Board of Directors is authorised, upon resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, to distribute dividends and bonus of all or part of the legal reserve and capital surplus in the form of cash based on the regulations specified in Article 241 of the Company Act which shall be reported to the shareholders during their meeting. Said distribution is not subject to the regulation which requires that the distribution shall be resolved by the shareholders during their meeting.
- C. The Company's dividend policy is regulated by the Board of Directors taking into consideration the Company's operations, future investment plans, capital budget and internal/external situations. As the Company is in the growth stage, most of retained earnings will be used to support business development and investment requirements and consequently, the minimum cash dividend and extra dividend policy is adopted by the Company. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below:

At least 40% of the Company's earnings shall be appropriated as stock dividends and cash dividends, taking into account profits in the future and capital needs, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed. In the event the total earnings appropriation exceeds 30% of the Company's paid-in capital before appropriation, cash dividends shall account for at least 20% of the total dividends distributed.

- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the balance of the reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- F. According to the resolutions adopted by the shareholders during their meetings in May 2023 and May 2022, the distribution information of the Company's 2022 and 2021 earnings, respectively, is as follows:

	 Years ended December 31,								
	2022				2021				
	Amount		Dividends per share in dollars)		Amount		Dividends per share (in dollars)		
Legal reserve	\$ 768,307			\$	865,516				
Special reserve	1,564,387				-				
Dividends on									
preferred stock	270,000	\$	2.000		270,000	\$	2.000		
Cash dividends of									
common stockholders	 3,812,065		4.300	_	4,431,032		5.500		
	\$ 6,414,759			\$	5,566,548				

Information on the appropriation of the Company's earnings as approved by the shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(21) Other equity items

	(]	Unrealised losses) gains on valuation		Currency ranslation	Others		Total
At January 1, 2023	(\$	891,781)	\$	673,456	(\$ 1,346,062)	(\$	51,564,387)
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments:	` '	, ,		,	· , , , , ,		, , ,
GroupDisposals reclassified as		11,229,333		-	-		11,229,333
retained earnings	(59,113)		-	-	(59,113)
Currency translation differences:							
– Group		-	(309,977)	-	(309,977)
Associates		-	(116)	-	(116)
Changes in employee restricted shares		_		_	3,531		3,531
Increase in redemption liability					5,551		0,001
recognised as other equity		-		-	253,073		253,073
Compensation cost of					16 605		16 605
share-based payments	Φ	10 279 420	Φ	262 262	46,695	<u>_</u>	46,695
At December 31, 2023	<u> </u>	10,278,439	\$	363,363	(<u>\$ 1,042,763</u>)	<u> </u>	59,599,039
		Unrealised					
		' (1)					
	_	ains (losses)		Currency	0.4		TD 4 1
1.000	_(on valuation	_t	ranslation	Others	_	Total
At January 1, 2022	_(on valuation	_t	ranslation	Others (\$ 177,282)	\$	Total 6 6,736,238
At January 1, 2022 Valuation adjustment on equity instruments:	_(on valuation	_t	ranslation		\$	
Valuation adjustment on	\$	on valuation	_t	ranslation			
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates	\$	on valuation 10,591,772	_t	ranslation			66,736,238
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	_t	ranslation			66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499)
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891)	_t	ranslation			6 6,736,238 11,413,891)
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences:	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)			66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163)
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	(\$ 177,282) - - -		66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163) 4,353,838
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group - Associates	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	(\$ 177,282) - - -		66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163)
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group - Associates Issuance of employee restricted shares	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	(\$ 177,282) - - -		66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163) 4,353,838
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group - Associates Issuance of employee restricted shares Redemption liability recognised	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	- - - - 3,320	()	56,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163) 4,353,838 2,130) 3,320
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group - Associates Issuance of employee restricted shares Redemption liability recognised as other equity	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	- - - -	()	56,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163) 4,353,838 2,130) 3,320
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group - Associates Issuance of employee restricted shares Redemption liability recognised as other equity Compensation cost of	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	(\$ 177,282) 3,320 (1,267,083)	()	66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163) 4,353,838 2,130) 3,320 1,267,083)
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments: - Group - Associates Disposals reclassified as retained earnings Currency translation differences: - Group - Associates Issuance of employee restricted shares Redemption liability recognised as other equity	\$	on valuation 10,591,772 11,413,891) 12,499)	<u>t</u> (\$?	ranslation 3,678,252)	- - - - 3,320	()	66,736,238 11,413,891) 12,499) 57,163) 4,353,838 2,130) 3,320 1,267,083) 94,983

(22) Non-controlling interests

		2023		2022
At January 1	\$	868,976	\$	92,443
Share attributable to non-controlling interest:				
Loss for the year	(33,308)	(30,759)
Increase in non-controlling interests		3,766		798,563
Cash dividends paid		-	(588)
Comprehensive income (loss) for the year:				
Exchange differences on translation of				
foreign financial statements	(2,059)		9,904
Unrealised loss from financial assets at				
fair value through other comprehensive income	(<u>506</u>)	(<u>587</u>)
At December 31	\$	836,869	\$	868,976

- A. The Company's subsidiary, Brillnics Inc., increased its capital and employees of Brillnics Inc. exercised employee stock options, which resulted to an increase in the non-controlling interest. Refer to Note 4(3) for details.
- B. Refer to Note 4(3) for the details of transactions with non-controlling interest resulting from the capital increase of the Company's subsidiary, Nuvision Technology Inc., at March 31, 2023.
- C. The Company's subsidiary, WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd., increased its non-controlling interest resulting from the capital increase in September 2022.

(23) Operating revenue

		Years ended	Decer	mber 31,
Contract revenue		2023		2022
Sales of electronic components	\$	593,682,568	\$	570,475,062
Services revenue		668,302		525,422
Other operating revenue		167,943		196,634
	<u>\$</u>	594,518,813	\$	571,197,118

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time and services over time in the following major products:

	Year ended December 31, 2023				
	Grea	ter China Region		Others	Total
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time					
Application-Specific Standard					
Product-Wireless Connectivity	\$	172,725,927	\$	2,535,033	\$ 175,260,960
Application-Specific Standard					
Product-Wired Connectivity		88,829,114		5,963,357	94,792,471
Analog		81,594,005		10,554,942	92,148,947
Application-Specific Integrated					
Circuit		79,548,998		1,403,620	80,952,618
Microcomponents		33,779,138		10,321,728	44,100,866
Memory		20,875,653		11,324,204	32,199,857
Application-Specific Standard					
Product-Others		22,850,671		4,968,908	27,819,579
Discrete		13,729,237		2,323,766	16,053,003
Optoelectronics		11,823,642		821,353	12,644,995
Others		12,564,068		5,313,147	17,877,215
Over time					
Services		668,302		<u> </u>	668,302
	\$	538,988,755	\$	55,530,058	\$ 594,518,813

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Grea	nter China Region		Others	 Total
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time					
Application-Specific Standard					
Product-Wireless Connectivity	\$	186,141,595	\$	1,665,676	\$ 187,807,271
Analog		92,295,124		7,790,603	100,085,727
Application-Specific Standard					
Product-Wired Connectivity		74,015,004		16,115,924	90,130,928
Memory		37,545,081		3,675,538	41,220,619
Microcomponents		33,535,654		6,763,559	40,299,213
Application-Specific Standard					
Product-Others		29,307,485		2,950,916	32,258,401
Application-Specific Integrated					
Circuit		8,388,556		20,320,337	28,708,893
Optoelectronics		16,312,138		842,715	17,154,853
Discrete		14,421,078		1,982,387	16,403,465
Others		13,196,564		3,405,762	16,602,326
Over time					
Services		525,422	_	<u>-</u>	 525,422
	\$	505,683,701	\$	65,513,417	\$ 571,197,118

In order to comply with the semiconductor industry, the Group disclosed revenue amount of major products by reference to semiconductor component classification of Gartner Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

B. The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities provisions for estimated sales discounts:

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Jan	uary 1, 2022
Refund liabilities -sales discounts and returns	<u>\$</u>	1,127,279	\$	778,605	\$	658,325
Contract liabilities -advance sales receipts	<u>\$</u>	1,461,903	<u>\$</u>	904,038	<u>\$</u>	373,803

C. Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

		Years ended	Decemb	per 31,
		2023		2022
Revenue recognised that was included		_		
in the contract liability balance at the				
beginning of the year	\$	377,193	\$	207,554
(24) <u>Interest income</u>				
		Years ended	Decemb	per 31,
		2023		2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	150,773	\$	38,772
Other interest income		841		264
	\$	151,614	\$	39,036
(25) Other income				
		Years ended	Decemb	per 31,
		2023		2022
Dividend income	\$	436,092	\$	339,705
Grant revenue		89,355		52,488
Other income		68,683		29,289
	\$	594,130	\$	421,482
(26) Other gains and losses				
		Years ended	Decemb	per 31.
		2023		2022
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	\$	-	(\$	15,487)
Foreign exchange loss, net	(45,839)		413,746)
Gain on financial assets and liabilities				
at fair value through profit or loss		235,377		598,787
Other losses	(41,243)	(40,252)
	\$	148,295	\$	129,302
(27) <u>Finance costs</u>				
		Years ended	Decemb	ner 31
		2023	Decem	2022
Interest expense:				
Bank borrowings	\$	2,207,355	\$	1,411,394
Others	*	46,523	Ŧ	25,379
Financing charges on accounts receivable factoring		1,563,328		949,356
Other finance costs		62,831		59,385
	\$	3,880,037	\$	2,445,514

(28) Expenses by nature

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Employee benefit expense	<u>\$</u>	5,899,371	\$	5,023,129		
Depreciation	<u>\$</u>	448,487	\$	380,125		
Amortisation	<u>\$</u>	107,214	\$	57,888		

(29) Employee benefit expense

	Years ended December 31,					
		2023		2022		
Employee benefit expense						
Wages and salaries	\$	4,946,823	\$	4,249,899		
Labour and health insurance fees		149,165		146,734		
Pension costs		465,734		319,550		
Other personnel expenses		337,649		306,946		
Total (shown as 'Operating expenses')	\$	5,899,371	\$	5,023,129		

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation was accrued at \$43,600 and \$87,500, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$26,571 and \$35,000, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2023 and 2022 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in profit or loss for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Current tax:					
Current tax on profit for the year	\$	727,319	\$	2,313,558	
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		63,616		154,694	
Prior year income tax under (over)					
estimation		121	(602)	
Total current tax		791,056		2,467,650	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences		425,475	(156,872)	
Total deferred tax		425,475	(156,872)	
Income tax expense	\$	1,216,531	\$	2,310,778	
(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to con	nponer	nts of other comp	rehensi	ve income is as	
follows:	-	-			
		2023		2022	
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	\$	423	\$	1,150	
B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and a	ccount	ing profit			
		2023		2022	
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate	\$	1,928,473	\$	3,065,295	
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation	(775,679)	(908,609)	
Tax on undistributed earnings		63,616		154,694	
Prior year income tax under (over) estimation		121	(602)	
Income tax expense	\$	1,216,531	\$	2,310,778	

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2023 Recognised					
		Reco	gnised	in other	Effect of	•
		in 1	profit con	mprehensive	exchange	;
	January 1	or	loss	income	rate	December 31
—Deferred tax assets:						
Allowance for sales	\$ 506,4	53 (\$	66,237) \$		(\$	14) \$ 440,202
returns and discounts Allowance for	\$ 500,4	22 (p	00,237) \$	-	(φ	14) \$ 440,202
doubtful accounts	31,4	06	1,523	-	(20	09) 32,720
Reserve for inventory						
obsolescence and	267,0	15	15,398		24	65 282,808
market price decline Others	273,3		201,080)	462		83 73,115
Others	\$ 1,078,2		250,396) \$	462	·	25 \$ 828,845
Deferred tax liabilities:	Ψ 1,070,2	<u>υι</u> (<u>Ψ</u>	<u>σος συσ</u> υση <u>ψ</u>	102	Ψ 34	<u>φ 020,013</u>
Foreign investment						
income using						
equity method			129,996) \$	-	\$	- (\$ 966,234)
Others		<u>19</u>) (45,083) (39)		<u>-</u> (<u>65,641</u>)
	(<u>\$ 856,7</u>	<u>57</u>) (<u>\$</u>	175,079) (<u>\$</u>	39)	\$	<u>-</u> (<u>\$1,031,875</u>)
			Voor andod	Dagambar 21	2022	
	Year ended December 31, 2022 Acquisition Recognised					
		from	Recognised			t of
		business	in profit	comprehe		
	January 1	combination	or loss	incom	e rate	e December 31
-Deferred tax assets:						
Allowance for sales	Φ 405 500	Φ	Ф. 20. 020	ф	ф	15 0 506 450
returns and discounts Allowance for	\$ 485,508	\$ -	\$ 20,930	\$	- \$	15 \$ 506,453
doubtful accounts	27,666	-	3,641		_	99 31,406
Reserve for inventory						
obsolescence and	225 160		41 024			50 065 045
market price decline	225,169	- 2 707	41,824		-	52 267,045
Others	63,568	2,787	203,889		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\frac{610}{273,350}$
Defense Long Palitica	<u>\$ 801,911</u>	\$ 2,787	\$ 270,284	\$ 2,	<u>,496</u> \$	<u>776</u> \$1,078,254
Deferred tax liabilities:Foreign investment						
income using						
equity method	(\$ 660,794)	\$ -	(\$ 175,444) \$	- \$	- (\$ 836,238)
Others	(<u>81,205</u>)	_	62,032		,346)	<u>-</u> (<u>20,519</u>)
	(/	-	02,032			(

The information on deferred tax assets acquired through business combinations for the year ended December 31, 2022 is provided in Note 6(32).

- D. The Company has assessed that the taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Company did not recognise the full amount as deferred tax liabilities. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the temporary differences that were not recognised as deferred tax liabilities were \$4,052,497 and \$3,856,689, respectively.
- E. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- F. The Group has applied the exception to the requirements to recognise and disclose information on deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.
- G. The Group's exposure to Pillar Two income taxes arising from the Pillar Two legislation is as follows:

The Group is within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). The Pillar Two legislation was enacted in South Korea, Japan and Vietnam, and will take effect from January 1, 2024. For companies incorporated in Singapore, the Pillar Two legislation has yet to be enacted and is expected to take effect from January 1, 2025. The Group has no related current tax exposure as of December 31, 2023.

Under the Pillar Two legislation, the Group is liable to pay a top-up tax for the difference between its GloBE effective tax rate per jurisdiction and the 15% minimum rate. The Group is in the process of assessing its exposure to the Pillar Two legislation when it becomes effective. This assessment indicates that for companies registered in South Korea, Japan, Vietnam and Singapore, the average effective tax rate based on accounting profit is 15% for the year ended December 31, 2023. Due to the complexities in applying the legislation and calculating GloBE income as well as the impact of specific adjustments envisaged in the Pillar Two legislation which give rise to different effective tax rates compared to those calculated in accordance with IAS 12, the Group is currently evaluating the relevant matters in applying the legislation.

The Group has applied the amendments to IAS 12, 'Income tax' issued on May 23, 2023 and applied the exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

(31) Earnings per share

		Year ended December 31, 2023					
		Weighted average					
			number of				
			common stock	Earnings			
		Amount	outstanding (shares	per share			
		after tax	in thousands)	(in dollars)			
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$	4,012,142					
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)					
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	\$	3,742,142	883,169	\$ 4.24			
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$	4,012,142					
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)					
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share		3,742,142	883,169				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential							
common stock:							
Restricted stocks to employees		-	2,567				
Employee stock options		-	11,592				
Employees' compensation		<u>-</u>	581				
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share							
attributable to shareholders of the parent plus							
assumed conversion of all dilutive potential							
common stock	<u>\$</u>	3,742,142	897,909	<u>\$ 4.17</u>			

		Year ended December 31, 2022					
			Weighted average number of common stock	Ea	arnings		
		Amount	outstanding (shares	•	r share		
		after tax	in thousands)	(in	dollars)		
Basic earnings per share							
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$	7,631,123					
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)					
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	\$	7,361,123	855,236	\$	8.61		
Diluted earnings per share							
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$	7,631,123					
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)					
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share		7,361,123	855,236				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential common stock:							
Conversion of convertible bonds		1	41				
Restricted stocks to employees		-	3,255				
Employee stock options		-	2,426				
Employees' compensation			1,589				
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential							
common stock	\$	7,361,124	862,547	\$	8.53		

(32) Business combination

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's mergers are as follows:

- A. On September 14, 2023, the Company's audit committee and Board of Directors resolved to enter into a definitive agreement for the acquisition of all the shares of Future Electronics Inc. The trading counterparty is Alonim Investments Inc. The transfer price of all the shares of Future Electronics Inc. is estimated to be US\$3.8 billion (approximately NT\$121,524,000 thousand) and will be adjusted in accordance with the contract. As of December 31, 2023, the Company has not yet received all the approvals from the Investment Commission of the respective countries. The transaction is expected to be completed after receiving all the necessary approvals.
- B. The Group acquired all the equity interest of Leader's Technology Co., Ltd. ("LEADER Company"):
 - (a) The Company's subsidiary, Analogworld Co., Ltd., acquired all the equity interest of LEADER Company in May 2023, and the effective date for the share conversion was set on May 3, 2023. LEADER Company is primarily engaged in the distribution and sales of electronic components with the Korea region as its primary market.

