

**WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND
SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024**

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2025 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2025 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Recognition of supplier rebates**Description**

Refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on supplier rebates.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sales of electronic and communication components. In line with industry practice, the Group has entered into rebate arrangements with its suppliers for various kinds and quantities of inventories. Under the arrangement, the Group calculates the amount of supplier rebates based on sales breakdown, which is recognised as a deduction of accounts payable to suppliers and a deduction of operating costs. The Group pays the net purchase price, after confirming that the rebate is granted and the credit memo from its suppliers has been received.

As the terms of different types of supplier rebates vary and change frequently, the calculation is complex. The Group relies on the information system to gather related transaction information, and manually matches each inventory category with its corresponding rebate term to calculate the supplier rebate that should be recognised. Since the supplier rebate is material to the financial statements and more audit effort is required to address this audit matter, the recognition of supplier rebate has been identified as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding and assessed the internal controls related to supplier rebates. Tested the effectiveness of relevant internal controls, for example, by verifying whether major supplier rebates have been reviewed by a responsible supervisor, and the inventory cost has been correctly deducted and paid in net amount based on the credit memo approved by suppliers.
- B. Selected samples of supplier rebates and performed test of transaction data to confirm whether the transaction quantities are consistent with sales breakdown. Also, verified arrangements and calculation worksheets, and recalculated supplier rebates to ensure that the rebate recognition is consistent with the contract.
- C. Selected samples of supplier rebates which were recognized before the balance sheet date but have not yet been confirmed by suppliers, verified its consistency and reasonableness with subsequent credit memos approved by suppliers after the balance sheet date, and confirmed whether there were any material differences; and
- D. Performed confirmation of selected material accounts payable, including supplier rebates which have been confirmed by suppliers, and examined the reconciliation for the differences between the amount stated in the suppliers' confirmation and the Group's records.

Assessment of inventory valuation losses

Description

Refer to Note 4(13) for accounting policies on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(6) for details of inventory valuation. As at December 31, 2025, the Group's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation losses were NT\$261,298,094 thousand and NT\$1,537,733 thousand, respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in the sales of various kinds of electronic components. Due to rapid technology innovations, short lifespan of electronic products and fluctuations in market prices, there is a higher risk of inventory losses arising from market value decline or obsolescence. For non-obsolete inventories, the net realisable value is estimated based on the estimated selling price within a certain period around the balance sheet date. The obsolete inventories are individually identified as obsolete or damaged, if any. Since the amount of inventory is material, inventory types vary, sources of information in calculating the net realisable value of each type of inventories are various, and the identification of obsolete and damaged inventory and its net realisable value is subject to management's judgement, we considered the assessment of inventory valuation losses a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding and evaluated the process of inventory and warehouse management, examined the annual plan and participated in stock take to assess the effectiveness of management's identification and controls on obsolete inventory.
- B. Obtained an understanding of the Group's nature of business and industry to assess whether the provision policies and procedures were applied consistently and reasonably during the periods, including identified as obsolete with supporting documents, and agreed to information obtained from physical inventory; and
- C. Obtained the net realizable value statement of each inventory and assessed reasonableness of net realisable value.

Goodwill Impairment Assessment Arising from the Acquisition of Future Electronics Inc.

Description

Refer to Note 4(19) for accounting policies on the impairment of non-financial assets, Note 5(2) for the uncertainties of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to goodwill impairment assessment and Note 6(10) for the explanation of goodwill impairment. As of December 31, 2025, the goodwill balance recognized by the Group due to the acquisition of Future Electronics Inc. amounted to NT\$ 28,111,559 thousand. After identifying the individual cash-generating units (CGUs), the Group measured the

recoverable amount of each CGU by discounting the estimated future cash flows of the respective units using appropriate discount rates. This measurement serves as the basis for assessing whether any impairment of goodwill has occurred. Given the significant amount of goodwill arising from the acquisition and that the recoverable amount of the CGUs is measured based on estimated future cash flows, the assessment involves multiple assumptions, we have identified the goodwill impairment assessment arising from the acquisition of Future Electronics Inc. as one of the key audit matters.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Understand and assess management's internal controls over the review and approval of their financial forecasts and related assumptions; and
- B. Evaluate the appropriateness of the valuation model used to determine the recoverable amount.
- C. The auditor engaged valuation specialists to assist in assessing the reasonableness of significant assumptions used in the model, including projected growth rates, projected gross margins, and discount rates, through the following procedures,
 - (a) The projected growth rates and projected gross margins used were compared with historical results, as well as economic and industry forecast.
 - (b) The discount rate used for the cash-generating unit and comparing it with the rates of return on similar assets in the market.
 - (c) Evaluate sensitivity analysis of future cash flows using alternative assumptions for projected growth rates, projected gross margins, and discount rates to ensure that management has appropriately addressed the potential impact of estimation uncertainties in the impairment assessment.

Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unmodified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures

responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the consolidated financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Hsu Sheng-Chung

Hsu, Sheng-Chung

Sung-Tse Wang

SUNG-TSE WANG

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 3, 2026

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Assets	Notes	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
Current assets						
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 28,138,755	6	\$ 39,727,726	10
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(2)	20,038	-	19,298	-
1120	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	6(3)	291,065	-	367,589	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4) and 7	170,018,376	32	142,094,108	34
1200	Other receivables	6(4)(5)	3,713,296	1	5,956,485	1
130X	Inventories	6(6)	259,760,361	49	160,927,874	39
1410	Prepayments		1,691,699	-	2,126,440	1
1470	Other current assets	6(1)(16) and 8	444,237	-	766,714	-
11XX	Total current assets		<u>464,077,827</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>351,986,234</u>	<u>85</u>
Non-current assets						
1510	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	6(2)	378,412	-	391,828	-
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	6(3)	6,137,993	1	11,662,725	3
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method	6(7)	9,140,616	2	31,612	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8)	4,718,651	1	3,191,522	1
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	1,778,703	-	2,255,876	1
1760	Investment property - net		187,476	-	186,949	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)	38,827,551	8	40,847,105	10
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	1,871,829	-	1,454,225	-
1900	Other non-current assets		441,132	-	482,210	-
15XX	Total non-current assets		<u>63,482,363</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>60,504,052</u>	<u>15</u>
1XXX	Total assets		<u>\$ 527,560,190</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 412,490,286</u>	<u>100</u>

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WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
Current liabilities						
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(11)	\$ 25,569,230	5	\$ 35,412,779	9
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(12)	1,699,092	-	1,598,968	-
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2)				
	through profit or loss - current		22,616	-	138	-
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(23)	3,964,998	1	1,132,253	-
2170	Accounts payable	7	317,278,361	60	186,740,851	45
2200	Other payables	6(13)	6,877,329	1	9,009,470	2
2230	Current income tax liabilities		2,807,119	1	2,157,158	1
2280	Lease liabilities - current		674,788	-	740,498	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(15)	8,032,002	2	73,218	-
2365	Refund liabilities - current	6(23)	1,727,634	-	1,572,327	-
2399	Other current liabilities	6(16)	1,323,898	-	1,897,226	1
21XX	Total current liabilities		<u>369,977,067</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>240,334,886</u>	<u>58</u>
Non-current liabilities						
2530	Bonds payable	6(14)	10,701,899	2	-	-
2540	Long-term loans	6(15)	23,681,133	5	63,366,390	16
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)	3,691,903	1	3,296,245	1
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current		1,278,716	-	1,220,065	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities		291,165	-	409,428	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities		<u>39,644,816</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>68,292,128</u>	<u>17</u>
2XXX	Total liabilities		<u>409,621,883</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>308,627,014</u>	<u>75</u>
Equity attributable to owners of parent						
	Share capital	6(18)				
3110	Common stock		12,645,859	3	11,164,167	3
3120	Preferred stock		1,350,000	-	1,350,000	-
3130	Certificates of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds		8,449	-	7,370	-
	Capital surplus	6(19)				
3200	Capital surplus		66,447,413	12	47,673,484	11
	Retained earnings	6(20)				
3310	Legal reserve		6,105,174	1	4,717,884	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		32,843,640	6	27,052,694	7
	Other equity interest	6(21)				
3400	Other equity interest		(1,737,516)	-	10,909,959	3
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of the parent		<u>117,663,019</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>102,875,558</u>	<u>25</u>
36XX	Non-controlling interest	6(22)	275,288	-	987,714	-
3XXX	Total equity		<u>117,938,307</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>103,863,272</u>	<u>25</u>
	Commitments and contingent liabilities	9				
	Significant subsequent events	11				
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 527,560,190</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 412,490,286</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Items	Notes	Year ended December 31				
		2025		2024		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Operating revenue	6(23) and 7	\$ 1,177,948,907	100	\$ 959,431,897	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6) and 7	(1,130,325,080)	(96)	(921,829,827)	(96)
5900	Gross profit		<u>47,623,827</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>37,602,070</u>	<u>4</u>
	Operating expenses	6(28)				
6100	Selling expenses		(19,393,040)	(2)	(16,573,833)	(2)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(5,898,175)	-	(4,815,204)	(1)
6300	Research and development expenses		(810,436)	-	(850,587)	-
6450	Impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	(639,996)	-	(98,126)	-
6000	Total operating expenses		<u>(26,741,647)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(22,337,750)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
6900	Operating profit		<u>20,882,180</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>15,264,320</u>	<u>1</u>
	Non-operating income and expenses					
7100	Interest income	6(24)	762,233	-	829,108	-
7010	Other income	6(25)	866,572	-	492,507	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(26)	(175,382)	-	351,246	-
7050	Finance costs	6(27)	(5,041,763)	(1)	(5,080,083)	-
7060	Share of gain (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(7)	<u>105,251</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,314)</u>	<u>-</u>
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		<u>(3,483,089)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(3,429,536)</u>	<u>-</u>
7900	Profit before income tax		<u>17,399,091</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>11,834,784</u>	<u>1</u>
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(3,832,620)	-	(2,628,699)	-
8200	Profit for the period		<u>\$ 13,566,471</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 9,206,085</u>	<u>1</u>

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WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Items	Notes	Year ended December 31			
		2025		2024	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
8311	Comprehensive (loss) gain on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	6(16)			
			(\$ 13,177)	-	\$ 23,419
8316	Unrealised (loss) gain on valuation of equity investment instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(21)(22)			
			(3,374,719)	-	620,766
8320	Share of other comprehensive loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
			(5,984)	-	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(30)			
			2,635	-	(4,684)
8310	Other comprehensive (loss) income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
			(3,391,245)	-	639,501
Components of other comprehensive (loss) income that will be reclassified to profit or loss					
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	6(21)(22)			
			(8,743,113)	(1)	6,595,476
8368	Losses on hedging instrument	6(21)			
			-	-	(1,165,532)
8370	Share of other comprehensive (loss) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(21) and 7			
			(5,879)	-	513
8360	Other comprehensive (loss) income that will be reclassified to profit or loss				
			(8,748,992)	(1)	5,430,457
8300	Total other comprehensive (loss) income for the year				
			(\$ 12,140,237)	(1)	\$ 6,069,958
8500	Total comprehensive income for the year				
			\$ 1,426,234	-	\$ 15,276,043
Profit attributable to:					
8610	Owners of the parent				
			\$ 13,543,724	1	\$ 9,112,156
8620	Non-controlling interest				
			22,747	-	93,929
			\$ 13,566,471	1	\$ 9,206,085
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to:					
8710	Owners of the parent				
			\$ 1,443,048	-	\$ 15,130,332
8720	Non-controlling interest				
			(16,814)	-	145,711
			\$ 1,426,234	-	\$ 15,276,043
Earnings per share (in dollars)					
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(31)			
			\$ 11.61		\$ 8.13
9850	Diluted earnings per share				
			\$ 11.50		\$ 8.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