(b) The following table summarises the consideration paid for LEADER Company and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	May 3, 2023		
Purchase consideration		_	
Cash	\$	204,289	
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed			
Cash		4,983	
Accounts receivable		189,005	
Other receivables		17,787	
Inventories		298,853	
Other current assets		21,411	
Property, plant and equipment		6,591	
Other non-current assets		2,444	
Short-term borrowings	(183,102)	
Accounts payable	(126,813)	
Other payables	(20,535)	
Current income tax liabilities	(12,090)	
Other current liabilities	(8,246)	
Long-term loans	(1,485)	
Other non-current liabilities	(35,382)	
Total identifiable net assets		153,421	
Fair value of the identifiable net assets-customer relationship		50,868	
Goodwill	\$	_	

- (c) The operating revenue and loss before income tax included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since May 3, 2023 contributed by LEADER Company was \$635,892 and \$17,830, respectively. Had LEADER Company been consolidated from January 1, 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2023 would show operating revenue of \$594,835,555 and profit before income tax of \$5,227,184.
- (d) As of December 31, 2023, the allocation of the purchase price of the combination is still in process, and the Company has hired experts to assess the fair value of the identifiable assets.
- C. The Group acquired all the equity interest of Excelpoint Technology Ltd. ("EXCELPOINT Company"):
 - (a) The Company's subsidiary, WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("WT SEMICON-DUCTOR") acquired all the equity interest of EXCELPOINT Company in cash in the amount of \$4,039,385 thousand (US\$132,591 thousand) in April 2022. Further, the CEO of EXCELPOINT Company, Mr. Albert Pthuay, sold his shares held in EXCELPOINT Company and acquired 20% equity interest in WT SEMICONDUCTOR. After the acquisition, the Company and Mr. Albert Pthuay held 80% and 20% equity interest in WT SEMICONDUCTOR, respectively, and the effective date for the share conversion was set on September 6, 2022.

- (b) EXCELPOINT Company is primarily engaged in the distribution and sales of various electronic components. The purpose of the combination is to strengthen the expansion of the business through the complementary product lines of the two parties, provide customers with a wider range of product solutions and technical support services and enhance the Group's distribution capabilities in the Asia-Pacific region.
- (c) The following table summarises the consideration paid for EXCELPOINT Company and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	Sept	September 6, 2022	
Purchase consideration			
Cash	\$	4,039,385	
Fair values of non-controlling interests		791,053	
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed			
Cash		1,006,354	
Accounts receivable		6,353,669	
Other receivables		92,040	
Inventories		8,732,481	
Other current assets		13,806	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		147,435	
Property, plant and equipment		91,561	
Right-of-use assets		151,445	
Intangible assets		20,182	
Deferred income tax assets		2,787	
Other non-current assets		22,907	
Short-term borrowings	(4,760,586)	
Contract liabilities	(369,522)	
Accounts payable	(6,674,542)	
Other payables	(762,407)	
Current income tax liabilities	(159,537)	
Lease liabilities - current	(82,481)	
Refund liabilities	(90,309)	
Long-term loans	(171,128)	
Lease liabilities -non-current	(77,738)	
Total identifiable net assets		3,486,417	
Fair value of the identifiable net assets-customer relationship		468,846	
Goodwill	\$	875,175	

(d) The operating revenue and loss before income tax included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since September 6, 2022 contributed by EXCELPOINT Company was \$13,347,437 and \$110,730, respectively. Had EXCELPOINT Company been consolidated from January 1, 2022, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$604,229,581 and profit before income tax of \$10,376,556.

(33) Supplemental cash flow information

Cash paid during the year

A. Cash paid for property, plant and equipment:

		Years ended	Decen	ecember 31,		
		2023		2022		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	452,717	\$	99,390		
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment Ending balance of prepayments for		770		24,780		
business facilities		1,091		223,501		
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment Opening balance of prepayments for	(2,772)	(770)		
business facilities	(223,501)	(36,457)		
Effect of foreign exchange	(<u>7</u>)		8		
Cash paid during the year	\$	228,298	\$	310,452		
B. Cash paid for business combinations:						
		Years ended	Decen	nber 31,		
		2023		2022		
Current assets	\$	532,039	\$	16,198,350		
Property, plant and equipment		6,591		91,561		
Goodwill		-		875,175		
Acquired identifiable intangible assets		50,868		489,028		
Other non-current assets		2,444		324,574		
Current liabilities	(350,786)	(12,899,384)		
Non-current liabilities	(36,867)	(248,866)		
Fair value of assets acquired and						
liabilities assumed		204,289		4,830,438		
Adjustment of contingent consideration		-		1,996		
Add: Opening balance of payable						
for investment		-		6,100		
Acquired cash from business	,	4 000	,	1 006 254		
combinations	(4,983)	(1,006,354)		
Non-controlling interests			(791,053)		
Cash paid during the year	\$	199,306	<u>\$</u>	3,041,127		
C. Financing activities with no cash flow effects						
Convertible bonds payable						
		Years ended	Decen	nber 31,		
		2023		2022		
Conversion of bonds payable	\$	-	\$	28,876		
Capital surplus of bonds payable conversion		-		47,760		
Conversion of convertible bonds payable		_	(76,636)		

D. Transactions with non-controlling interest

Acquisition of equit	y of su	bsidiary		\$		1,7	86 \$		
(34) Changes in liabilities f	rom fin	nancing activit	ies						
		Long-term nd short-term rowings (Note)		Short-ter notes ar	ıd		ease bility	a	Liabilities from financing ctivities-gross
At January 1, 2023 Changes in cash flow from	\$	56,127,005	\$			\$	584,132	\$	57,760,523
financing activities Impact of changes in	(23,489,056) (716	,769)	(279,375)	(24,485,200)
foreign exchange rate Interest expense	(268,064)		-	(33,793)	(301,857)
from amortisation Increase in		-		17	,231		-		17,231
lease liability Acquired from business		-			-		447,656		447,656
combinations At December 31, 2023	\$	184,587 32,554,472	\$	340	,848	\$	718,620	\$	184,587 33,622,940
At December 31, 2023					,040	Ψ	710,020	Ψ	Liabilities
	and	ong-term short-term vings (Note)	no	ort-term otes and s payable		Bonds ble (Note)	Lease liability		from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2022 Changes in cash flow from				,049,454	\$	76,635	\$440,11	_	\$43,814,316
financing activities Impact of changes in		9,120,293 (1,	,010,053)		-	(235,46	7)	7,874,773
foreign exchange rate Interest expense		826,890		-		-	13,79	4	840,684
from amortisation Conversion of		-		9,985		1		-	9,986
convertible bonds Acquired from business		-		-	(76,636)			(76,636)
combinations Increase in		4,931,714		-		-	160,21		5,091,933
lease liability At December 31, 2022	\$ 5	6,127,005	\$ 1.	,049,386	\$		205,46 \$584,13		205,467 \$57,760,523

Years ended December 31,

2023

2022

Note: Including current portions of long-term loans and bonds payable.

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
JCD Optical Corporation Limited	Associate
Qwave Technology Co., Ltd.	Associate
WPG Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries	Entity with significant influence over the Group
ASUSTeK Computer Inc. and Subsidiaries	Entity with significant influence over the Group

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating revenue

	Years ended December 31,					
	2023			2022		
Sales of goods:						
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$	6,724,364	\$	4,938,756		
- Associates		2,035		1,841		
	\$	6,726,399	\$	4,940,597		

The collection terms with related parties were 30 to 120 days after the end of next month and the products were categorised and priced taking into consideration the inventory cost, market and other conditions.

B. Purchases

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023	2022		
Purchases of goods:					
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$	1,070,315	\$	1,675,354	
- Associates				6,585	
	\$	1,070,315	\$	1,681,939	

The credit term to related parties is 30 to 45 days after the end of next month and the purchase prices were categorised and priced taking into consideration the market prices and other conditions.