	Notes	Equity attributable to owners of the parent												
		Capital				Retained Earnings							Non-controlling interest	Total equity
		Share capital - common stock	Preferred stock	Certificates of bond-to-stock conversion	Advance receipts for share capital	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Other equity interest	Total			
2024														
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$ 8,873,017	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 6,540	\$ 5,423,396	\$ 25,680,674	\$ 4,311,098	\$ 1,564,387	\$ 14,300,632	\$ 9,599,039	\$ 71,108,783	\$ 836,869	\$ 71,945,652	
Consolidated net income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,112,156	-	9,112,156	93,929	9,206,085	
Other comprehensive income	6(21)(22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,735	5,999,441	6,018,176	51,782	6,069,958	
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,130,891	5,999,441	15,130,332	145,711	15,276,043	
Appropriations of 2023 earnings:	6(20)													
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	-	406,786	-	(406,786)	-	-	-	-	
Reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,564,387)	1,564,387	-	-	-	-	
Cash dividends for common stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,008,438)	-	(2,008,438)	-	(2,008,438)	
Cash dividends for preferred stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(270,000)	-	(270,000)	-	(270,000)	
Capital injection	6(18)(19)	2,200,000	-	-	(5,423,396)	21,470,853	-	-	-	-	18,247,457	-	18,247,457	
Employee stock options exercised	6(19)	91,790	-	830	-	422,022	-	-	-	-	514,642	-	514,642	
Cancellation of employee restricted shares	6(17)(18)	(640)	-	-	-	640	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in restricted stocks to employees	6(19)(21)	-	-	-	-	(2,947)	-	-	-	2,947	-	-	-	
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	(2,191)	-	-	98	-	(2,093)	-	(2,093)	
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method	6(7)(19)	-	-	-	-	5,549	-	-	-	-	5,549	-	5,549	
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(19)(21)	-	-	-	-	98,884	-	-	-	20,873	119,757	-	119,757	
Changes in non-controlling interest	6(22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,134	5,134	
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(21)(22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in redemption liability recognised as other equity	6(21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,741,910	(4,741,910)	-	-	-	
Balance at December 31, 2024		\$ 11,164,167	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 7,370	\$ -	\$ 47,673,484	\$ 4,717,884	\$ -	\$ 27,052,694	\$ 10,909,959	\$ 102,875,558	\$ 987,714	\$ 103,863,272	
2025														
Balance at January 1, 2025		\$ 11,164,167	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 7,370	\$ -	\$ 47,673,484	\$ 4,717,884	\$ -	\$ 27,052,694	\$ 10,909,959	\$ 102,875,558	\$ 987,714	\$ 103,863,272	
Consolidated net income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,543,724	-	13,543,724	22,747	13,566,471	
Other comprehensive loss	6(21)(22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,542)	(12,090,134)	(12,100,676)	(39,561)	(12,140,237)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,533,182	(12,090,134)	1,443,048	(16,814)	1,426,234	
Appropriations of 2024 earnings:	6(20)													
Legal reserve		-	-	-	-	-	1,387,290	-	(1,387,290)	-	-	-	-	
Cash dividends for common stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,727,486)	-	(6,727,486)	-	(6,727,486)	
Cash dividends for preferred stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(270,000)	-	(270,000)	-	(270,000)	
Capital injection	6(18)(19)	900,000	-	-	-	11,140,678	-	-	-	-	12,040,678	-	12,040,678	
Share exchange through issuance of new shares	6(18)(19)	474,280	-	-	-	6,305,854	-	-	-	-	6,780,134	-	6,780,134	
Issuance of convertible bonds	6(19)	-	-	-	-	185,303	-	-	-	-	185,303	-	185,303	
Issuance of employee restricted shares	6(18)(19)(21)	43,340	-	-	-	593,758	-	-	-	(637,098)	-	-	-	
Employee stock options exercised	6(17)(18)(19)	64,422	-	1,079	-	266,017	-	-	-	-	331,518	-	331,518	
Cancellation of employee restricted shares	6(17)(18)(19)	(350)	-	-	-	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in restricted stocks to employees	6(19)(21)	-	-	-	-	(1,547)	-	-	-	1,547	-	-	-	
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	6(19)	-	-	-	-	(2,178)	-	-	-	-	(2,178)	-	(2,178)	
Compensation cost of share-based payments	6(19)(21)	-	-	-	-	285,694	-	-	-	26,278	311,972	-	311,972	
Changes in equity of associates accounted for using equity method	6(21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35,620)	(35,620)	-	(35,620)	
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	896,889	(896,889)	-	-	-	
Changes in non-controlling interest	6(21)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(254,349)	984,441	730,092	(695,612)	34,480	
Balance at December 31, 2025		\$ 12,645,859	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 8,449	\$ -	\$ 66,447,413	\$ 6,105,174	\$ -	\$ 32,843,640	\$ 1,737,516	\$ 117,663,019	\$ 275,288	\$ 117,938,307	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

	Notes	Year ended December 31	
		2025	2024
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Profit before tax		\$ 17,399,091	\$ 11,834,784
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation	6(28)	1,179,757	1,047,720
Amortisation	6(28)	574,608	359,192
Impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	639,996	98,126
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	6(10)	104,320	-
Net loss (gain) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(26)	415,987	(651,699)
Share-based payments	6(17)	332,011	119,757
Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(7)	(105,251)	22,314
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	6(26)	(20,039)	9,745
Interest expense	6(27)	3,260,674	3,414,912
Interest income	6(24)	(762,233)	(829,108)
Dividend income	6(25)	(316,285)	(258,272)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Accounts receivable		(32,739,654)	34,635,992
Other receivables		1,366,930	1,364,316
Inventories		(104,533,540)	(15,251,248)
Prepayments		86,620	(201,430)
Other current assets (including contract assets)		156,270	(167,112)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(380,443)	576,411
Contract liabilities		2,876,116	(403,733)
Accounts payable		134,170,612	3,738,641
Other payables		(1,452,183)	3,063,168
Other current liabilities (including refund liabilities)		582,344	2,746,355
Net defined benefit liability		(188,037)	153,383
Cash inflow generated from operations		22,647,671	45,422,214
Interest received		762,233	829,108
Dividends received		316,285	258,272
Interest paid		(3,211,869)	(3,369,834)
Income taxes paid		(2,908,282)	(712,114)
Net cash flows from operating activities		<u>17,606,038</u>	<u>42,427,646</u>

(Continued)

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

	Notes	Year ended December 31	
		2025	2024
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(\$ 26,490)	(\$ 5,097)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		19,675	14,195
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(42,554)	(12,500)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)	13,260	8,556,585
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	20,866
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets		134,026	(9,500)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(33)	(1,667,662)	(249,046)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		33,015	41,164
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(10)	(270,981)	(70,096)
Increase in guarantee deposits		(23,021)	(59,501)
Decrease in guarantee deposits		32,172	226,590
Net cash payments for business combination	6(33)	-	(117,455,548)
Decrease in other non-current assets		37,158	115,999
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	6(10)	391	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(1,761,011)	(108,885,889)
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(34)	1,796,762,913	1,719,020,108
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(34)	(1,806,368,121)	(1,703,763,190)
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	6(34)	68,261	1,229,506
Proceeds from long-term loans	6(34)	300,152,970	215,502,756
Repayments of long-term loans	6(34)	(332,013,439)	(164,873,980)
Payment of lease liabilities	6(34)	(707,799)	(656,927)
Proceeds from issuing bonds	6(34)	10,836,447	-
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities		62,188	(909,131)
Increase in non-controlling interests	6(33) and 7	(985,795)	-
Cash dividends paid	6(20)	(6,997,486)	(2,278,438)
Employee stock options exercised		331,517	511,695
Capital injection	6(18)	12,040,678	18,247,457
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(26,817,666)	82,029,856
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(616,332)	1,408,564
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(11,588,971)	16,980,177
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		39,727,726	22,747,549
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$ 28,138,755	\$ 39,727,726

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the sales of electronic, communication components, and their components, as well as general import and export trade.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on March 3, 2026.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS[®]") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2025 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments'	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2025 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments'	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Contracts referencing nature-dependent electricity'	January 1, 2026
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11	January 1, 2026

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'	January 1, 2027 (Note)
IFRS 19, 'Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures'	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation'	January 1, 2027

Note : The FSC has announced in a press release on September 25, 2025 that public companies will apply IFRS 18 starting from the fiscal year 2028. Additionally, entities can choose to adopt IFRS 18 earlier based on their requirements after the FSC endorses IFRS 18.

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment, the quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and the International Accounting Standards 34, "Interim financial reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

- (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
- (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- (c) Defined benefit assets (liabilities) recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners

of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	Ownership (%)		Note
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Wintech Microelectronics Holding Limited	Investment Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Morrihan International Corp.	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	BSI Semiconductor Pte. Ltd.	Investment Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Nuvision Technology Inc.	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Milestone Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Company	-	100	(f)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	SinYie Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Company	-	-	(b)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Techmosa International Inc.	Trading Company	-	100	(j)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	MSD Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	-	100	(h)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Maxtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	

Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	Ownership (%)		Note
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Analog World Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	-	100	(k)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Investment Company	-	80	(e) (l)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	WT Solomon QCE Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	WT Microelectronics (Hong Kong) Limited	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	WT Technology (H.K.) Limited	Trading Company	-	100	(i)
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	WT Technology Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Future Electronics Inc.	Trading Company	51	51	
WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Trading Company	100	-	(m)
Wintech Microelectronics Holding Limited	WT Microelectronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Wintech Microelectronics	Promising Investment Limited	Investment Company	100	100	
Wintech Microelectronics	Wintech Microelectronics Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Wintech Microelectronics	Wintech Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment Company	100	100	
BSI Semiconductor Pte. Ltd.	Wonchang Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
BSI Semiconductor Pte. Ltd.	WT Technology Korea Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	4.53	4.53	
Morrihan International Corp.	Asia Latest Technology Limited	Investment Company	100	100	
Morrihan International Corp.	Future Electronics Inc.	Trading Company	49	49	
Promising Investment Limited	Nino Capital Co., Ltd.	Investment Company	100	100	
Promising Investment Limited	Rich Web Ltd.	Investment Company	100	100	
Wintech Investment Co., Ltd.	WT Microelectronics (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Selling and Technology Servicing	-	100	(d)

Name of Investor	Name of Subsidiary	Main Business Activities	Ownership (%)		Note
			December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	
Wintech Investment Co., Ltd.	WT Technology Korea Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	95.47	95.47	
Nino Capital Co., Ltd.	Shanghai WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Rich Web Ltd.	WT Microelectronics (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Brillnics Inc.	Investment Company	60.03	60.34	(a) (c)
WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	WT Microelectronics (Thailand) Co., Limited.	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	WT Microelectronics India Private Limited	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Wintech Microelectronics (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	-	(d)
WT Microelectronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte ltd.	Investment Company	100	-	(l)
Asia Latest Technology Limited	WT Microelectronics (Shanghai) Technology Co., Ltd.	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
Techmosa International Inc.	Morrihan Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	-	100	(m)
Maxtek Technology Co., Ltd.	HongTech Electronics Co., Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Maxtek Technology Co., Ltd.	Lacewood International Corp.	Trading Company	100	100	
Brillnics Inc.	Brillnics (HK) Limited	Selling and Technology Servicing	100	100	
Brillnics Inc.	Brillnics Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Trading Company	100	100	
Brillnics (HK) Limited	Brillnics Japan Inc.	Research and Developme	100	100	
Brillnics (HK) Limited	Brillnics (Taiwan) Inc.	Research and Developme	100	100	
WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Excelpoint Technology Pte. Ltd.	Investment Company	100	100	
Analog World Co., Ltd.	Leader's Technology Co., Ltd.	Selling and Technology Servicing	-	100	(g)

- (a) Employees of BRILLNICS INC. exercised employee stock options in installments for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 and accordingly, the shareholder ratio decreased to 60.03% and 60.34%, respectively.
 - (b) In November 2024, SINYIE INVESTMENT CO., Ltd. had been dissolved and liquidated.
 - (c) In January 2024, WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. directly held all the equity interest in BRILLNICS INC. in response to the adjustment of the Group's organisational structure.
 - (d) In March 2025, WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. directly held all the equity interest of WT MICROELECTRONICS (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD. in response to the adjustment of the Group's organisational structure.
 - (e) The Group acquired 20% equity interest of WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. by cash from the non-controlling interests shareholders in February 2025. As a result, the Group's equity interest increased from 80% to 100% and WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group.
 - (f) MILESTONE INVESTMENT CO., LTD. conducted a short-form merger with the Company (effective date set on March 1, 2025) and the registration had been completed on April 9, 2025.
 - (g) On June 30, 2025, LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. had been dissolved and liquidated.
 - (h) On August 21, 2025, MSD HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. had been dissolved and liquidated.
 - (i) On August 22, 2025, WT TECHNOLOGY(H.K.) LTD. had been dissolved and liquidated.
 - (j) TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC. conducted a short-form merger with the Company (effective date set on November 30, 2025) and the registration had been completed on December 18, 2025.
 - (k) On November 12, 2025, ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD. had been dissolved and liquidated.
 - (l) In December 2025, WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. directly held all the equity interest of WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. in response to the adjustment of the Group's organisational structure. The registration had been completed on December 3, 2025.
 - (m) In December 2025, The Company directly held all the equity interest of MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. in response to the adjustment of the Group's organisational structure. The registration had been completed on February 11, 2026.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

		Non-controlling interest	
		December 31, 2024	
Name of Subsidiary	Principal place of business	Amount	Ownership (%)
WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	\$ 742,022	20%

Summarised financial information of WT Semiconductor Holdings Pte. Ltd.:

Balance Sheet

	December 31, 2024
Current assets	\$ 10,762,516
Non-current assets	2,014,113
Current liabilities	(7,756,993)
Non-current liabilities	(142,206)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 4,877,430</u>

Statement of comprehensive income

	January 1 to February 17, 2025 (Effective Date)	Years ended December 31, 2024
Revenue	\$ 2,811,611	\$ 42,108,667
Loss for the period from continuing operations	(48,293)	(401,705)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(1,987)	(3,512)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	<u>(\$ 50,280)</u>	<u>(\$ 405,217)</u>
Comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interest	<u>(\$ 481)</u>	<u>(\$ 29,768)</u>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Statement of cash flows

	January 1 to February 17, 2025 (Effective Date)	Years ended December 31, 2024
Net cash flows used in operating	(\$ 992,603)	(\$ 507,130)
Net cash flows from investing activities	62	24,261
Net cash flows from financing activities	584,324	107,324
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	<u>3,024</u>	<u>110,328</u>
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(<u>405,193</u>)	(<u>265,217</u>)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>1,260,763</u>	<u>1,525,980</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 855,570</u>	<u>\$ 1,260,763</u>

The summarised financial information of the subsidiaries stated above were based on each subgroup's consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of comprehensive income and consolidated statements of cash flows in their respective presentation currencies and translated into New Taiwan Dollars at the closing exchange rate at the corresponding balance sheet date and average exchange rate for the current period, respectively.

(4) Foreign currency translation

- A. Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.
- B. Foreign currency transactions and balances
- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

- (d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses.'

C. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is an associate or joint arrangement, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on sale. In addition, if the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign associate or joint arrangement after losing significant influence over the former foreign associate, or losing joint control of the former joint arrangement, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in these foreign operations.
- (c) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (d) Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities that are held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) Liabilities that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- (d) It does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss

- A. These are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income and are held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition relating to the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are initially recognised and subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- C. The Group's operating pattern of accounts receivable that are expected to be factored is for the purpose of receiving contract cash flow and selling, and the accounts receivable are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income.

(10) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for twelve months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred, however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

(12) Leasing arrangements (lessor) - operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(13) Inventories

- A. The cost of inventories includes the purchase price, import duties and other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of goods. The discount, allowance and others alike should be deducted from the cost.
- B. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(14) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or

- indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
 - C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
 - D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for using equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
 - F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
 - G. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised as capital surplus in relation to the associate are transferred to profit or loss proportionately.
 - H. As of the balance sheet date, the Group conducts impairment tests for related parties that show signs of impairment. The entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is treated

as a single asset and compared with its recoverable amount (the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell). Any recognized impairment loss is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Reversals of impairment losses are recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings	27 ~ 56 years
Office equipment	2 ~ 25 years
Other assets	2 ~ 15 years

(16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following:
 - (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
 - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are

changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:

- (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
- (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 27 ~ 56 years.

(18) Intangible assets

- A. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.
- B. Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 2 ~ 5 years.
- C. Other intangible assets, mainly customer relationship, are recorded at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 5 ~ 26.74 years.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amount of goodwill shall be evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.
- C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to

benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

(20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are initially recognised and subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(21) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs.

(22) Convertible corporate bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- B. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of 'bonds payable' as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- C. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- D. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total carrying amount of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(24) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(25) Hedge accounting

- A. At the inception of the hedging relationship, there is formal designation and documentation of the hedging relationship and the Group's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. That documentation shall include identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements.
- B. The Group designates the hedging relationship as follows:
 - (a) Hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation.
- C. Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation
 - (a) It is accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges.
 - (b) The portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognised in other comprehensive income. The ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss.
 - (c) The cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge that has been accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve shall be reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

(26) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-

quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.

- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(27) Employee share-based payment

- A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.
- B. The grant date of cash capital increase reserved for employee preemption is the date at which the entity and the employee agree to a share-based payment arrangement, being when the entity and the counterparty have a shared understanding of the terms and conditions of the arrangement.
- C. Restricted stocks:
 - (a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period.
 - (b) For restricted stocks where those stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees and employees are not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period, the Group recognises the fair value of the dividends received by the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as compensation cost at the date of dividends declared.

(28) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from research and development expenditures to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(29) Share capital

- A. Common stock is classified as equity. The classification of preferred stocks is determined according to the special rights attached to the preferred stocks based on the substance of the contract and the definition of financial liabilities and equity instruments. Preferred stocks are classified as liabilities when they have the basic characteristics of financial liabilities; otherwise, they are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their carrying amount and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(30) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders or Board of Directors. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(31) Revenue recognition

A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group sells electronic components. Sales are recognised when the control of the products has been transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

- (b) The goods are often sold with discounts based on aggregate sales. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated sales discounts and allowances. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the sales discounts and allowances, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognised for expected discounts payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the payments exceed the merchandise provided, a contract liability is recognised.

B. Services

- (a) The Group provides semiconductor development services. Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided at the end of the reporting period in a proportion to the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the contract costs incurred for services performed to the estimated total cost for the service contract. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised.
- (b) The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

(32) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation

at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.

- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Revenue recognition on a net/gross basis

The Group determines whether the nature of its performance obligation is to provide the specified goods or services itself (i.e. the Group is a principal) or to arrange for the other party to provide those goods or services (i.e. the Group is an agent) based on the transaction model and its economic substance. The Group is a principal if it controls a promised good or service before it transfers the good or service to a customer. The Group recognises revenue at gross amount of consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services transferred. The Group is an agent if its performance obligation is to arrange for the provision of goods or services by another party. The Group recognises revenue at the amount of any fee or commission to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for arranging for the other party to provide its goods or services.

Indicators that the Group controls the goods or services before it is provided to a customer include the following:

- A. The Group is primarily responsible for the provision of goods or services.

- B. The Group assumes the inventory risk before transferring the specified goods or services to the customer or after transferring control of the goods or services to the customer.
- C. The Group has discretion in establishing prices for the goods or services.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Impairment assessment of goodwill

The impairment assessment of goodwill relies on the Group’s subjective judgement, including identifying cash-generating units, allocating assets and liabilities as well as goodwill to related cash-generating units, and determining the recoverable amounts of related cash-generating units. Refer to Note 6(10) for goodwill impairment as of December 31, 2025.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business within the specified period before the balance sheet date. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation. Refer to Note 6(6) for the carrying amount of inventory as of December 31, 2025.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$ 3,407	\$ 41,013
Checking accounts and demand deposits	27,678,508	39,172,931
Time deposits	<u>456,840</u>	<u>513,782</u>
	<u>\$ 28,138,755</u>	<u>\$ 39,727,726</u>

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with good credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group’s deposits with banks that have been pledged as collateral were classified as ‘other current assets.’ Refer to Note 8 for details. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the time deposits with maturity date over 3 months of \$435,560 and \$590,551, respectively, are recorded as ‘other current assets.’

(2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Assets	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current items:		
Equity instruments	\$ 5,912	\$ 5,486
Derivatives	14,126	13,812
	<u>\$ 20,038</u>	<u>\$ 19,298</u>
Non-current items:		
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 338,658	\$ 341,765
Debt instruments	1,236	33,686
Hybrid instruments	38,518	16,377
	<u>\$ 378,412</u>	<u>\$ 391,828</u>
Liabilities	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current items:		
Derivatives	<u>\$ 22,616</u>	<u>\$ 138</u>

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Derivatives	(\$ 399,533)	\$ 631,795
Beneficiary certificates	10,812	37,999
Equity instruments	425	(291)
Debt instruments	(25,750)	(17,451)
Hybrid instruments	(1,941)	(353)
	<u>(\$ 415,987)</u>	<u>\$ 651,699</u>

B. The non-hedging derivative financial assets and liabilities and contract information are as follows:

	December 31, 2025		
	Contract amount (Notional principal) (In thousands)		Contract period
<u>Derivative financial assets</u>			
Current items:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD(BUY)	133,083	2025.12.29~2026.1.30
<u>Derivative financial liabilities</u>			
Current items:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD(BUY)	225,000	2025.12.29~2026.1.30

	December 31, 2024		
<u>Derivative financial assets</u>	<u>Contract amount</u> (Notional principal)		<u>Contract period</u>
	(In thousands)		
Current items:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD(BUY)	287,866	2024.12.27~2025.2.20
<u>Derivative financial liabilities</u>			
Current items:			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD(BUY)	51,939	2024.12.27~2025.2.20

The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to buy USD to hedge exchange rate risk of foreign currency. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

C. For the derivative transactions, the Group deals with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

D. The Group has no financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

<u>Items</u>	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Current items:		
Equity instruments	\$ <u>291,065</u>	\$ <u>367,589</u>
Non-current items:		
Equity instruments	\$ <u>6,137,993</u>	\$ <u>11,662,725</u>

A. The Group has elected to classify certain strategic investments in the aforementioned equity instruments, including publicly listed and privately held companies, as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. The Group sold \$8,556,585 of listed shares at fair value to satisfy its operating capital needs which resulted in a cumulative gain on disposal of \$4,744,793.

C. On October 1, 2025, the Company acquired the equity interest in NICHIDENBO CORPORATION through the issuance of new shares. After the share exchange, the Company held 35.47% and thereby had significant influence over NICHIDENBO CORPORATION. Thus, the investments in the entity were reclassified as ‘investments accounted for using equity method’ and were regarded as sale and repurchase. The gains on accumulated changes in fair value (shown as unappropriated retained earnings) amounted to \$896,889.

D. Refer to Note 6(21) for information on changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

E. The Group has no financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Notes receivable	\$ 1,524,492	\$ 2,064,637
Accounts receivable	169,065,445	140,291,069
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(571,561)	(261,598)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	<u>170,018,376</u>	<u>142,094,108</u>
Overdue receivables	817,968	444,849
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(817,968)	(444,849)
	<u>\$ 170,018,376</u>	<u>\$ 142,094,108</u>

A. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2024, the balance of accounts receivable and notes receivable amounted to \$112,373,574.

B. Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

(a) As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group had outstanding discounted notes receivable amounting to \$3,035,737 and \$3,747,629, respectively. However, as the notes receivable are bank's acceptance bills and are discounted without right of recourse, those discounted notes receivable were deducted directly from notes receivable.

(b) The Group entered into factoring agreements with domestic financial institutions to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreement, the Group is not obligated to bear the default risk of the transferred accounts receivable but is liable for the losses incurred on any business dispute. The Group does not have any continuing involvement in the transferred accounts receivable. Thus, the Group derecognised the transferred accounts receivable, and the related information is as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Accounts receivable transferred (Amount derecognised)	<u>\$ 43,840,245</u>	<u>\$ 60,151,762</u>
Amount advanced	<u>\$ 42,207,216</u>	<u>\$ 58,804,152</u>
Amount retained (shown as 'other receivables')	<u>\$ 1,633,029</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,610</u>

(c) The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

C. Transferred financial assets that are not derecognised in their entirety

(a) The Group entered into factoring agreements with domestic financial institutions to sell its accounts receivable. Under the agreement, the Group can transfer non-L/C accounts receivable financing to financial institutions, and the banks have the right of recourse to the transferred

accounts receivable. For accounts receivable that will not be recovered in the specific period, the Group will retain risk and returns of such accounts receivable. Accordingly, the Group did not derecognise the accounts receivable where the banks have the right of recourse, and related advance payments were listed in ‘short-term borrowings.’

(b) On December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group has no accounts receivable for sales and advance payments.

D. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the interest rates for amounts advanced ranged between 1.78%~5.074% and 1.85%~6.058%, respectively.

E. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the total limits of the accounts receivable factoring were \$313,206,447 and \$136,467,204, respectively.

F. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group has issued a promissory note of \$176,568,771 and \$197,633,122, respectively, as performance guarantee against any business dispute.

G. Refer to Note 6(27) for information on financing charges on accounts receivable factoring for the three months and years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

H. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group’s accounts receivable that are expected to be factored were classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income in the amounts of \$67,619,449 and \$28,411,490, respectively, and recorded as ‘accounts receivable.’

I. The Group took out a credit insurance on the accounts receivable from certain main customers, whereby 80%~90% of the receivable amount can be covered when the receivables are uncollectible. As at December 31, 2025 and 2024, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group’s notes and accounts receivable was the carrying amount of the notes and accounts receivable.

J. The Group has no accounts receivable pledged to others.

K. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Other receivables

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Amounts retained for accounts receivable factoring	\$ 1,633,029	\$ 1,347,610
VAT refund receivable	622,845	3,421,695
Input tax	409,634	496,876
Customs duties refund receivable	250,552	427,372
Government subsidies	244,143	-
Others	553,093	262,932
	\$ 3,713,296	\$ 5,956,485

(6) Inventories

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Merchandise inventory	\$ 261,298,094	\$ 162,563,495
Less: Allowance for inventory obsolescence and market value decline	(1,537,733)	(1,635,621)
	<u>\$ 259,760,361</u>	<u>\$ 160,927,874</u>

The cost recognised as expense for the period:

	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Cost of inventories sold	\$ 1,130,036,369	\$ 921,401,726
Services cost	349,593	385,833
(Gain on reversal of) loss on decline in market value	(60,905)	42,963
Loss on disposal of inventory	-	514
Loss on physical inventory	23	(1,209)
	<u>\$ 1,130,325,080</u>	<u>\$ 921,829,827</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because the Group sold some inventories with net realisable value lower than its cost.

(7) Investments accounted for using equity method

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
At January 1	\$ 31,612	\$ 44,539
Addition of investments accounted for using equity method	9,052,604	-
Changes in capital surplus	-	5,549
Share of loss of investments accounted for using equity method	105,251	(22,314)
Changes in other equity items	(48,851)	3,838
At December 31	<u>\$ 9,140,616</u>	<u>\$ 31,612</u>

Associates:

A. The basic information of the Group's significant associates is as follows:

<u>Company name</u>	<u>Principal place of business</u>	<u>Shareholding ratio</u>	<u>Relationship type</u>	<u>Measurement method</u>
		<u>December 31, 2025</u>		
NICHIDENBO CORPORATION	Taiwan	35.47%	Significant influence	Equity method

B. The consolidated financial information of the Group's associates is as follows:

Balance Sheet

	<u>NICHIDENBO CORPORATION</u>	
	<u>As of December 31, 2025</u>	
Current Assets	\$	10,305,913
Non-current Assets		9,868,558
Current Liabilities	(6,015,257)
Non-current Liabilities	(288,697)
Total Net Assets	\$	<u>13,870,517</u>
Share of Net Assets in Associates	\$	4,900,179
Goodwill		2,986,998
Others		<u>1,234,240</u>
Book value of associates	\$	<u>9,121,417</u>

Comprehensive income statement

	<u>NICHIDENBO CORPORATION</u>	
	<u>Year ended December 31, 2025</u>	
Revenue	\$	15,727,845
Net Profit from Continuing Operations	\$	1,275,493
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Tax)		<u>37,672</u>
Total Comprehensive Income for the Period	\$	<u>1,313,165</u>
Dividends Received from Associates	\$	<u>-</u>

C. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Loss for the period from continuing operations	(\$ 10,833)	(\$ 22,314)
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(211)	<u>1,192</u>
Total comprehensive loss	<u>(\$ 11,044)</u>	<u>(\$ 21,122)</u>

JCD OPTICAL (CAYMAN) LTD. increased its capital amounting to \$50,125 in February 2024. The Group did not acquire shares proportionally to its interest. As a result, the shareholder ratio changed to 16.94% and capital surplus increased by \$5,549.