C. Receivables from related parties

	December 31, 2023		Decer	mber 31, 2022
Accounts receivable:				
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$	641,771	\$	533,247
- Associates		954		871
	\$	642,725	\$	534,118

D. Payables to related parties

December 31, 2023 December 31, 2022

Accounts payable:

- Entity with significant influence over the Group \$ 113,901 \$ 164,955

(3) Key management compensation

	Years ended December 31,				
		2023		2022	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	130,217	\$	185,380	
Post-employment benefits		773		1,044	
Share-based payment		21,367		33,132	
	\$	152,357	\$	219,556	

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The details of the Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

		Book value				
Pledged asset	Purpose	Decembe	er 31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022	
Other current assets:						
Bank deposits	Bid bond	\$	2,978	\$	2,979	

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u>

COMMITMENT

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. Outstanding letters of credit

The outstanding letters of credit for the purchase of inventories by the Group are as follows:

	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
Outstanding letters of credit	\$	9,432,143	\$	7,542,994		

B. Guarantee for customs duties

The total guarantee for customs duties is as follows:

	December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
Customs duties guarantee	\$	51,000	\$	45,000		

C. Regarding the commitments arising from the business combination, refer to Note 6(32) for details.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (1) On January 19, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors resolved the disposal of 4,500,000 common shares of Asmedia Technology Inc. with a share price of \$1,750 (in dollars) for a total consideration of \$7.875 billion.
- (2) Refer to Note 6(18)E for details.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the financial debt ratio. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities with interests divided by total net assets. Total liabilities with interest is calculated as total amount of long-term and short-term borrowings, short-term bills payable and corporate bonds payable in the consolidated balance sheet. Total equity is calculated as the 'equity' in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's strategy was to maintain the financial debt ratio below 250%.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	December 31, 2023		ember 31, 2022
<u>Financial assets</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$	397,151	\$	299,843
Financial assets designated as at fair value				
through profit or loss on initial recognition		5,778		4,501
	\$	402,929	\$	304,344
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Designation of equity instruments	\$	19,939,272	\$	9,139,705
Qualifying debt instruments		67,187,035		29,602,714
	\$	87,126,307	\$	38,742,419

	Dec	cember 31, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022
Financial assets at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,747,549	\$	5,383,254
Accounts receivable		44,449,615		54,965,402
Other receivables		5,550,957		2,237,030
Other financial assets				
(shown as 'other current assets')		549,058		59,087
Guarantee deposits paid				
(shown as 'other non-current assets')		333,160		318,260
	\$	73,630,339	\$	62,963,033
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit				
or loss				
Financial liabilities held for trading	\$	41,185	\$	11,372
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Short-term borrowings	\$	19,821,848	\$	38,340,556
Short-term notes and bills payable		349,848		1,049,386
Accounts payable		147,955,015		77,996,735
Other accounts payable		5,980,439		3,789,378
Long-term loans (including current portion)		12,732,624		17,786,449
Guarantee deposits received				
(shown as 'other non-current liabilities')		7,559		7,586
	\$	186,847,333	\$	138,970,090
Lease liability	\$	718,620	\$	584,132

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risks (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts, are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. In addition, foreign exchange risk is managed by matching the payment periods of foreign currency assets and liabilities.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk is provided in Note 6(2).

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB and KRW). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2023					
	Foreign		Sensiti	Sensitivity analysis		
	currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	
(Foreign currency:						
functional currency						
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	\$3,523,067	30.705	\$108,175,772	1%	\$1,081,758	
USD:KRW	20,922	1,289.4	642,410	1%	6,424	
USD:RMB	9,089	7.100	279,078	1%	2,791	
RMB:USD	38,124	0.141	164,879	1%	1,649	
Foreign operations						
USD:NTD	643,057	30.705	19,744,639			
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	3,538,818	30.705	108,659,407	1%	1,086,594	
USD:RMB	237,381	7.100	7,288,784	1%	72,888	
USD:KRW	34,913	1,289.4	1,072,004	1%	10,720	

	December 31, 2022						
	Foreign		Sensiti	vity analysis			
	currency			Degree	Effect		
	amount (in	Exchange	Book value	of	on profit		
	thousands)	rate	(NTD)	variation	or loss		
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	\$2,433,988	30.710	\$74,747,771	1%	\$ 747,478		
USD:KRW	15,021	1,267.30	461,295	1%	4,613		
USD:RMB	10,124	6.959	310,908	1%	3,109		
RMB:USD	34,948	0.144	154,233	1%	1,542		
Foreign operations							
USD:NTD	598,522	30.71	18,392,052				
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD:NTD	2,378,905	30.710	73,056,173	1%	730,562		

v. The total exchange loss, including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$45,839 and \$413,746, respectively.

6.959

27,018 1,267.30

7,312,143

829,723

1%

1%

73,121 8,297

238,103

Price risk

USD:RMB

USD:KRW

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is performed in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments comprise shares and beneficiary certificates issued by the domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,514 and \$2,435, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$199,393 and \$91,397, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings with variable rates and advance receipt of factoring accounts receivable, which expose the Group to cash flow

- interest rate risk. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in US Dollars.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. According to the contract, the borrowings are periodically reset. Therefore, the Group is exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 25 basis point with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would have decreased/increased by \$66,897 and \$118,615, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages its credit risk from the group's perspective. For banks and financial institutions, only approved by FSC are accepted to be transaction parties. According to the credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors through internal risk control. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. If the contract payments were past due over 90 days based on the terms, the Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition. The Group considers that the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 180 days.
- iv. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable (including overdue receivables) and notes receivable is as follows:

	Notes and accounts receivable				
	Dec	December 31, 2022			
Not past due	\$	105,301,863	\$	79,260,707	
Up to 90 days		6,269,239		5,342,232	
91 to 180 days		123,828		94,466	
Over 180 days		678,644		595,590	
•	\$	112,373,574	\$	85,292,995	

- (i) The above ageing analysis was based on days past due.
- (ii) Abovementioned notes receivable are not past due.

After the recourse procedure, the Group will write off the amount of financial assets that cannot reasonably be expected to be recovered, however the Group will continue to carry out recourse legal procedures to preserve the creditor's rights.

- v. The Group assesses the expected credit losses of its accounts receivable as follows:
 - (i) Accounts receivable that are significantly past due are assessed individually for their expected credit losses;
 - (ii) The remaining receivables are segmented according to the Group's credit ratings of its customers. Different loss rates or provision matrices are applied to the different segments when estimating expected credit losses;
 - (iii) Loss rates, calculated from historical and current information, are adjusted according to forward-looking information such as the business indicators published by the National Development Council.
 - (iv) As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, loss allowances of accounts receivable and notes receivable calculated from individual assessment or using the loss rate methodology and provision matrix are as follows:

December 31, 2023	Individual	Group A & B	Group C	Group D	Total
Expected loss rate	85.71%	0.05%	0.08%~61.54%	0.05%~38.90%	
Total book value	\$622,047	\$ 74,284,224	\$ 33,017,482	\$ 4,449,821	\$ 112,373,574
Loss allowance	\$ 533,176	\$ 36,845	\$ 92,611	\$ 74,292	\$ 736,924
December 31, 2022	Individual	Group A & B	Group C	Group D	Total
December 31, 2022 Expected loss rate	Individual 91.40%	Group A & B 0.05%	Group C 0.10%~77.97%	Group D 0.05%~89.18%	Total
					Total \$ 85,292,995

Group A: Customers with excellent credit rating

Group B: Customers with fine credit rating

Group C: Customers with normal credit rating

Group D: Rated as other than A, B and C

vi. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable (including overdue receivables) are as follows:

	 2023	2022		
At January 1	\$ 724,879	\$	700,899	
Provision for impairment	7,762		1,095	
Effect of exchange rate changes	 4,283		22,885	
At December 31	\$ 736,924	\$	724,879	

(c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. The Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining

- sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities (Note 6(15)) at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internally assessed financial ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. The Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing demand deposits, time deposits, money market deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts, and expects to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the due date at the balance sheet date. Non-derivative financial liabilities are analysed by remaining periods from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2023

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Short-term borrowings (Note)	\$ 19,914,960	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,914,960
Lease liability	253,608	370,192	213,612	837,412
Long-term loans (Note)	88,587	13,983,695		14,072,282
	\$ 20,257,155	<u>\$ 14,353,887</u>	<u>\$ 213,612</u>	\$ 34,824,654
December 31, 2022				
	Less than	Between 1	Over	
	1 year	and 5 years	5 years	Total
Short-term borrowings (Note)	\$ 38,725,148	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,725,148
Lease liability	256,493	350,381	7,182	614,056
Long-term loans (Note)	620,781	23,444,478		24,065,259
	\$ 39,602,422	\$ 23,794,859	\$ 7,182	\$ 63,404,463

Note: Including imputed interest payable.

Except for the above, the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are due in one year.

Derivative financial liabilities

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, all derivative financial liabilities of the Group are due in one year.

iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, open-end funds and overseas bonds is included in level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market, debt instrument and private equity fund is included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The carrying amounts of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, other current assets, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, accounts payable, other payables and long-term loans (including current portion), are approximate to their fair values.