D. The Group's major associates with publicly quoted market prices have the following fair values:

	<u>As of December 31, 2025</u>
NICHIDENBO CORPORATION	<u>\$ 10,036,800</u>

E. On October 1, 2025, the Company acquired the equity interest in NICHIDENBO CORPORATION through the issuance of new shares. Please refer to Notes 6(3) and 6(18) for details. After the share exchange, the Company is the single largest shareholder of NICHIDENBO CORPORATION with a 35.47% equity interest. Given that the Company does not hold the voting rights of more than half of its shareholders attendance rate, which indicates that the Company has no current ability to direct the relevant activities of NICHIDENBO CORPORATION, the Company has no control, but only has significant influence, over the investee.

(8) Property, plant and equipment

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2025</u>					
Cost	\$484,872	\$ 2,547,206	\$ 6,000,969	\$ 1,813,430	\$ 10,846,477
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(728,628)	(5,400,858)	(1,525,469)	(7,654,955)
	<u>\$484,872</u>	<u>\$ 1,818,578</u>	<u>\$ 600,111</u>	<u>\$ 287,961</u>	<u>\$ 3,191,522</u>
<u>2025</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$484,872	\$ 1,818,578	\$ 600,111	\$ 287,961	\$ 3,191,522
Acquired from business	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	1,172,174	344,647	144,780	1,661,601
Disposals	-	-	(3,072)	(9,904)	(12,976)
Reclassifications	-	363,426	(15,423)	5,249	353,252
Depreciation charge	-	(81,618)	(214,321)	(101,513)	(397,452)
Net exchange differences	(13,276)	(7,660)	41,782	(98,142)	(77,296)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$471,596</u>	<u>\$ 3,264,900</u>	<u>\$ 753,724</u>	<u>\$ 228,431</u>	<u>\$ 4,718,651</u>
<u>At December 31, 2025</u>					
Cost	\$471,596	\$ 4,100,482	\$ 6,012,378	\$ 1,569,560	\$ 12,154,016
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(835,582)	(5,258,654)	(1,341,129)	(7,435,365)
	<u>\$471,596</u>	<u>\$ 3,264,900</u>	<u>\$ 753,724</u>	<u>\$ 228,431</u>	<u>\$ 4,718,651</u>

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2024</u>					
Cost	\$163,048	\$ 840,435	\$ 777,534	\$ 764,443	\$ 2,545,460
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(134,188)	(567,587)	(581,155)	(1,282,930)
	<u>\$163,048</u>	<u>\$ 706,247</u>	<u>\$ 209,947</u>	<u>\$ 183,288</u>	<u>\$ 1,262,530</u>
<u>2024</u>					
Opening net book amount	\$163,048	\$ 706,247	\$ 209,947	\$ 183,288	\$ 1,262,530
Acquired from business combinations	284,878	1,179,486	433,841	225,971	2,124,176
Additions	1,382	-	157,072	97,674	256,128
Disposals	-	-	(5,003)	(45,906)	(50,909)
Reclassifications	-	(37,326)	6,742	(72,966)	(103,550)
Depreciation charge	-	(61,421)	(207,365)	(99,875)	(368,661)
Net exchange differences	<u>35,564</u>	<u>31,592</u>	<u>4,877</u>	<u>(225)</u>	<u>71,808</u>
Closing net book amount	<u>\$484,872</u>	<u>\$ 1,818,578</u>	<u>\$ 600,111</u>	<u>\$ 287,961</u>	<u>\$ 3,191,522</u>
<u>At December 31, 2024</u>					
Cost	\$484,872	\$ 2,547,206	\$ 6,000,969	\$ 1,813,430	\$ 10,846,477
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(728,628)	(5,400,858)	(1,525,469)	(7,654,955)
	<u>\$484,872</u>	<u>\$ 1,818,578</u>	<u>\$ 600,111</u>	<u>\$ 287,961</u>	<u>\$ 3,191,522</u>

A. Office and other equipment as at December 31, 2025 and 2024 were for the Group's own use and not for lease.

B. Regarding the property, plant and equipment arising from the Group's business combination for the years ended December 31, 2024, refer to Note 6(32) for details.

(9) Leasing arrangements - lessee

A. The Group leases various assets including land, office and warehouse. Except for right-of-use land for periods of 20 to 50 years, the rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

B. Short-term leases with a lease term of twelve months or less comprise certain offices, business vehicles, parking space and printers.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>
Land	\$ -	\$ 357,096
Buildings and structures	1,778,703	1,898,780
	<u>\$ 1,778,703</u>	<u>\$ 2,255,876</u>
	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	<u>Depreciation charge</u>	<u>Depreciation charge</u>
Land	\$ -	\$ 7,856
Buildings and structures	778,856	667,834
	<u>\$ 778,856</u>	<u>\$ 675,690</u>

D. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the additions to right-of-use assets (including the amounts acquired through business combinations) were \$780,751 and \$515,992, respectively. Regarding the right-of-use assets arising from the Group's business combination for the years ended December 31, 2024, refer to Note 6(32) for details.

E. The information on income or expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Items affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 66,680	\$ 67,760
Expense on short-term lease contracts	386,680	281,186

F. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$1,161,159 and \$1,005,873, respectively.

(10) Intangible assets

	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Software</u>	<u>Customer relationship</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2025</u>				
Cost	\$ 32,428,594	\$ 1,469,403	\$ 8,968,212	\$ 42,866,209
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(228,208)	(1,295,446)	(495,450)	(2,019,104)
	<u>\$ 32,200,386</u>	<u>\$ 173,957</u>	<u>\$ 8,472,762</u>	<u>\$ 40,847,105</u>
<u>2025</u>				
Opening net book amount	\$ 32,200,386	\$ 173,957	\$ 8,472,762	\$ 40,847,105
Additions	-	270,981	-	270,981
Disposal	-	(391)	-	(391)
Amortisation charge (shown as 'general and administrative expenses')	-	(154,749)	(419,859)	(574,608)
Impairment loss	(87,419)	-	(16,901)	(104,320)
Net exchange differences	(1,255,980)	(6,433)	(347,785)	(1,610,198)
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 30,856,987</u>	<u>\$ 282,347</u>	<u>\$ 7,688,217</u>	<u>\$ 38,827,551</u>
<u>At December 31, 2025</u>				
Cost	\$ 31,172,367	\$ 1,525,398	\$ 8,606,635	\$ 41,304,400
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(315,380)	(1,243,051)	(918,418)	(2,476,849)
	<u>\$ 30,856,987</u>	<u>\$ 282,347</u>	<u>\$ 7,688,217</u>	<u>\$ 38,827,551</u>

	<u>Goodwill</u>	<u>Software</u>	<u>Customer relationship</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>At January 1, 2024</u>				
Cost	\$ 3,008,793	\$ 173,941	\$ 692,869	\$ 3,875,603
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(228,202)	(142,996)	(164,770)	(535,968)
	<u>\$ 2,780,591</u>	<u>\$ 30,945</u>	<u>\$ 528,099</u>	<u>\$ 3,339,635</u>
<u>2024</u>				
Opening net book amount	\$ 2,780,591	\$ 30,945	\$ 528,099	\$ 3,339,635
Acquired from business combinations	28,611,359	-	8,073,255	36,684,614
Additions	-	70,096	-	70,096
Reclassifications	-	104,414	-	104,414
Amortisation charge (shown as 'general and administrative expenses')	-	(34,071)	(325,121)	(359,192)
Net exchange differences	808,436	2,573	196,529	1,007,538
Closing net book amount	<u>\$ 32,200,386</u>	<u>\$ 173,957</u>	<u>\$ 8,472,762</u>	<u>\$ 40,847,105</u>
<u>At December 31, 2024</u>				
Cost	\$ 32,428,594	\$ 1,469,403	\$ 8,968,212	\$ 42,866,209
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(228,208)	(1,295,446)	(495,450)	(2,019,104)
	<u>\$ 32,200,386</u>	<u>\$ 173,957</u>	<u>\$ 8,472,762</u>	<u>\$ 40,847,105</u>

A. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Canada	\$ 28,111,559	\$ 29,299,473
Greater China Region	1,192,266	1,202,104
All other segments	1,553,162	1,698,809
	<u>\$ 30,856,987</u>	<u>\$ 32,200,386</u>

B. Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to operating segment. The recoverable amount of all cash-generating units has been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period.

The future cash flows were estimated based on the annual revenue, gross profit and other operating expenses in the future. Management determined budgeted gross profit based on past performance and their expectations of market development. The Group's accrued average annual revenue growth rate for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were 6.81% ~8% and 0%~6.96%, respectively; the assumption used for discount rate is the weighted average capital cost of the Group. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the key valuations used for pre-tax discount rate to reflect risk of related cash-generating units were 6.02% ~10.06% and

4.93%~8.53%, respectively. Based on the aforementioned assessment, the Group recognised impairment loss amounting to \$104,320 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

C. There were no intangible assets that were pledged to others.

D. The intangible assets increased in the Group during the year 2024 due to business combinations are detailed in Note 6 (32).

(11) Short-term borrowings

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Credit loans	\$ 25,569,230	\$ 35,412,779
Interest rates per annum	<u>1.90%~4.55%</u>	<u>1.87%~5.03%</u>

(12) Short-term notes and bills payable

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Commercial paper	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,600,000
Amortisation of discount	(908)	(1,032)
	<u>\$ 1,699,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,598,968</u>
Coupon rate	<u>1.55%~1.80%</u>	<u>1.66%~1.91%</u>

The notes and bills were issued under securities and acceptance offered by the financial institutions to fund short-term capital. The issuance period is within 90 days.

(13) Other payables

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
Salaries and bonuses payable	\$ 3,972,590	3,398,715
Accrued VAT payable	695,248	3,109,010
Insurance expense payable	378,060	257,042
Freight payable	318,401	293,444
Services payable	186,642	191,672
Finance costs payable	112,697	136,888
Technical service fees payable	19,634	32,614
Others	1,194,057	1,590,085
	<u>\$ 6,877,329</u>	<u>\$ 9,009,470</u>

(14) Bonds payable

	<u>As of December 31, 2025</u>	<u>As of December 31, 2024</u>
Bonds Payable	\$ 11,276,424	\$ -
Less: Discount on Bonds Payable	(574,525)	-
	<u>\$ 10,701,899</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

- A. The company issued the overseas unsecured convertible bonds and completed the pricing as approved by the competent authority. The terms are as follows:
- (a) The total issuance amounted to USD 350 million, with a coupon rate of 0%, and the bonds matured 2 years from November 24, 2025 to November 24, 2027. The convertible bonds will be fully redeemed at the face value in cash at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Singapore Exchange on November 24, 2025. Upon maturity, the convertible bonds will be redeemed by the Company in USD at the yielding rate, which is the face value plus an annual interest rate of 1.125% (calculated once semi-annually).
 - (b) Except for the bonds redeemed early, repurchased and retired, bonds that were converted by their bondholders and the mandatory stop transfer period regulated by the relevant laws and agreed in the bond indenture separately, the bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into newly issued common shares of the Company in accordance with the relevant regulation and the bond indenture during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (excluding the issuance date) to 10 days before the maturity date, or on the day that the bondholders exercise the put option, or the fifth business day before the issue company exercise the redemption (excluding the issuance date).
 - (c) The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model specified in the terms of the bonds (the conversion price is \$181.70 (in dollars) per share), and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently.
 - (d) Under the terms of the bond issuance and conversion, the bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the secondary market), early redeemed, matured or the bonds converted and sold back by the bondholders will be cancelled and not to be re-issued.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$185,303 were separated from the liability component and were recognised in 'capital surplus - share options' in accordance with IAS 32.

(15) Long-term loans

		<u>December 31, 2025</u>		
<u>Type of loans</u>	<u>Period</u>	<u>Credit line</u>	<u>Interest rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Mid-term syndicated loans (note B)	2024.3.27 ~2029.3.27	\$ 30,000,000	2.7484%	\$ 6,027,317
Mid-term syndicated loans (note B)	2024.3.27 ~2029.3.27	30,000,000	2.7484%	6,027,317
Mid-term syndicated loans (note A)	2022.6.27 ~2027.6.27	24,000,000	2.2981%	10,000,000
Mid-term syndicated loans (note C)	2023.8.25 ~2028.8.25	20,000,000	2.2622%	8,240,000
Mid-term borrowings (Export-Import Bank of the Republic of China)	2023.4.24 ~2028.4.24	400,000	2.2178%	400,000
Mid-term borrowings (KGI Bank)	2024.12.5 ~2027.12.3	1,000,000	2.0381%	1,000,000
Mid-term borrowings (United Overseas Bank)	2021.3.17 ~2026.3.16	122,200	2%	7,938
Mid-term borrowings (United Overseas Bank)	2021.4.5 ~2026.4.4	122,200	2%	<u>10,563</u>
				31,713,135
Less: Long-term loans, current portion				(<u>8,032,002</u>)
				<u>\$ 23,681,133</u>

		December 31, 2024		
Type of loans	Period	Credit line	Interest rate	Amount
Mid-term syndicated loans (note B)	2024.3.27 ~2029.3.27	\$ 30,000,000	2.7442%	\$ 9,754,066
Mid-term syndicated loans (note B)	2024.3.27 ~2029.3.27	30,000,000	2.7398%	9,754,067
Mid-term syndicated loans (note A)	2022.6.27 ~2027.6.27	24,000,000	2.2914%	13,000,000
Mid-term syndicated loans (note A)	2021.7.29 ~2026.7.29	12,000,000	2.2929%~ 2.2936%	10,000,000
Mid-term syndicated loans (note C)	2023.8.25 ~2028.8.25	20,000,000	2.2548%	19,440,000
Mid-term borrowings (Export-Import Bank of the Republic of China)	2023.4.24 ~2028.4.24	400,000	2.2186%	400,000
Mid-term borrowings (KGI Bank)	2024.12.5 ~2027.12.3	1,000,000	2.0363%	1,000,000
Mid-term borrowings (United Overseas Bank)	2020.4.28 ~2025.4.27	96,520	2%	8,337
Mid-term borrowings (United Overseas Bank)	2021.3.17 ~2026.3.16	120,650	2%	38,720
Mid-term borrowings (DBS Bank Ltd.)	2020.6.24 ~2025.6.23	24,130	2%	3,120
Mid-term borrowings (United Overseas Bank)	2021.4.5 ~2026.4.4	120,650	2%	41,298
				63,439,608
Less: Long-term loans, current portion				(73,218)
				<u>\$ 63,366,390</u>

A. On April 27, 2021, May 9, 2022 and July 15, 2025, the Group's Board of Directors resolved to sign syndicated loan agreements with a financial institution amounting to NT\$12 billion, NT\$24 billion and NT\$36 billion, respectively. As stipulated in the syndicated loan agreements:

- (a) Credit period: 5 years after the date of first drawdown of any credit line.
- (b) Drawdown period: The day before 5 years after the date of first drawdown. However, maturity date of each borrowing shall not exceed the credit period. The borrower may apply for re-utilisation within the credit period 5 years after the date of first drawdown according to the capital situation. However, each drawdown must be fully repaid before the expiry of the credit period.
- (c) Financial commitment: The borrower's consolidated financial statements shall maintain the following financial ratios and regulations:
 - i. Liquidity ratio: Shall be at least 100%.
 - ii. Net debt ratio: Shall be no more than 250%.

iii. Interest coverage ratio shall be at least 200%.

The abovementioned financial ratios are reviewed semi-annually.

B. On January 31, 2024, the Group's Board of Directors resolved to sign a syndicated loan agreement with a financial institution amounting to NT\$60 billion to support the acquisition of 100% equity interest in FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. As stipulated in the syndicated loan agreement:

(a) Credit item and facility: The total credit facility is NT\$60 billion.

(b) Credit period: 5 years after the date of first drawdown.

(c) Drawdown period: 5 years after the date of first drawdown. Maturity date of each borrowing shall not exceed the credit period.

(d) Financial commitments:

i. The borrower's consolidated financial statements shall maintain the following financial ratios and regulations:

(i) Liquidity ratio: Shall be at least 100%.

(ii) Net debt ratio: Shall not be higher than 500% starting from the year ending December 31, 2024 and shall not be adjusted higher than 400% starting from the year ending December 31, 2026.

(iii) Interest coverage ratio shall be at least 200%.

The abovementioned financial ratios are reviewed semi-annually.

ii. The financial statements of FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. shall maintain the following financial ratios and regulations, which shall be applicable from the report for the year beginning January 1, 2024:

(i) Liquidity ratio: Shall be at least 100%.

(ii) Debt ratio: Shall not be more than 100%.

(iii) Interest coverage ratio shall be at least 200%.

(iv) Net assets shall be at least US\$2.4 billion.

The abovementioned financial ratios are reviewed annually.

(e) Collateral:

The Group pledged 100% stocks of FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. as the collateral.

C. On August 2, 2023, the Group's Board of Directors resolved to sign a syndicated loan agreement with a financial institution amounting to NT\$20 billion. As stipulated in the syndicated loan agreement:

(a) Credit period: 5 years after the date of first drawdown.

- (b) Drawdown period: The day before 5 years after the date of first drawdown. However, maturity date of each borrowing shall not exceed the credit period of each drawdown. The borrower may apply for re-utilisation from the date of first drawdown for 5 years according to the capital situation. However, each drawdown must be fully repaid before the expiry of the credit period.
- (c) Financial commitments: The borrower's consolidated financial statements shall maintain the following financial ratios and regulations:
 - i. Liquidity ratio: Shall be at least 100%.
 - ii. Net debt ratio: Shall be no more than 280%.
 - iii. Interest coverage ratio shall be at least 200%.The abovementioned financial ratios are reviewed semi-annually.
- D. The Group's financial ratios in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 have met the required covenants under the abovementioned borrowing contract.
- E. The Group's liquidity risk is provided in Note 12.

(16) Pensions

A. Defined benefit pension plan

- (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Group would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Group will make contributions for the deficit by next March.

(b) The amounts recognized on the balance sheet are as follows:

	<u>As of December 31, 2025</u>	<u>As of December 31, 2024</u>
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$ 221,872	\$ 211,891
Fair value of plan assets	(173,861)	(179,146)
Net defined benefit liability	<u>\$ 48,011</u>	<u>\$ 32,745</u>
Presented under "Other Non-current Assets"	<u>\$ 1,819</u>	<u>\$ 10,097</u>
Presented under "Other Non-current Liabilities"	<u>\$ 49,830</u>	<u>\$ 42,842</u>

(c) The changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) are as follows:

	<u>Defined Benefit</u>		<u>Net Defined Benefit</u>
	<u>Obligation</u>	<u>Plan Assets (Fair Value)</u>	<u>Liability</u>
2025			
Balance as of January 1	\$ 211,891	\$ 179,146	\$ 32,745
Current service cost	752	-	752
Interest (expense) income	5,073	4,585	488
Settlement loss	(19,341)	(24,265)	4,924
	<u>198,375</u>	<u>159,466</u>	<u>38,909</u>
Remeasurements:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or	-	10,978	(10,978)
Effects of changes in financial assumptions	3,782	-	3,782
Experience adjustments	<u>20,373</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,373</u>
	<u>24,155</u>	<u>10,978</u>	<u>13,177</u>
Contributions to pension funds	-	4,022	(4,022)
Retirement payments	(665)	(605)	(60)
Others	<u>7</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7</u>
At December 31	<u>\$ 221,872</u>	<u>\$ 173,861</u>	<u>\$ 48,011</u>

	Defined Benefit Obligation	Plan Assets (Fair Value)	Net Defined Benefit Liability
2024			
Balance as of January 1	\$ 223,995	\$ 165,099	\$ 58,896
Current service cost	891	-	891
Interest (expense) income	2,708	2,001	707
	<u>227,594</u>	<u>167,100</u>	<u>60,494</u>
Remeasurements:			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income or Effects of changes in financial assumptions	-	14,502	(14,502)
Experience adjustments	(5,830)	-	(5,830)
	<u>(3,087)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,087)</u>
	<u>(8,917)</u>	<u>14,502</u>	<u>23,419</u>
Contributions to pension funds	-	4,330	(4,330)
Retirement payments	(6,786)	(6,786)	-
At December 31	<u>\$ 211,891</u>	<u>\$ 179,146</u>	<u>\$ 32,745</u>

(d) The defined benefit retirement plan fund assets of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries are entrusted to Bank of Taiwan for management according to the investment plan of the fund for the year. The entrusted management is carried out within the proportion and amount limits specified by the items under Article 6 of the Labor Pension Fund Custody and Operation Measures. This includes deposits in domestic and foreign financial institutions, investments in domestic and foreign listed, OTC, or private placement equity securities, and investments. The entrusted management includes securitized products of domestic and foreign real estate, among others. The related fund utilization is supervised by the Labor Retirement Fund Supervisory Committee. The minimum annual return allocated in the fund's financial statements shall not be lower than the interest calculated based on a two-year fixed deposit rate of local banks. If there is a shortfall, it will be supplemented by the national treasury upon approval from the competent authority. Since the Company has no right to participate in the operation and management of the fund, it is unable to disclose the classification of the fair value of plan assets in accordance with paragraph 142 of IAS 19. The fair values of the total assets constituting the fund as of December 31, 2024, and 2025, are detailed in the respective annual Labor Retirement Fund utilization reports announced by the government.

(e) Summary of Actuarial Assumptions for Retirement Benefits:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Discount Rate	1.3% ~ 1.4%	1.6%
Future Salary Increase Rate	3%	3%

Assumptions on future mortality rates are based on the 6th experience life table for Taiwan life insurance.

The impact on the present value of defined benefit obligations due to changes in key actuarial assumptions is analyzed as follows:

	Discount Rate		Future Salary Increase Rate	
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%
<u>At December 31, 2025</u>				
Impact on the Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	(\$ 3,283)	\$ 3,364	\$ 2,756	(\$ 2,706)
<u>At December 31, 2024</u>				
Impact on the Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	(\$ 3,627)	\$ 3,725	\$ 3,143	(\$ 3,080)

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous period.

(f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2026 amount to \$3,309.

(g) As of December 31, 2025, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is 6 to 9 years.

B. Defined contribution pension plan

(a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.

(b) The Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China have a defined contribution plan in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC). These companies contribute monthly an amount based on 14%~16% of the employees' monthly salaries based on the employees' domiciles to their independent funds administered by the government. For the subsidiaries in Hong Kong, these companies and its employees each contribute monthly an amount equal to 5% of the employees' monthly salaries pursuant to the legislation in Hong Kong. Each fund is managed by the government. Except for the monthly contribution, these companies have no other obligation.

(c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were \$721,525 and \$480,973, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

A. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group's share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Vesting conditions
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.1.13	2,992 thousand shares	(a) and (b)
Employee stock options	2021.3.18	12,000 thousand shares	(c)
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.7.28	2,788 thousand shares	(a) and (b)
Employee stock options	2022.1.6	18,854 thousand shares	(c)
Cash capital increase by issuing common stock reserved for employee preemption	2023.11.15~ 2023.11.17	6,511 thousand shares	Vested immediately
Employee stock options	2024.10.23	22,849 thousand shares	(d)
Employee stock options	2025.11.4	1,870 thousand shares	(d)
Restricted stocks to employees	2025.11.14	4,334 thousand shares	(a) and (b)

(a) The vesting percentage for the employee who has rendered service to the Company since the grant date and achieves the performance condition is 25% each year.

(b) The issued employee restricted shares before meeting the vesting conditions are subject to certain restrictions as follows:

- i. Employee restricted shares cannot be sold, pledged, transferred, donated to others, set purposes or disposed in any other ways, except for inheritance.
- ii. The rights to attend, propose, speak and vote at the shareholders meeting are the same as the issued common stock of the Company and are implemented in accordance with the trust custody contract.

iii. Other rights including but not limited to dividends, distribution rights of legal reserve and capital surplus and share options of cash capital increase, etc. are the same as the Company's issued common stock, do not need to be kept in trust and are not restricted by the vesting period. Employees are required to return the unvested stocks but not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period.

(c) Employees can exercise 50%, 25% and 25% of their option after 2 years, 3 years and 4 years from the grant date of employee stock options, respectively.

(d) Employees can exercise 30%, 30% and 40% of their option after 2 years, 3 years and 4 years from the grant date of employee stock options, respectively.

B. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Stock price (in dollars)	Exercise price (in dollars)	Expected price volatility (%)	Expected option life (years)	Expected dividends	Risk-free interest rate (%)	Fair value per unit (in dollars)
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.1.13	\$ 42.05	\$ -	-	4	-	-	\$ 42.05
Employee stock options	2021.3.18	\$ 46.80	\$ 46.80	18.44~ 18.46	4~5	-	0.31~ 0.34	\$ 7.0985~ \$ 8.1307
Restricted stocks to employees	2021.7.28	\$ 61.20	\$ -	-	4	-	-	\$ 58.00
Employee stock options	2022.1.6	\$ 75.40	\$ 75.40	21.06~ 22.66	3.5~4.5	-	0.55~ 0.62	\$ 13.2673~ \$ 14.2005
Cash capital increase by issuing common stock reserved for employee preemption	2023.11.15~ 2023.11.17	\$ 114.00~ \$ 124.50	\$ 95.00	-	-	-	-	\$ 19.00~ \$ 29.50
Employee stock options	2024.10.23	\$ 115.50	\$115.50	34.85~ 36.43	4~5	-	1.42~ 1.44	\$ 35.2252~ \$ 37.9548
Employee stock options	2025.11.4	\$ 149.00	\$149.00	36.76~ 39.04	4~5	-	1.18~ 1.19	\$47.7175~ 50.5730
Restricted stocks to employees	2025.11.14	\$ 147.00	\$ -	-	4	-	-	\$ 147.00

C. Details of the stock options for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed as follows:

	2025		
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	Weighted-average remaining contractual period
Options outstanding at January 1	38,240	\$ 91.27	
Options granted	1,870	149.00	
Options exercised	(6,551)	50.60	
Options forfeited	(884)	95.38	
Options expired	(19)	60.33	
Options outstanding at December 31	<u>32,656</u>	97.06	3.88 years
Options exercisable at December 31	<u>4,522</u>		
	2024		
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	Weighted-average remaining contractual period
Options outstanding at January 1	24,927	\$ 57.77	
Options granted	22,849	115.50	
Options exercised	(9,262)	55.56	
Options forfeited	(274)	60.55	
Options outstanding at December 31	<u>38,240</u>	91.27	4.3 years
Options exercisable at December 31	<u>3,802</u>		

D. The weighted-average stock price of stock options were \$117.46 and \$142.30 (in dollars) for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

E. Details of the employee restricted shares for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	No. of shares (in thousands)	No. of shares (in thousands)
Shares outstanding at January	1,283	2,638
Shares redeemed at beginning of year but not yet forfeited	7	14
Shares granted	4,334	-
Shares vested	(1,248)	(1,298)
Shares forfeited	(35)	(64)
Shares redeemed, not yet forfeited	-	(7)
Shares outstanding at December 31	<u>4,341</u>	<u>1,283</u>

F. Compensation cost of share-based payment of \$332,011 and \$119,757 were recognised for the three months and years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(18) Share capital

As of December 31, 2025, the Company's authorised capital was \$30,000,000, including partial preferred stocks, consisting of 3 billion shares (including 300 million shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$13,983,834 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Common stock

A. Movements in the number of the Company's common stock (including certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds) outstanding are as follows:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	Shares (in thousands)	Shares (in thousands)
At January 1	1,117,153	887,955
Issuance of shares for share exchange	47,428	-
Issuance of shares of restricted stocks to employees	4,334	-
Employee stock options exercised	6,551	9,262
Cancellation of employee restricted shares	(35)	(64)
Capital injection	<u>90,000</u>	<u>220,000</u>
At December 31	<u>1,265,431</u>	<u>1,117,153</u>

B. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, employees of the Company exercised employee stock options, which have been converted into 6,551 thousand and 9,262 thousand common stocks, respectively. There are still 845 thousand and 737 thousand common stocks that were recorded under 'certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds' because the change in registration has not yet been completed as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

- C. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company has retrieved 35 thousand and 64 thousand of employee restricted shares, respectively, for not satisfying vesting conditions, and the Company cancelled and retired the shares in accordance with the regulations.
- D. On September 28, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved to increase the Company's capital by issuing 135 million new shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share issued at NT\$95 (in dollars) per share. The Company received \$7,396,604 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and \$5,423,396 for the year ended December 31, 2023, respectively, from the issuance of shares. The effective date of the capital increase was set on January 9, 2024 and the registration has been completed.
- E. On July 15, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to increase its capital by issuing 47.428 million ordinary shares in exchange for 71 million newly issued ordinary shares of NICHIDENBO CORPORATION. The effective date of the capital increase for the share exchange was set on October 1, 2025. Please refer to Notes 6(3) and 6(7) for details.
- F. On May 28, 2025, the Company's shareholders during their meeting resolved to issue 60 million employee restricted shares with a par value of NT\$10 (in dollars) per share. The employee restricted shares were issued over several installments within one year. The number of first issuance of ordinary shares was 4.334 million shares and the effective date was set on November 14, 2025.