- D. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks are as follows:
 - (a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2023

<u>December 31, 2023</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets			<u> Levers</u>		
Recurring fair value measur	rements				
Financial assets at fair	<u> </u>				
value through profit					
or loss					
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 44,630	\$ -	\$ 263,852	\$ 308,482	
Equity instruments	5,778	· -	·	5,778	
Debt instruments	284	-	48,289	48,573	
Derivative instruments	-	179	-	179	
Hybrid instruments	-	-	39,917	39,917	
Financial assets at fair					
value through other					
comprehensive income					
Equity instruments	19,736,078	-	203,194	19,939,272	
Accounts receivable that					
are expected to be					
factored			67,187,035	67,187,035	
	<u>\$19,786,770</u>	<u>\$ 179</u>	\$ 67,742,287	<u>\$87,529,236</u>	
Liabilities					
Recurring fair value measur	<u>rements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair					
value through profit or					
loss					
Derivative instruments	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 41,185</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 41,185</u>	

<u>December 31, 2022</u>								
]	Level 1]	Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value measure	ement	<u>S</u>						
Financial assets at fair								
value through profit								
or loss								
Beneficiary certificates	\$	30,689	\$	-	\$	196,253	\$	226,942
Equity instruments		4,501		-		-		4,501
Debt instruments		276		-		72,625		72,901
Financial assets at fair						•		ŕ
value through other								
comprehensive income								
Equity instruments	8	,972,484		_		167,221	(9,139,705
Accounts receivable that		,				,		
are expected to be								
factored				<u>-</u>	29	9,602,714	2	9,602,714
	\$ 9	,007,950	\$			0,038,813	\$ 3	9,046,763
Liabilities								
Recurring fair value measure	ement	<u>s</u>						
Financial liabilities at fair								
value through profit or								
loss								
Derivative instruments	\$		\$	11,372	\$		\$	11,372

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
- iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, cross currency swap contracts, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.

- iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Financial instruments									
		2023	2022							
At January 1	\$	30,038,813 \$	17,120,013							
Acquired during the year		118,771	25,002							
Disposed during the year	(6,982)	-							
Acquired from business combinations		-	106,147							
Losses recognised in profit or loss	(5,444) (31,452)							
Gains (losses) recognised in other										
comprehensive income		12,830 (9,766)							
Increase in accounts receivable										
that are expected to be factored		44,562,219	19,727,162							
Decrease in accounts receivable										
that are expected to be factored	(6,977,898) (6,909,365)							
Effect of exchange rate changes	(<u>22</u>)	11,072							
At December 31	<u>\$</u>	67,742,287 \$	30,038,813							

- (a) For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- (b) Refer to Note 6(32) for the details of the acquisition of financial instruments due to business combination for the year ended December 31, 2022.

G. The following is the qualitative information on significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Unlisted shares	\$ 5,730	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.15~1.96 (1.54)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	48,416	Most recent non- active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Unlisted preferred stocks	26,556	Discounted cash flow method	Weighted average cost of capital	11.51%	The higher the weighted average cost of capital and discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	
	21,733	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	4.94~11.37 (8.29)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	100,454	Most recent non- active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Convertible bonds	39,917	Most recent non- active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Venture capital shares	48,594	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Private equity fund	263,852	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable

	Fair value a	t	Significant	Range	Relationship
	December	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	of inputs
	31, 2022	technique	input	average)	to fair value
Unlisted shares	\$ 6,056	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.18~1.43 (1.3)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability,
	18,426	Most recent non- active market price	Not applicable	-	the lower the fair value Not applicable
Unlisted preferred stocks	26,560	Discounted cash flow method	Weighted average cost of capital	11.51%	The higher the weighted average cost of capital and
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	46,065	Most recent non- active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
	107,300	Most recent non- active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Venture capital shares	35,439	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Private equity fund	196,253	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the year (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 7.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Refer to table 9.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to Note 13(1).

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 10.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the development and sales of electronic and communication components. The chief operating decision maker considered the business and determined to separate segments from a perspective of sales region, which are mainly divided into Greater China, South Asia and North Asia. The Group has identified the Greater China shall be a reportable operating segment, and for other segments which have not met the quantitative threshold are not disclosed individually.

The Group's operating segment information is prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The chief operating decision maker allocates resources and assesses performance of the operating segments primarily based on the operating revenue and profit (loss) before tax of individual operating segment.

(2) Financial information of reportable segment

The financial information on reportable segment provided to the chief operating decision maker is as follows:

		Greater Ch	ina R	egion						
	Years ended December 31,									
	2023 2022									
Revenue from external customers	\$	538,988,755	\$	505,683,701						
Segment income	\$	4,447,040	\$	9,024,316						
Segment assets (Note)	\$		\$							
Depreciation and amortisation	\$	446,606	\$	320,578						
Finance costs	<u>\$</u>	3,517,134	\$	2,281,585						

Note: The chief operating decision maker does not use the measured amount of the assets as a measurement indicator; therefore, the measured amount of the Group's assets shall be disclosed as zero.

(3) Reconciliation information on reportable segment revenue and profit (loss)

A reconciliation of reportable segment income or loss to the income / (loss) before tax from continuing operations is as follows:

		Years ended	Decer	nber 31,
Operating revenue		2023		2022
Total reported segment revenue	\$	538,988,755	\$	505,683,701
Other operating segment revenue		55,530,058		65,513,417
Total operating revenue	\$	594,518,813	\$	571,197,118
		Years ended	Decer	mber 31,
Profit and loss		2023		2022
Income of reported segment	\$	4,447,040	\$	9,024,316
Income of other operating segments		748,325		886,826
Income before income tax from				
continuing operations	<u>\$</u>	5,195,365	\$	9,911,142

(4) Information on products and services

Refer to Note 6(23) for the related information.

(5) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	 Year ended Dec	ember	131, 2023	Year ended December 31, 2022						
	 Revenue	Non	-current assets		Revenue	Non	-current assets			
Taiwan	\$ 78,149,044	\$	3,522,227	\$	84,373,636	\$	3,583,399			
China	321,826,282		1,616,027		361,370,198		1,265,512			
Others	 194,543,487		882,341		125,453,284		806,452			
	\$ 594,518,813	\$	6,020,595	\$	571,197,118	\$	5,655,363			

The above revenue by geographic area is calculated based on sales to external customers at the location of its registered office.

(6) Major customer information

		Years ended December 31,								
			2022							
Customer A	\$	72,336,013	\$	20,931,705						
Customer B		66,948,037		86,666,027						
	<u>\$</u>	139,284,050	\$	107,597,732						

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2023	Balance at December 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Colla	teral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
1	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS	Other receivables	Y	\$ 8,712,900	\$ 6,755,100	\$ 6,325,230	5.65%	Short-term	\$ -	Business Operation	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 10,285,560	\$ 10,285,560	Note 2
		LTD.	- related parties						financing								
1	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	61,420	-	-	1.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	10,285,560	10,285,560	Note 2
2	BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS	Other receivables	Y	321,107	303,980	303,980	6.61%~6.84%	Short-term	=	Business Operation	-	-	-	595,399	595,399	Note 2
3	MSD HOLDING PTE. LTD.	SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	 related parties Other receivables related parties 	Y	90,818	85,974	85,974	6.35%	financing Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	101,360	101,360	Note 2
4	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE)	Other receivables - related parties	Y	270,248	92,115	92,115	5.05%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	1,255,397	1,255,397	Note 2
4	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	46,110	-	-	4.93%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	1,255,397	1,255,397	Note 2
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI UQ IOT TECH., INC.	Temporary payment	N	6,691	-	-	3.50%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	512,325	683,100	Note 3
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	620,228	605,472	605,472	3.65%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	1,707,751	1,707,751	Note 2
6	WINTECH INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	256,209	128,961	128,961	5.65%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	1,075,451	1,075,451	Note 2
7	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	27,635	27,635	27,635	5.05%~5.97%	Short-term financing	=	Business Operation	-	-	-	849,399	849,399	Note 2
8	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	197,200	190,480	166,670	4.60%	Short-term financing	=	Business Operation	-	-	-	703,597	703,597	Note 2
9	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	124,280	110,538	110,538	5.55%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	232,109	232,109	Note 2
9	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	SPACEAGE LABS LTE LTD.	- related parties Other receivables - non related parties	N	8,785	8,626	8,626	7.50%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	92,844	92,844	Note 4

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: The policy for loans granted mutually between overseas subsidiaries of which the Company directly or indirectly holds 100% of their voting shares is as follows: ceiling on total loans granted by an overseas subsidiary to all overseas subsidiaries and limit on loans granted by an overseas subsidiary to a single overseas subsidiary are the Creditor's net assets.
- Note 3: The policy for loans between the Company and subsidiaries and company's with short-term capital needs is as follows: limit on loans granted by the Company and subsidiaries single party is 30% of the company's net assets, based on the most recent financial statements of the company, ceiling on total loans granted by a company is 40% of the company's net assets.
- Note 4: The policy for loans between the Company and subsidiaries and company's with short-term capital needs is as follows: limit on loans granted by the Company and subsidiaries single party is 40% of the company's net assets, based on the most recent financial statements of the company, ceiling on total loans granted by a company is 40% of the company's net assets.
- Note 5: The net assets referred to above are based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Party being endorsed/guaranteed

Number (Note 1)	guarantor	Сотрапу пате	Relationship with the endorser / guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements / guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement / guarantee amount as of December 31, 2023	Outstanding endorsement / guarantee amount at December 31, 2023	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements / guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements / guarantees provided (Note 3)	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	2	\$ 284,435,132	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ -	1.13%	\$ 284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	155,350	-	=	-	0.00%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	389,220	368,460	308,626	-	0.52%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	2	284,435,132	1,297,400	1,228,200	-	-	1.73%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	2	284,435,132	2,432,625	2,302,875	-	-	3.24%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	68,114	64,481	4,751	-	0.09%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WONCHANG SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	1,622	1,535	164	-	0.00%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	2,270	2,149	344	-	0.00%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	2	284,435,132	324,350	307,050	-	-	0.43%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	6,296,995	6,001,707	864,960	-	8.44%	284,435,132	Y	N	Y	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	2	284,435,132	2,092,390	2,018,747	172,992	-	2.84%	284,435,132	Y	N	Y	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	2	284,435,132	1,820,950	1,726,835	1,334,445	-	2.43%	284,435,132	Y	N	N	
1	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	2	18,830,955	5,085,670	-	-	-	0.00%	18,830,955	N	N	N	Note 4
1	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	2	18,830,955	61,420	-	-	-	0.00%	18,830,955	N	N	Y	Note 4
1	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	SYNERGY ELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	2	18,830,955	30,710	-	-	-	0.00%	18,830,955	N	N	Y	Note 4
1	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	2	18,830,955	5,130,317	614,100	76,127	-	48.92%	18,830,955	N	N	N	Note 4
1	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	2	18,830,955	111,430	=	-	-	0.00%	18,830,955	N	N	N	Note 4
2	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	2	38,230,710	61,420	-	-	=	0.00%	38,230,710	N	N	Y	Note 4
2	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	SYNERGY ELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	2	38,230,710	30,710	÷	=	-	0.00%	38,230,710	N	N	Y	Note 4
3	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	2	1,621,604	37,222	35,953	-	=	8.87%	1,621,604	N	N	N	Note 5

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following three categories:

⁽¹⁾ The Company is '0'.

⁽²⁾ The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

⁽¹⁾ Having business relationship.

⁽²⁾ The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.

⁽³⁾ The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 3: For a single party who owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the Company should not be in excess of 400% of the Company's net assets, which are based on the latest financial statements audited or reviewed by the Company's CPA.

Note 4: The limit of endorsement guarantees by Excelpoint Technology Ptc. Ltd. and Excelpoint Systems (H.K.) Limited for a single enterprise and the total limit of endorsement guarantees should not be in excess of 15 times the Company's net assets.

Note 5: Analog World Co., Ltd. for a single enterprise and the total limit of endorsement guarantees should not be in excess of 400% the Company's net assets.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Holding of marketable securities (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

			Relationship with the	General ledger	As of December 31, 2023				
Securities held by	Type of securities	Name of securities	securities issuer	account (Note)	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	TERAWINS, INC.	None	2	666,248	\$ 5,730	2.19	\$ 5,730	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	AIPTEK INTERNATIONAL INC.	None	2	48,778	-	0.18	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	SANJET TECHNOLOGY CORP.	None	2	43,588	-	0.14	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	CORERIVER SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.	None	2	28,570	-	0.70	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Limited Partnership	FORYOU VENTURE CAPITAL LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	None	2	-	48,594	6.73	48,594	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	ASMEDIA TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	2	9,000,000	16,335,000	12.98	16,335,000	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Funds	YUANTA GLOBAL 5G & NEXGEN TELECOMMUNICATION COMPONENTS ETF	None	3	350,000	11,630	-	11,630	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Private equity funds	FUH HWA ENERGY - EFFICIENT FUND	None	4	9,443,802	95,477	-	95,477	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Funds	FUH HWA TAIWAN GOOD INCOME FUND TWD	None	4	3,000,000	33,000	-	33,000	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	SINO-AMERICAN SILICON PRODUCTS INC.	None	1	5,644,000	1,106,224	0.96	1,106,224	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	JESS-LINK PRODUCTS CO., LTD.	None	2	473,000	39,779	0.39	39,779	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Private equity funds	FUH HWA GLOBAL IOT AND TECH FUND	None	4	10,010,010	107,808	-	107,808	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	ZILLTEK TECHNOLOGY CORP.	None	2	260,000	118,300	0.47	118,300	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	NICHIDENBO CORPORATION	None	2	1,000,000	58,100	0.47	58,100	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ordinary shares raised through the private placement	NICHIDENBO CORPORATION	None	2	30,000,000	1,580,700	14.11	1,580,700	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	DAYPOWER ENERGY CO., LTD.	None	2	1,000,000	12,500	10.00	12,500	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Common stock	JESS-LINK PRODUCTS CO., LTD.	None	2	196,000	16,484	0.16	16,484	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Common stock	ZILLTEK TECHNOLOGY CORP.	None	2	307,000	139,685	0.56	139,685	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Common stock	JESS-LINK PRODUCTS CO., LTD.	None	2	688,000	57,861	0.56	57,861	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Common stock	ZILLTEK TECHNOLOGY CORP.	None	2	329,000	149,695	0.60	149,695	
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTI	D. Preferred stock	AMMAX BIO, INC.	None	4	301,100	26,556	0.81	26,556	
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTD. Bonds		EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION	None	4	100	284	-	284	
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTD. Private equity funds		CATHAY PRIVATE EQUITY ECOLOGY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP	None	4	-	12,339	-	12,339	

	Relationship with the General ledger As of December 31, 2023								
Securities held by	Type of securities	Name of securities	securities issuer	account (Note)	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTI	D. Preferred stock	AVIVA TECHNOLOGY HOLDING	None	4	659,034	\$ 21,733	1.77 \$	21,733	
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTI	D. Common stock	DRAGON YI INVESTMENT LTD.	None	2	600,000	18,423	19.35	18,423	
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTI	D. Private equity funds	IMPACT SCIENCE VENTURES FUND I, L.P	None	4	-	48,228	-	48,228	
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LTD	D. Common stock	SHANGHAI UQ IOT TECH., INC.	None	2	-	17,493	13.33	17,493	
MILESTONE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Common stock	GRAND FORTUNE SECURITIES CO., LTD.	None	3	447,871	5,778	0.11	5,778	
MILESTONE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Common stock	GRAND FORTUNE SECURITIES CO., LTD.	None	2	7,140,443	92,112	1.80	92,112	
EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Common stock	ANSWER TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	None	2	498,169	26,739	0.75	26,739	
EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Common stock	IWOW TEACHNOLOGY LTD.	None	2	3,000,000	15,399	1.14	15,399	
PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	Convertible bonds	MERIDIAN INNOVATION PTE LTD.	None	3	-	24,564	-	24,564	
PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	Preferred stock	MERIDIAN INNOVATION PTE LTD.	None	2	1,307,790	100,454	-	100,454	
PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	Convertible bonds	VIVO SURGICAL PRIVATE LIMITED	None	4	-	15,353	-	15,353	

Note: Code of general ledger accounts: 1- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current

²⁻ Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current

³⁻ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current

⁴⁻ Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				_	Balance as at January 1, 2023 Addition		Disposal			Balance as at December 31, 2023				
Investor	Marketable securities	General ledger account		Relationship with the counterparty	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Selling price	Book value	Gain (loss) on disposal	No. of shares	Amount
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	SINO-AMERICAN SILICON PRODUCTS INC.	Note 1	Non related parties	-	7,889,000	\$ 1,100,516	-	\$ -	2,245,000	\$ 402,557	\$375,994	\$ 26,563	5,644,000	\$ 1,106,224
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Note 2	Capital injection	Note 3	283,760,000	5,790,209	240,000,000	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	523,760,000	17,062,050

Note 1: General ledger account 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income', gains (losses) on disposal are directly transferred from other comprehensive income to retained earnings; the balance as at December 31, 2023 includes gains (losses) on valuation.