Global depositary receipts

- A. On February 29, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to increase capital by issuing common stock to participate in the issuance of the global depositary receipts to support the capital requirement for the purchases of materials in foreign currency. The capital increase was approved by the Financial Supervisory Committee on March 26, 2024 and 17,000 thousand units of global depositary receipts were issued at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange on April 12, 2024 at a price of US\$20.08 (in dollars) per unit. The global depositary receipts represented 85,000 thousand shares of the Company's common stock. The amount after deducting issuance cost was US\$337,497 thousand (NT\$10,850,853 thousand). Each unit of the global depositary receipts represents 5 shares of the Company's common stocks.
- B. On October 13, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to increase capital by issuing common stock to participate in the issuance of the global depositary receipts to support the capital requirement for the purchases of materials in foreign currency. The capital increase was approved by the Financial Supervisory Committee on November 12, 2025 and 18,000 thousand units of global depositary receipts were issued at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange on November 20, 2025 at a price of US\$21.6 (in dollars) per unit. The global depositary receipts represented 90,000 thousand shares of the Company's common stock. The amount after deducting issuance cost was US\$385,426 thousand (NT\$12,040,678 thousand). Each unit of the global depositary receipts represents 5 shares of the Company's common stocks.

Preferred stock

On July 2, 2020, the Board of Directors resolved to increase the Company's capital in the amount of \$6,750,000 by issuing 135 million shares of Class A preferred stocks with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share issued at \$50 (in dollars) per share. The capital injection was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission on July 29, 2020, and the effective date was set on October 15, 2020. The rights and obligations of these outstanding preferred stocks are as follows:

- A. Expiration date: The Company's Class A preferred stocks are perpetual. The shareholders of Class A preferred stocks cannot request the Company to retire the preferred stocks they hold but all or certain parts are callable at any time from the next day of five years after issuance at the actual issue price. The outstanding Class A preferred stocks sustained all the rights and obligations specified in the issuance terms. Dividends payable as of the redemption date shall be calculated based on the actual outstanding days if the Board of Directors resolved to distribute the current year's dividends.
- B. Dividends: The Company's Class A preferred stocks have an original fixed dividend rate of 4% per annum. The dividend rate will be reset on the next business day following the completion of five years from the issuance date. The pricing effective date for the rate reset is two business days in Taipei financial industry prior to the IRS rate reset date (i.e., October 13, 2025). The five-year interest rate swap (IRS) rate is determined by the arithmetic average of the five-year IRS rates quoted on Reuters pages "TAIFXIRS" and "COSMOS3" at 11:00 a.m. (Taipei time) on the pricing effective date, which is 1.714%. A fixed markup of 3.3875%, established at issuance, is added to this rate. Therefore, the dividend rate is reset to 5.1015% per annum, effective from October 15, 2025.
- C. Dividend distribution: Dividends of Class A preferred stocks are distributed once per year in the form of cash. The effective date for distributing previous year's distributable dividends will be set by the Board of Directors or the chairman who is authorized by the Board of Directors. Dividend distributions in the years of issuance and redemption are calculated based on the actual outstanding days. The current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating deficit and then set aside as legal reserve. Special reserve shall be set aside or reversed as required by regulations or the Competent Authority when necessary. The remainder, if any in the current year, can be distributed as dividends of preferred stocks in first priority.

The Company has discretion in dividend distribution of Class A preferred stocks. The Company could choose not to distribute dividends of preferred stocks when resolved by the Board of Directors, which would not lead to default if the Company has no or has insufficient current year's earnings for distribution or has other considerations. In addition, the amounts of undistributed dividends or insufficient distributed dividends will not be deferred to future years when the Company has earnings.

- D. Excess dividend distribution: Besides the aforementioned dividends, the shareholders of Class A preferred stocks could not participate in the distribution of cash and capitalised assets for common shares derived from earnings and capital surplus.
- E. Residual property distribution: The shareholders of Class A preferred stocks have priority over shareholders of common stocks in distributing the Company's residual properties and have the same priority with other preferred stockholders of the Company, but behind the general creditor. In addition, the limit is the amount calculated by shares of outstanding preferred stocks issued and the issue price when distributing.
- F. Right to vote and be elected: The shareholders of Class A preferred stocks have no right to vote and be elected as directors in the common stock holders' meeting of the Company but have the right to vote in the shareholders' meeting only when there are unfavourable matters to rights and obligations of shareholders of Class A preferred stocks.
- G. Conversion to common shares: Class A preferred stocks could not be converted to common shares.
- H. The preemptive rights for shareholders of Class A preferred stocks are the same as of common shareholders when the Company increases its capital by issuing new shares.
- I. Capital surplus arising from premium issuance of Class A preferred stocks can be used to offset against accumulated deficit but cannot be capitalised during the issuance period.

On January 15, 2026, the Company retired all the Class A preferred stocks as approved by the Company's chairman. The effective date of retirement upon maturity as well as the delisting date were set on February 26, 2026. In addition, the Company would retire all the Class A preferred stocks at the original actual issue price.

(19) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further to the above considerations, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient. Changes in capital surplus are as follows:

2025

	<u>Share premium</u>	<u>Employee stock options</u>	<u>Stock options</u>	<u>Restricted stocks to employees</u>	<u>Net change in equity of associates and subsidiaries</u>	<u>Total</u>
At January 1	\$ 47,381,597	\$ 226,089	\$ -	\$ 51,030	\$ 14,768	\$ 47,673,484
Issuance of convertible bonds	-	-	185,303	-	-	185,303
Capital injection	11,140,678	-	-	-	-	11,140,678
Issuance of shares for share exchange	6,305,854	-	-	-	-	6,305,854
Issuance of shares of restricted stocks to employees	-	-	-	593,758	-	593,758
Vesting of employee restricted shares	49,513	-	-	(49,513)	-	-
Cancellation of employee restricted shares	-	-	-	350	-	350
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(2,178)	(2,178)
Changes in restricted stocks to employees	-	-	-	(1,547)	-	(1,547)
Employee stock options exercised	338,562	(72,545)	-	-	-	266,017
Compensation cost of share-based payments	-	285,694	-	-	-	285,694
At December 31	<u>\$ 65,216,204</u>	<u>\$ 439,238</u>	<u>\$ 185,303</u>	<u>\$ 594,078</u>	<u>\$ 12,590</u>	<u>\$ 66,447,413</u>

	2024				
	Share premium	Employee stock options	Restricted stocks to employees	Net change in equity of associates and subsidiaries	Total
At January 1	\$ 25,192,149	\$ 372,240	\$ 104,875	\$ 11,410	\$ 25,680,674
Capital injection	21,470,853	-	-	-	21,470,853
Vesting of employee restricted shares	51,538	-	(51,538)	-	-
Cancellation of employee restricted shares	-	-	640	-	640
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	(2,191)	(2,191)
Changes in restricted stocks to employees	-	-	(2,947)	-	(2,947)
Employee stock options exercised	667,057	(245,035)	-	-	422,022
Compensation cost of share-based payments	-	98,884	-	-	98,884
Change in equity of associates accounted for using equity method	-	-	-	5,549	5,549
At December 31	<u>\$ 47,381,597</u>	<u>\$ 226,089</u>	<u>\$ 51,030</u>	<u>\$ 14,768</u>	<u>\$ 47,673,484</u>

(20) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay taxes and offset accumulated losses; and set aside a legal reserve at 10% of such remaining earnings, until the accumulated legal reserve has equaled the total paid-in capital of the Company; then, set aside a special reserve in accordance with applicable laws or regulations of the competent authority. Residual earnings (distributable earnings in the current year) plus undistributed earnings at the beginning of the period is the accumulated retained earnings, which shall first be distributed as dividends to holders of Preferred Stocks, and distribution of such earnings shall submitted by the Board of Directors to the shareholders' meeting for approval.
- B. In accordance with Article 240 of the Company Act, the Board of Directors is authorised, upon resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, to distribute dividends and bonus of all or part of the legal reserve and capital surplus in the form of cash based on the regulations specified in Article 241 of the Company Act which shall be reported to the shareholders during their meeting. Said distribution is not subject to the regulation which requires that the distribution shall be resolved by the shareholders during their meeting.

C. The Company's dividend policy is regulated by the Board of Directors taking into consideration the Company's operations, future investment plans, capital budget and internal/external situations. As the Company is in the growth stage, most of retained earnings will be used to support business development and investment requirements and consequently, the minimum cash dividend and extra dividend policy is adopted by the Company. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below:

At least 40% of the Company's earnings shall be appropriated as stock dividends and cash dividends, taking into account profits in the future and capital needs, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed. In the event the total earnings appropriation exceeds 30% of the Company's paid-in capital before appropriation, cash dividends shall account for at least 20% of the total dividends distributed.

D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the balance of the reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

F. According to the resolutions adopted by the shareholders during their meetings in May 2025 and May 2024, the distribution information of the Company's 2024 and 2023 earnings, respectively, is as follows:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2024		2023	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ 1,387,290		\$ 406,786	
Special reserve	-		(1,564,387)	
Dividends on preferred stock	270,000	\$ 2.000	270,000	\$ 2.000
Cash dividends of common stockholders	<u>6,727,486</u>	6.000	<u>2,008,438</u>	1.800
	<u>\$ 8,384,776</u>		<u>\$ 1,120,837</u>	

Information on the appropriation of the Company's earnings as approved by the shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(21) Other equity items

	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Currency translation	Others	Total
At January 1, 2025	\$ 6,160,479	\$ 6,904,386	(\$ 2,154,906)	\$ 10,909,959
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments:				
– Group	(3,374,407)	-	-	(3,374,407)
– Associates	(5,984)	-	-	(5,984)
Disposals reclassified as retained earnings	(896,889)	-	-	(896,889)
Currency translation differences:				
– Group	-	(8,703,864)	-	(8,703,864)
– Associates	-	(5,879)	-	(5,879)
Changes in employee restricted shares	-	-	1,547	1,547
Changes in redemption liability recognised as other equity	-	-	984,441	984,441
Issuance of shares of restricted stocks to employees	-	-	(637,098)	(637,098)
Compensation cost of share-based payments				
– Group	-	-	26,278	26,278
– Associates	-	-	(35,620)	(35,620)
At December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 1,883,199</u>	<u>(\$ 1,805,357)</u>	<u>(\$ 1,815,358)</u>	<u>(\$ 1,737,516)</u>
	Unrealised gains (losses) on valuation	Currency translation	Others	Total
At January 1, 2024	\$ 10,278,439	\$ 363,363	(\$ 1,042,763)	\$ 9,599,039
Valuation adjustment on equity instruments:				
– Group	623,271	-	-	623,271
– Associates	679	-	-	679
Disposals reclassified as retained earnings	(4,741,910)	-	-	(4,741,910)
Currency translation differences:				
– Group	-	6,540,510	-	6,540,510
– Associates	-	513	-	513
Changes in employee restricted shares	-	-	2,947	2,947
Changes in redemption liability recognised as other equity	-	-	29,569	29,569
Compensation cost of share-based payments	-	-	20,873	20,873
Cash flow hedges	-	-	(1,165,532)	(1,165,532)
At December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 6,160,479</u>	<u>\$ 6,904,386</u>	<u>(\$ 2,154,906)</u>	<u>\$ 10,909,959</u>

(22) Non-controlling interests

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
At January 1	\$ 987,714	\$ 836,869
Shares attributable to non-controlling interest:		
Gain for the year	22,747	93,929
Increase in non-controlling interests	(695,612)	5,134
Comprehensive income for the period:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(39,249)	54,966
Unrealised loss from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(312)	(3,184)
At December 31	<u>\$ 275,288</u>	<u>\$ 987,714</u>

A. The Group redeemed the remaining 20% equity interest of WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. in cash from minority shareholders, resulting in a decrease in non-controlling interest. Refer to Note 4(3) for details.

B. During the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company's subsidiary, BRILLNICS INC., increased its capital and employees of BRILLNICS INC. exercised employee stock options, which resulted to an increase in the non-controlling interest. Refer to Note 4(3) for details.

(23) Operating revenue

	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Contract revenue		
Sales of electronic components	\$ 1,176,951,652	\$ 958,616,583
Services revenue	606,188	754,967
Other operating revenue	391,067	60,347
	<u>\$ 1,177,948,907</u>	<u>\$ 959,431,897</u>

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time and services over time in the following major products:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Timing of revenue recognition		
At a point in time		
Application-Specific Standard Product-Wired Connectivity	\$ 223,466,819	\$ 152,826,219
Application-Specific Standard Product-Wireless Connectivity	194,880,113	184,227,281
Application-Specific Integrated Circuit	327,696,447	253,193,360
Analog	126,534,974	118,911,005
Microcomponents	65,381,314	58,613,712
Memory	59,615,964	40,945,750
Discrete	42,552,004	40,631,213
Application-Specific Standard Product-Others	36,566,395	30,981,115
Optoelectronics	30,322,853	22,329,071
Passive Components, Connectors, Electromechanical Components	35,937,785	23,480,707
Others	34,388,051	32,537,497
Over time		
Services	606,188	754,967
	<u>\$ 1,177,948,907</u>	<u>\$ 959,431,897</u>

B. The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities provisions for estimated sales discounts:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	January 1, 2024
Refund liabilities			
-sales discounts and returns	<u>\$ 1,727,634</u>	<u>\$ 1,572,327</u>	<u>\$ 1,127,279</u>
Contract liabilities			
-advance sales receipts	<u>\$ 3,964,998</u>	<u>\$ 1,132,253</u>	<u>\$ 1,461,903</u>

C. Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year	<u>\$ 749,107</u>	<u>\$ 861,913</u>

(24) Interest income

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Interest income from bank deposits	\$ 755,224	\$ 820,479
Other interest income	7,009	8,629
	<u>\$ 762,233</u>	<u>\$ 829,108</u>

(25) Other income

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Dividend income	\$ 316,285	\$ 258,272
Grant revenue	312,757	49,689
Other income	237,530	184,546
	<u>\$ 866,572</u>	<u>\$ 492,507</u>

(26) Other gains and losses

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$ 20,039	(\$ 9,745)
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net	160,020	(201,667)
(Loss) gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(415,987)	651,699
Other losses	60,546	(89,041)
	<u>(\$ 175,382)</u>	<u>\$ 351,246</u>

(27) Finance costs

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Interest expense:		
Bank borrowings	\$ 3,111,276	\$ 3,310,698
Others	149,398	104,214
Financing charges on accounts receivable factoring	1,579,188	1,402,415
Other finance costs	201,901	262,756
	<u>\$ 5,041,763</u>	<u>\$ 5,080,083</u>

(28) Expenses by nature

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Employee benefit expense	<u>\$ 17,551,318</u>	<u>\$ 14,118,297</u>
Depreciation	<u>\$ 1,179,757</u>	<u>\$ 1,047,720</u>
Amortisation	<u>\$ 574,608</u>	<u>\$ 359,192</u>

(29) Employee benefit expense

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Employee benefit expense		
Wages and salaries	\$ 15,450,140	\$ 13,008,243
Labour and health insurance fees	850,042	150,491
Pension costs	722,765	482,571
Other personnel expenses	<u>528,371</u>	<u>476,992</u>
Total (shown as ‘Operating expenses’)	<u>\$ 17,551,318</u>	<u>\$ 14,118,297</u>

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees’ compensation and directors’ remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees’ compensation, of which at least 10% shall be allocated to frontline employees, and the ratio shall not be higher than 3% for directors’ remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, employees’ compensation was accrued at \$149,700 and \$109,000, respectively; while directors’ remuneration was accrued at \$45,000 and \$42,951, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses. The employees’ compensation and directors’ remuneration were estimated and accrued based on distributable profit of current year for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. Employees’ compensation and directors’ remuneration for 2024 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in profit or loss for 2024. Information about employees’ compensation and directors’ remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the “Market Observation Post System” at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Current tax:		
Current tax on profit for the year	\$ 3,522,670	\$ 2,552,190
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	274,793	147,795
Prior year income tax over estimation	(11,772)	(23,700)
Total current tax	<u>3,785,691</u>	<u>2,676,285</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	46,929	(47,586)
Total deferred tax	<u>46,929</u>	<u>(47,586)</u>
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 3,832,620</u>	<u>\$ 2,628,699</u>

(b) Income Tax Amounts Related to Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Obligations	<u>\$ 2,635</u>	<u>(\$ 4,684)</u>

B. Income Tax Expense and Accounting Profit Relationship

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Income tax on pretax net profit calculated using statutory tax rate	\$ 6,727,465	\$ 4,080,826
Effect of items not deductible under tax regulations	(3,157,866)	(1,576,222)
Additional income tax on undistributed earnings	274,793	147,795
Prior year income tax over estimation	(11,772)	(23,700)
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 3,832,620</u>	<u>\$ 2,628,699</u>

C. The amounts of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from temporary differences are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2025					
	January 1	Recognized in Profit or loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive income	Effect of exchange rate	December 31	
Deferred Tax Assets						
Allowance for sales returns and discounts	\$ 386,875	\$ 145,035	\$ -	\$ 128	\$ 532,038	
Excess allowance for doubtful accounts	67,263	(9,211)	-	(584)	57,468	
Unrealized inventory valuation losses	364,194	(1,336)	-	(710)	362,148	
Others	<u>635,893</u>	<u>290,728</u>	<u>2,718</u>	<u>(9,164)</u>	<u>920,175</u>	
	<u>\$ 1,454,225</u>	<u>\$ 425,216</u>	<u>\$ 2,718</u>	<u>(\$ 10,330)</u>	<u>\$ 1,871,829</u>	
Deferred Tax Liabilities						
Investment income recognized using the equity method	(\$ 1,056,969)	(\$ 125,291)	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 1,182,260)	
Impact of price allocation adjustments	(2,000,500)	74,593	-	12,212	(1,913,695)	
Others	<u>(238,776)</u>	<u>(421,447)</u>	<u>(83)</u>	<u>64,358</u>	<u>(595,948)</u>	
	<u>(\$ 3,296,245)</u>	<u>(\$ 472,145)</u>	<u>(\$ 83)</u>	<u>\$ 76,570</u>	<u>(\$ 3,691,903)</u>	
	Year ended December 31, 2024					
	January 1	Acquisition from business combination	Recognized in Profit or loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive income	Effect of exchange rate	December 31
Deferred Tax Assets						
Allowance for sales returns and discounts	\$ 440,202	\$ -	(\$ 53,352)	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 386,875
Excess allowance for doubtful accounts	32,720	68,370	(33,884)	-	57	67,263
Unrealized inventory valuation losses	282,808	138,731	(57,084)	-	(261)	364,194
Others	<u>73,115</u>	<u>200,516</u>	<u>361,728</u>	<u>(3,829)</u>	<u>4,363</u>	<u>635,893</u>
	<u>\$ 828,845</u>	<u>\$ 407,617</u>	<u>\$ 217,408</u>	<u>(\$ 3,829)</u>	<u>\$ 4,184</u>	<u>\$ 1,454,225</u>
Deferred Tax Liabilities						
Investment income recognized using the equity method	(\$ 966,234)	\$ -	(\$ 90,735)	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 1,056,969)
Impact of price allocation	-	(2,012,311)	57,974	-	(46,163)	(2,000,500)
Others	<u>(65,641)</u>	<u>(37,864)</u>	<u>(137,061)</u>	<u>(855)</u>	<u>2,645</u>	<u>(238,776)</u>
	<u>(\$ 1,031,875)</u>	<u>(\$ 2,050,175)</u>	<u>(\$ 169,822)</u>	<u>(\$ 855)</u>	<u>(\$ 43,518)</u>	<u>(\$ 3,296,245)</u>

- D. The Company has assessed that the taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Company did not recognise the full amount as deferred tax liabilities. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the temporary differences that were not recognised as deferred tax liabilities were \$9,466,560 and \$6,097,611, respectively.
- E. The income tax returns through 2023 of WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD., MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP., NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC., MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. and HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.
- F. The Group has applied the exception to the requirements to recognise and disclose information on deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.
- G. For the Group's certain subsidiaries registered in Singapore, the Group recognized current income tax expense related to Pillar Two income taxes amounting to \$288,409 for the years ended December 31, 2025.
- H. The Group's exposure to Pillar Two income taxes arising from the Pillar Two legislation is as follows:

The Group is within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). The Pillar Two legislation was enacted in Canada, the European Union and South Korea, which will take effect from fiscal year of 2024. For certain subsidiaries registered in Singapore, substantive local legislation has been enacted and is expected to take effect in the fiscal year 2025.

Under the Pillar Two legislation, the Group is liable to pay a top-up tax for the difference between its GloBE effective tax rate per jurisdiction and the 15% minimum rate. The Group has taken into account the complexities in applying the legislation and calculating GloBE income as well as the impact of specific adjustments envisaged in the Pillar Two legislation which give rise to different effective tax rates compared to those calculated in accordance with IAS 12. This assessment indicates that for companies registered in Canada, Europe, South Korea and etc, the average effective tax rate based on accounting profit is over 15% for the years ended December 31, 2025. The Group has no related significant current tax exposure as of December 31, 2025.

The Group has applied the amendments to IAS 12, 'Income tax' issued on May 23, 2023 and applied the exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

(31) Earnings per share

	<u>Year ended December 31, 2025</u>		
	<u>Amount after tax</u>	<u>Weighted average number of common stock outstanding (shares in thousands)</u>	<u>Earnings per share (in dollars)</u>
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$ 13,543,724		
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)		
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 13,273,724</u>	<u>1,143,488</u>	<u>\$ 11.61</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$ 13,543,724		
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)		
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share	13,273,724	1,143,488	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential common stock:			
Convertible bonds	50,755	6,461	
Restricted stocks to employees	-	363	
Employee stock options	-	6,959	
Employees' compensation	-	1,251	
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential common stock	<u>\$ 13,324,479</u>	<u>1,158,522</u>	<u>\$ 11.50</u>

	Year ended December 31, 2024		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of common stock outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
<u>Basic earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$ 9,112,156		
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)		
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 8,842,156</u>	<u>1,086,949</u>	<u>\$ 8.13</u>
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u>			
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	\$ 9,112,156		
Less: Dividends of preferred stock	(270,000)		
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share	8,842,156	1,086,949	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential common stock:			
Restricted stocks to employees	-	1,585	
Employee stock options	-	8,231	
Employees' compensation	-	<u>1,023</u>	
Profit used to calculate diluted earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential common stock	<u>\$ 8,842,156</u>	<u>1,097,788</u>	<u>\$ 8.05</u>

(32) Business combination

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group's mergers are as follows:

A. The Group acquired all the equity interest of FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. ("FUTURE Company"):

(a) On September 14, 2023, the Company's audit committee and Board of Directors resolved to enter into a definitive agreement for the acquisition of all the shares of FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. In January 2024, the Board of Directors and the directors of the Company and its subsidiary, MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP., resolved and agreed to set up a joint venture, WT MORRIHAN INVESTMENT LIMITED in Canada to acquire all the equity interests of FUTURE Company. On April 2, 2024, the share settlement was completed, and the total acquisition amounted to NT\$121,524,000 thousand (US\$3.8 billion). In accordance with the terms of the contract, a consideration adjustment has been made on August 7, 2024, resulting in a final adjusted consideration of NT\$121,404,566 thousand (US\$3,796,333 thousand).

(b) FUTURE Company is primarily engaged in the distribution and sales of various electronic components. The purpose of the combination is to strengthen the expansion of the business through the complementary product lines of the two parties, provide customers with a wider range of product solutions and technical support services and enhance the Group's global distribution capabilities.

(c) The following table summarises the consideration paid for FUTURE Company and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

	<u>April 2, 2024</u>
Purchase consideration	
Cash	\$ 121,404,566
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed	
Cash	3,949,018
Accounts receivable	55,935,579
Inventories	44,033,710
Other receivables	981,914
Other current assets	4,142,689
Property, plant and equipment	2,124,176
Right-of-use assets	1,342,520
Deferred tax assets	407,617
Other non-current assets	215,801
Accounts payable and Other payables	(24,310,804)
Lease liabilities	(1,379,042)
Other current liabilities	(487,215)
Deferred tax liabilities	(2,050,175)
Other non-current liabilities	(185,836)
Total identifiable net assets	84,719,952
Fair value of the identifiable net assets-customer relationship	8,073,255
Goodwill	<u>\$ 28,611,359</u>

(d) Had FUTURE Company been consolidated from January 1, 2024, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$992,005,779 and profit before income tax of \$11,376,427.