Note 2: General ledger account 'Investments' accounted for using equity method', the balance as at December 31, 2023 includes investment profit and adjustments.

Note 3: The counterparty is a subsidiary of the Company.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

							Differences in transaction terms compared to third party				
					Transaction		transactions		Notes/accounts	receivable (payable)	_
		Relationship			Percentage of					Percentage of	
		with the	Purchases		total purchases					total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Sales	\$115,851,902		Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month		No material difference	\$ -	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	179,429	-		Based on product, market price of inventory	No material	-	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	48,748,316	13		cost and other trading conditions Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	difference No material difference	12,488,389	24	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	2,990,730	1		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	633,536	1	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	13,375,460	4		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	542,443	1	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	6,352,264	2		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	1,460,863	3	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WONCHANG SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	532,800	-		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	10,102,462	3		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	2,001,231	4	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	4,257,501	1		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	577,952	1	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	318,778	-		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	75,832	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Purchases	3,359,781	-		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(2,818,352)	4	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Purchases	5,049,535	1		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(388,518)	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	Affiliates	Purchases	765,542	-		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(242,235)	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Purchases	541,025	-		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(12,134)	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Purchases	388,868	-		Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(124,325)	-	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	2,792,999	14	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	497,915	16	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	2,961,549	15	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	758,801	24	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	1,059,650	5	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	406,837	13	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	349,531	2	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	137,419	4	
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	567,606	3	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	177,162	6	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	2,278,229	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	768,215	2	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	386,854	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	150,383	-	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	96,286,445	37	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	17,826,766	42	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	1,368,562	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	160,000	-	
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	794,212	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	112,797	-	

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

		-			Transaction		transactions		Notes/accounts	receivable (payable)
		Relationship with the	Purchases		Percentage of total purchases					Percentage of total notes/accounts
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	receivable (payable) Footnote
TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 628,481		Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	\$ 209,512	22
MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	328,157	6	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	49,483	4
HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	2,359,847	38	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	3,005,106	20	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	1,071,712	15
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	11,976,608	80	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	6,036,819	85
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	196,710	5	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	171,845	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	700,807	11

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

December 31, 2023

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the	ī	Balance as at	-	Overo	due receivables	nount collected	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	counterparty		ember 31, 2023	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	ance sheet date	doubtful accounts
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	\$	12,488,389	5.21	\$ -		\$ 5,570,158	\$ -
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates		633,536	2.17	-		455,405	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates		1,460,863	4.59	-		63,713	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates		2,001,231	5.88	-		957,399	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	Affiliates		577,952	8.98	13,655	Collection after the period	-	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates		542,443	23.22	-		355,854	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates		388,518	8.36	-		214,935	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates		497,915	4.81	-		411,577	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates		758,801	4.66	-		122,822	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates		406,837	2.66	-		-	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates		177,162	5.00	-		153,557	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates		137,419	4.28	-		-	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates		2,818,352	2.38	-		2,481,013	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates		768,215	4.18	-		457,601	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates		150,383	3.94	-		122,822	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates		17,826,766	9.47	-		17,309,523	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	Affiliates		160,000	8.61	-		100,148	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates		112,797	5.83	-		76,763	-
TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates		242,235	4.79	-		240,928	-
TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates		209,512	2.31	-		-	-

		Relationship				Overd	ue receivables	Amou	int collected	
		with the	В	alance as at	- -			subse	quent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	counterparty	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Turnover rate	 Amount	Action taken	balanc	e sheet date	doubtful accounts
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	\$	6,036,819	2.21	\$ 1,497,307	Collection after the period	\$	432,373	-
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates		1,071,712	1.73	222,490	Collection after the period		-	-
HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates		124,325	3.94	-			-	-
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates		700,807	0.17	355,391	Collection after the period		-	-

Note: For information on loans between the Company and subsidiaries, refer to table 1.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Transaction (N	(ote 4)	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of total operating revenues or total assets (Note 5)
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 115,851,902	(Note 3)	19
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	48,748,316	(Note 3)	8
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	12,488,389	(Note 3)	5
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	2,990,730	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	633,536	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	13,375,460	(Note 3)	2
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	542,443	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	6,352,264	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	1,460,863	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	10,102,462	(Note 3)	2
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	2,001,231	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	4,257,501	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	577,952	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	179,429	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WONCHANG SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	532,800	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	318,778	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Purchases	3,359,781	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Accounts payable	2,818,352	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Purchases	5,049,535	(Note 3)	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Accounts payable	388,518	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	Affiliates	Purchases	765,542	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	Affiliates	Accounts payable	242,235	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Purchases	388,868	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts payable	124,325	(Note 3)	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Purchases	541,025	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	2,961,549	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	758,801	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	2,792,999	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	497,915	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	1,059,650	(Note 3)	<u>-</u>
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	406,837	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	349,531	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	137,419	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	567,606	(Note 3)	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	177,162	(Note 3)	-

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of total operating revenues or total assets (Note 5)
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 96,286,445	(Note 3)	16
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	17,826,766	(Note 3)	7
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	2,278,229	(Note 3)	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	768,215	(Note 3)	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	1,368,562	(Note 3)	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	160,000	(Note 3)	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	794,212	(Note 3)	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	112,797	(Note 3)	=
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	386,854	(Note 3)	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	150,383	(Note 3)	-
3	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	628,481	(Note 3)	-
3	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	209,512	(Note 3)	-
4	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	328,157	(Note 3)	-
5	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	2,359,847	(Note 3)	-
6	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	11,976,608	(Note 3)	2
6	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	6,036,819	(Note 3)	2
6	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	3,005,106	(Note 3)	1
6	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	1,071,712	(Note 3)	-
7	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	171,845	(Note 3)	-
7	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	700,807	(Note 3)	-

Affiliates

Sales

Transaction (Note 4)

196,710

(Note 3)

Note 1: The information of transactions between the Company and the consolidated subsidiaries should be noted in "Number" column.

- (1) Number 0 represents the Company.
- (2) The consolidated subsidiaries are numbered in order from number 1.

Note 2: The transaction relationships with the counterparties are as follows:

WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO.,

- (1) The Company to the consolidated subsidiary.
- (2) The consolidated subsidiary to the Company.
- (3) The consolidated subsidiary to another consolidated subsidiary.
- Note 3: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. The credit term is 90 days after the end of each month.
- Note 4: For sales, purchases and accounts receivable, transactions reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more should be disclosed.
- Note 5: In calculating the ratio, the transaction amount is divided by consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and is divided by consolidated total revenues for income statement accounts.

WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED

Note 6: Information of loans between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 1.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

Year ended December 31, 2023

Table 8

HOLDING LIMITED

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment amount Shares held as at December 31, 2023		Investment income Net profit (loss) of (loss) recognised by the					
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance at December 31, 2023	Balance at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership	Book value	the investee for the year ended December 31, 2023	Company for the year	Footnote
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	\$ 2,520,875	\$ 2,520,875	78,752,905	99.65	\$ 10,242,629	\$ 119,111	\$ 119,111	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	1,781,829	1,781,829	73,949,070	100.00	2,830,797	835,384	835,384	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	15,106,620	3,106,620	523,760,000	100.00	17,062,050	1,141,146	1,141,146	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Holding company	486,289	486,289	7,544,002	100.00	829,776	29,530	29,530	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	323,751	323,030	28,227,197	100.00	1,281,461	425,856	425,781	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MILESTONE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Taiwan	General investment	61,985	61,985	4,500,000	100.00	110,589	1,434	1,434	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	SINYIE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Taiwan	General investment	52,000	52,000	2,900,000	100.00	35,304	(18)	(18)	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MSD HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	215,559	215,559	200,001	100.00	232,889	1,897	1,897	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	1,895,949	1,895,949	70,220,331	100.00	1,852,960	263,222	263,222	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	397,230	397,230	120,000	100.00	498,079	38,709	34,154	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Holding company	4,057,274	4,057,274	96,318,912	80.00	3,971,167	(166,786)	(133,429)	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY (H.K.) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	4,808	4,808	1,000,000	100.00	4,855	(36)	(36)	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	402,761	402,761	12,527,632	100.00	614,186	119,594	119,594	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	451,386	451,386	110,000,000	100.00	514,278	42,691	42,691	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	128,849	128,849	1,500,000	100.00	353,045	201,091	201,091	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	156,727	156,727	5,000,000	100.00	156,696	489	489	Subsidiary
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS	PROMISING INVESTMENT LIMITED	Mauritius	General investment	940,571	940,571	30,632,506	100.00	833,906	(137,155)	Note 1	Subsidiary

				Initial i	investn	nent amount	Shares h	eld as at Decen	nber 31, 2023	Net profit (loss) of	Investment income (loss) recognised by the	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance a December 2		Balance at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	the investee for the year ended December 31, 2023	Company for the year ended December 31, 2023	Footnote
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WINTECH INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Belize	General investment	\$ 645,	448	\$ 645,448	21,020,957	100.00			Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Belize	Sales of electronic components	92,	118	92,118	3,000,100	100.00 (322,735)	(327,547)	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	Holding company		-	154	-	-	-	-	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	JCD OPTICAL (CAYMAN) CO., LTD.	, Cayman Islands	Holding company	72,	891	72,891	5,869,093	19.80	15,978	(62,754)	Note 1	Associates
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	JOY CAPITAL LTD.	Seychelles	General investment	36,	846	36,846	1,200,000	17.65	11,456	(3,178)	Note 1	Associates
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	RAINBOW STAR GROUP LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	General investment	30,	705	30,705	18,924	24.65	17,105	(21,967)	Note 1	Associates
WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	BRILLNICS INC.	Cayman Islands	Holding company	1,196,	390	1,196,390	49,336,630	61.24	102,778	238	Note 1	Subsidiary
PROMISING INVESTMENT LIMITED	NINO CAPITAL CO., LTD.	Samoa	Holding company	9,	549	9,549	311,000	100.00	33,679	1,810	Note 1	Subsidiary
PROMISING INVESTMENT LIMITED	RICH WEB LTD.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	705,	430	705,430	22,974,430	100.00	714,541	(138,967)	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTECH INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Sales of electronic components	3,	340	3,340	500,000	100.00	2,357	52	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTECH INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	559,	043	559,043	3,800,000	95.47	942,434	90,854	Note 1	Subsidiary
ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	212,	037	-	10,000	100.00	223,009	15,404	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (THAILAND) LIMITED.	Thailand	Sales of electronic components	2,	691	2,691	300,000	100.00	1,886	39	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	India	Sales of electronic components	2,	651	2,651	700,000	100.00	1,662	1,076	Note 1	Subsidiary
SINYIE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	65,	073	65,073	278,255	0.35	42,914	119,111	Note 1	Subsidiary
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ASIA LATEST TECHNOLOGY LIMITED	Mauritius	Holding company	37,	771	37,771	1,120,000	100.00	43,718	(157)	Note 1	Subsidiary
BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	53,	259	53,259	180,472	4.53	28,632	90,854	Note 1	Subsidiary
BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	WONCHANG SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	24,	082	24,082	53,505	100.00	233,269	16,447	Note 1	Subsidiary
TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	210,	451	210,451	9,500,000	100.00	2,144,779	1,023,556	Note 1	Subsidiary

				Initial inve	estment amount	Shares h	neld as at December	er 31, 2023	Net profit (loss) of	Investment income (loss) recognised by the	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance at December 31, 2023	Balance at December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	the investee for the year ended December 31, 2023	Company for the year	Footnote
MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO.,		Taiwan	Sales of electronic	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000	11,500,000	100.00 \$	409,036	\$ 179,036	Note 1	Subsidiary
LTD. MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO.,	CO., LTD.	Duitich Vincin	components	104.26	104.266	20 500	100.00	05 (20	2 942	Note 1	Cubaidiam
LTD.	INTERNATIONAL CORP.	British Virgin Islands	Sales of electronic components	194,36	5 194,366	29,500	100.00	95,628	3,842	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS INC.	BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Manufacture of electronic components	1,965,51	1,965,519	64,013,000	100.00	188,402	153,986	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS INC.	BRILLNICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Manufacture of electronic components	23,029	23,029	750,002	100.00 (9,124)	(3,961)	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	BRILLNICS JAPAN INC.	Japan	Manufacture of electronic components	21,720	21,720	100,000	100.00	25,687	1,488	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	BRILLNICS (TAIWAN) INC.	Taiwan	Manufacture of electronic components	16,69	16,694	1,669,410	100.00	38,788	6,439	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGDS PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Holding company	5,089,010	5,089,016	120,398,640	100.00	4,964,229	(166,786)	Note 1	Subsidiary
	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	489,78	489,783	27,793,961	100.00	2,548,714	7,318	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	274,119	274,119	11,000,000	100.00	849,399	(48,567)	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.		Singapore	R&D and investment of company	337,75	92,115	11,000,001	100.00	232,109	(24,950)	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE)	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Sales of electronic components		1	100	100.00	3,644	820	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD		India	Sales and services of technology	35.	355	50,000	100.00 (65,538)	7,394	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (USA) INC.	USA	Sales and services of technology	3	31	1,000	100.00	1,425	363	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	Vietnam	Sales of electronic components	9,21	9,212	-	100.00 (13,691)	(23,479)	Note 1	Subsidiary
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	SYNERGY ELECTRONICS (H.K.) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	3,07	3,071	100,000	100.00	3,046	(249)	Note 1	Subsidiary

Note 1: Profit (loss) of investee has been included in the investor, and will not be disclosed separately.

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

			Investment	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	Mainland China/ back to Taiwan f	d from Taiwan to Amount remitted for the year ended r 31, 2023	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	e Net income of investee for the year	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the	Book value of investment in Mainland China as	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
Investee in	Main business		method	Mainland China as	Remitted to	Remitted back to	Mainland China as o	of ended December 31,	(direct or	year ended December	of December 31,	Taiwan as of	
Mainland China	activities	Paid-in capital	(Note 1)	of January 1, 2023	Mainland China	Taiwan	December 31, 2023	2023	indirect)	31, 2023 (Note 2)	2023	December 31, 2023	Footnote
SHANGHAI WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	\$ 9,212	2	\$ 9,212	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,212	\$ 1,811	100.00	\$ 1,811	\$ 33,603	\$ -	Note 5
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	699,362	2	645,532	-	-	645,532	(138,964)	100.00	(138,964)	714,433	-	Note 6
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	International trade	1,079,281	2	588,001	-	-	588,001	201,607	100.00	201,607	1,707,751	-	Note 7
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Technical service, international trade, entrepot trade and etc.	40,838	3	30,705	-	-	30,705	(157)	100.00	(157)	43,709	-	Note 4
JCD OPTICAL CORPORATION	Production and sales of optoelectronic materials and components	156,596	2	20,389	-	-	20,389	(54,729)	19.80	(10,836)	6,776	-	Note 8
SYNERGY ELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	7,858	2	-	-	-	-	(2,809)	80.00	2,247	(293,901)	-	Note 9
EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	46,058	2	-	-	-	-	27,654	80.00	(22,123)	(235,516)	-	Note 9

	Accumulated amount	Investment amount approved	
	of remittance from Taiwan	by the Investment Commission	Ceiling on investments in Mainland
	to Mainland China as of	of the Ministry of Economic	China imposed by the Investment
Company name	December 31, 2023	Affairs (MOEA)	Commission of MOEA (Note 3)
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO.,	\$ 1,293,839	\$ 2,109,726	\$ 43,167,391
LTD			

Note 1: The investment methods are classified into the following six categories:

- (1) Directly investing in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in companies in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others.
- Note 2: Investment gains or losses were recognised based on audited financial statements.
- Note 3: The amount disclosed was 60% of net assets and based on Investment Commission, MOEA Regulation No. 09704604680 announced on August 29, 2008.
- Note 4: This is a China subsidiary which was reinvested through the company in the third area when Morrihan International Corp. was acquired in September 2009.
- Note 5: This is a China company which was invested through the company, NINO CAPITAL CO., LTD., in the third area.
- Note 6: This is a China company which was invested through the company, RICH WEB LTD., in the third area.
- Note 7: This is a China company which was reinvested through the company, WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED, in the third area.
- Note 8: This is a China company which was reinvested through the company, JCD OPTICAL (CAYMAN) CO., LTD., in the third area.
- Note 9: This is a China company which was reinvested through the company, EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED, in the third area.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Major shareholders information

December 31, 2023

Table 10

	Shares					
Name of major shareholders	Name of shares held	Ownership (%)				
ASMEDIA TECHNOLOGY INC.	179,000,000	17.49%				
WPG HOLDINGS LIMITED	161,393,867	15.77%				
SHAO YANG INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	74,950,426	7.32%				

- Note 1: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preferred stock in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a different calculation basis.
- Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were held in trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed is the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shares include the self-owned shares and shares held in trust, and at the same time, the shareholder has the power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. The information on the reported share equity of insider is provided in the "Market Observation Post System".
- Note 3: As of December 31, 2023, the number of shares held by the chairman under his own name and under the names of others was 116,773,613 shares, and the shareholding ratio was 11.42%. The abovementioned information is provided in the "Market Observation Post System".