(33) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Cash paid for property, plant and equipment:

	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$ 1,661,601	\$ 256,128
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment	8,928	2,772
Ending balance of prepayments for business facilities	-	144
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(2,719)	(8,928)
Opening balance of prepayments for business facilities	(144)	(1,091)
Effect of foreign exchange	(4)	21
Cash paid during the year	<u>\$ 1,667,662</u>	<u>\$ 249,046</u>

B. Cash paid for business combinations:

	<u>Years ended</u> <u>December 31, 2025</u>
Current assets	\$ 109,042,910
Property, plant and equipment	2,124,176
Acquired identifiable intangible assets	36,684,614
Other non-current assets	1,965,938
Current liabilities	(24,798,019)
Non-current liabilities	(3,615,053)
Fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed	121,404,566
Add: Acquired cash from business combinations	(3,949,018)
Cash paid during the year	<u>\$ 117,455,548</u>

C. Transactions with non-controlling interests:

	<u>Years ended</u> <u>December 31, 2025</u>
Acquiring equity interests of subsidiaries	<u>\$ 985,795</u>

(34) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Long-term and short-term borrowings (Note)	Short-term notes and bills payable	Lease liability	Bonds Payable	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2025	\$ 98,852,387	\$ 1,598,968	\$ 1,960,563	\$ -	\$ 102,411,918
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(41,465,677)	68,261	(707,799)	10,836,447	(31,268,768)
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	(104,345)	-	(80,011)	-	(184,356)
Interest expense from amortisation	-	31,863	-	50,755	82,618
Other non-cash changes	-	-	-	(185,303)	(185,303)
Increase in lease liability	-	-	780,751	-	780,751
At December 31, 2025	<u>\$ 57,282,365</u>	<u>\$ 1,699,092</u>	<u>\$ 1,953,504</u>	<u>\$ 10,701,899</u>	<u>\$ 71,636,860</u>

	Long-term and short-term borrowings (Note)	Short-term notes and bills payable	Lease liability	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2024	\$ 32,554,472	\$ 349,848	\$ 718,620	\$ 33,622,940
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	65,885,694	1,229,505	(656,927)	66,458,272
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	412,221	-	3,836	416,057
Interest expense from amortisation	-	19,615	-	19,615
Increase in lease liability	-	-	515,992	515,992
Acquired from business combinations	-	-	1,379,042	1,379,042
At December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 98,852,387</u>	<u>\$ 1,598,968</u>	<u>\$ 1,960,563</u>	<u>\$ 102,411,918</u>

Note: Including current portions of long-term loans.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
JCD OPTICAL CORPORATION LIMITED	Associate
WPG Holdings Limited and Subsidiaries	Entity with significant influence over the Group
ASUSTeK Computer Inc. and Subsidiaries	Entity with significant influence over the Group
ALBERT PHUAY	Director of the Subsidiary of the Group

(2) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating revenue

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Sales of goods:		
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ 6,060,687	\$ 4,806,586
- Associates	868	1,954
	<u>\$ 6,061,555</u>	<u>\$ 4,808,540</u>

(a) The collection terms with related parties were 30 to 120 days after the end of next month and the products were categorised and priced taking into consideration the inventory cost, market and other conditions.

(b) The transactions between FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. and associates pertain to transactions starting from the business acquisition date.

B. Purchases

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Purchases of goods:		
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ 1,595,825	\$ 1,027,910

(a) The credit term to related parties is 30 to 45 days after the end of the following month and the purchase prices were categorised and priced taking into consideration the market prices and other conditions.

(b) The transactions between FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. and associates pertain to transactions starting from the business acquisition date.

C. Receivables from related parties

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accounts receivable:		
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ 1,124,674	\$ 195,444
- Associates	-	789
	<u>\$ 1,124,674</u>	<u>\$ 196,233</u>

The transactions between FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. and associates pertain to transactions starting from the business acquisition date.

D. Payables to related parties

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Accounts payable:		
- Entity with significant influence over the Group	\$ 64,033	\$ 35,367

The transactions between FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. and associates pertain to transactions starting from the business acquisition date.

F. Property transactions

Acquisition of financial assets:

	Accounts	No. of shares (in thousands)	Objects	Year ended December 31, 2025 Consideration
ALBERT PHUAY	Investments accounted for using equity method	24,080	Stocks	\$ 985,795

The Group acquired 20% equity interest of WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. in the amount of US\$30,082 thousand from the non-controlling equity shareholders in February 2025. Refer to Note 4(3) for details.

(3) Key management compensation

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 455,300	\$ 392,857
Post-employment benefits	725	729
Share-based payment	78,226	21,209
	<u>\$ 534,251</u>	<u>\$ 414,795</u>

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

(1) The details of the Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	Purpose	Book value	
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Bank deposits	Bid bond	\$ -	\$ 3,174

(2) For information on the Company using its holdings of subsidiary stock as collateral for a syndicated loan, please refer to Note 6 (15) for details.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

A. Outstanding letters of credit

The outstanding letters of credit for the purchase of inventories by the Group are as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Outstanding letters of credit	\$ 8,243,134	\$ 8,280,042

B. Guarantee for customs duties

The total guarantee for customs duties is as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Customs duties guarantee	\$ 33,000	\$ 37,000

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

On January 15, 2026, the Company retired all the Class A preferred stocks as approved by the company's chairman. Please refer to Note 6(18) for details.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the financial debt ratio. This ratio is calculated as

total liabilities with interests divided by total net assets. Total liabilities with interest is calculated as total amount of long-term and short-term borrowings, short-term bills payable and corporate bonds payable in the consolidated balance sheet. Total equity is calculated as the ‘equity’ in the consolidated balance sheet.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group’s strategy was to maintain the financial debt ratio below 250%.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 392,538	\$ 405,640
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition	5,912	5,486
	<u>\$ 398,450</u>	<u>\$ 411,126</u>
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Designation of equity	\$ 6,429,058	\$ 12,030,314
Qualifying debt instruments	67,619,449	28,411,490
	<u>\$ 74,048,507</u>	<u>\$ 40,441,804</u>
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,138,755	\$ 39,727,726
Accounts receivable	102,398,927	113,682,618
Other receivables	3,713,296	5,956,485
Other financial assets (shown as ‘other current assets’)	435,560	593,725
Guarantee deposits paid (shown)	158,621	169,983
	<u>\$ 134,845,159</u>	<u>\$ 160,130,537</u>
	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial liabilities held for trading	\$ 22,616	\$ 138

	<u>December 31, 2025</u>	<u>December 31, 2024</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 25,569,230	\$ 35,412,779
Short-term notes and bills payable	1,699,092	1,598,968
Accounts payable	317,278,361	186,740,851
Other accounts payable	6,877,329	9,009,470
Bonds Payable (including those	10,701,899	-
Long-term loans (including current portion)	31,713,135	63,439,608
Guarantee deposits received (shown as 'other non-current liabilities')	7,574	7,828
	<u>\$ 393,846,620</u>	<u>\$ 296,209,504</u>
Lease liability	<u>\$ 1,953,504</u>	<u>\$ 1,960,563</u>

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risks (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts, are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. In addition, foreign exchange risk is managed by matching the payment periods of foreign currency assets and liabilities.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk is provided in Note 6(2).

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries in various functional currencies, primarily with respect to the USD. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The group companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, SGD, RMB and KRW). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2025				
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity analysis	
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
<u>Financial assets</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD:NTD	4,415,998	31.375	\$ 138,551,937	1%	\$ 1,385,519
USD:KRW	13,011	1,433.9	408,220	1%	4,082
USD:RMB	7,585	6.994	237,979	1%	2,380
RMB:USD	613,554	0.143	2,752,342	1%	27,523
EUR:USD	151,100	1.177	5,581,634	1%	55,816
<u>Foreign operations</u>					
USD:NTD	4,793,563	31.375	150,398,048		
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD:NTD	5,247,290	31.375	164,633,724	1%	1,646,337
USD:RMB	199,652	6.994	6,264,082	1%	62,641
USD:KRW	19,953	1,433.9	626,025	1%	6,260
RMB:USD	25,408	0.1	113,978	1%	1,140
EUR:USD	62,235	1.177	2,298,961	1%	22,990

December 31, 2024

	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity analysis	
				Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss
(Foreign currency: functional currency)					
<u>Financial assets</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD:NTD	4,410,226	32.725	\$ 144,324,646	1%	\$ 1,443,246
USD:KRW	23,502	1,474.1	769,103	1%	7,691
USD:RMB	6,162	7.303	201,651	1%	2,017
SGD:USD	7,564	0.737	182,519	1%	1,825
RMB:USD	69,880	0.137	313,132	1%	3,131
EUR:USD	139,636	1.041	4,761,588	1%	47,616
<u>Foreign operations</u>					
USD:NTD	4,482,586	32.725	147,375,556		
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
<u>Monetary items</u>					
USD:NTD	4,987,662	32.725	163,221,239	1%	1,632,212
USD:RMB	198,591	7.303	6,498,890	1%	64,989
USD:KRW	47,816	1,474.1	1,564,779	1%	15,648
SGD:NTD	29,557	24.130	713,210	1%	7,132
EUR:USD	78,759	1.041	2,685,682	1%	26,857

- v. The total exchange gain (loss), including realised and unrealised arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 amounted to gain \$160,020, and loss \$201,667, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is performed in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments comprise shares and beneficiary certificates issued by the domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 would have increased/decreased by \$2,757 and \$2,778, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$64,291 and \$120,303, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income on equity investment classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings with variable rates and advance receipt of factoring accounts receivable, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in US Dollars.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. According to the contract, the borrowings are periodically reset. Therefore, the Group is exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 25 basis points with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 would have decreased/increased by \$120,601 and \$205,356, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages its credit risk from the group's perspective. For banks and financial institutions, only approved by FSC are accepted to be transaction parties. According to the credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors through internal risk control. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. If the contract payments were past due over 90 days based on the terms, the Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition. The Group considers that the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 180 days.

- iv. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable (including overdue receivables) and notes receivable is as follows:

	Notes and accounts receivable	
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Not past due	\$158,372,346	\$ 130,501,547
Up to 90 days	11,492,474	10,893,090
91 to 180 days	893,372	845,798
Over 180 days	649,713	560,120
	<u>\$ 171,407,905</u>	<u>\$ 142,800,555</u>

(i) The above ageing analysis was based on days past due.

(ii) Abovementioned notes receivable are not past due.

After the recourse procedure, the Group will write off the amount of financial assets that cannot reasonably be expected to be recovered, however the Group will continue to carry out recourse legal procedures to preserve the creditor's rights.

- v. The Group assesses the expected credit losses of its accounts receivable as follows:

(i) Accounts receivable that are significantly past due are assessed individually for their expected credit losses;

(ii) The remaining receivables are segmented according to the Group's credit ratings of its customers. Different loss rates or provision matrices are applied to the different segments when estimating expected credit losses;

(iii) Loss rates, calculated from historical and current information, are adjusted according to forward-looking information such as the business indicators published by the National Development Council.

(iv) As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, loss allowances of accounts receivable and notes receivable calculated from individual assessment or using the loss rate methodology and provision matrix are as follows:

December 31, 2025	Individual	Group A & B	Group C	Group D	Total
Expected loss rate	0.05%~100%	0.05%~0.486%	0.11%~100%	1.14%~100%	
Total book value	<u>\$ 983,465</u>	<u>\$ 126,845,391</u>	<u>\$ 36,880,286</u>	<u>\$ 6,698,763</u>	<u>\$ 171,407,905</u>
Loss allowance	<u>\$ 750,042</u>	<u>\$ 335,612</u>	<u>\$ 160,877</u>	<u>\$ 142,998</u>	<u>\$ 1,389,529</u>
December 31, 2024	Individual	Group A & B	Group C	Group D	Total
Expected loss rate	0.05%~100%	0.05%~0.19%	0.09%~100%	0.51%~100%	
Total book value	<u>\$ 513,184</u>	<u>\$ 103,320,960</u>	<u>\$ 34,336,654</u>	<u>\$ 4,629,757</u>	<u>\$ 142,800,555</u>
Loss allowance	<u>\$ 395,477</u>	<u>\$ 115,702</u>	<u>\$ 102,148</u>	<u>\$ 93,120</u>	<u>\$ 706,447</u>

Group A: Customers with excellent credit rating.

Group B: Customers with fine credit rating.

Group C: Customers with normal credit rating.

Group D: Rated as other than A, B and C.

vi. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable (including overdue receivables) are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
At January 1	\$ 706,447	\$ 736,924
Provision for impairment	639,996	98,126
Write-off	(17,368)	(129,598)
Effect of exchange rate changes	60,454	995
At December 31	<u>\$ 1,389,529</u>	<u>\$ 706,447</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. The Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities (Note 6(15)) at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internally assessed financial ratio targets and, if applicable, external regulatory or legal requirements.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. The Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing demand deposits, time deposits, money market deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts, and expects to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the due date at the balance sheet date. Non-derivative financial liabilities are analysed by remaining periods from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

December 31, 2025

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Short-term borrowings (Note)	\$ 25,709,803	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,709,803
Lease liability	689,689	1,390,276	51,215	2,131,180
Long-term loans (Note)	8,683,882	24,222,178	-	32,906,060
Bonds payable (Note)	309,650	11,541,299	-	11,850,949

December 31, 2024

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Short-term borrowings (Note)	\$ 35,537,207	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,537,207
Lease liability	809,754	1,167,471	197,293	2,174,518
Long-term loans (Note)	74,798	64,668,137	-	64,742,935

Note: Including imputed interest payable.

Except for the above, the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities are due in one year.

Derivative financial liabilities:

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, all derivative financial liabilities of the Group are due in one year.

- iv. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, open-end funds and overseas bonds is included in level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in level 2.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market, debt instrument and private equity fund is included in Level 3.

B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).

- C. The carrying amounts of financial instruments not measured at fair value, including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, other current assets, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, accounts payable, other payables and long-term loans (including current portion), are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks are as follows:
- (a) The related information on the nature of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2025

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 42,420	\$ -	\$ 296,238	\$ 338,658
Equity instruments	5,912	-	-	5,912
Debt instruments	-	-	1,236	1,236
Derivative instruments	-	14,126	-	14,126
Hybrid instruments	-	-	38,518	38,518
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	6,205,547	-	223,511	6,429,058
Accounts receivable that are expected to be factored	-	-	67,619,449	67,619,449
	<u>\$ 6,253,879</u>	<u>\$ 14,126</u>	<u>\$68,178,952</u>	<u>\$74,446,957</u>

December 31, 2025

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Liabilities				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>22,616</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>22,616</u>

December 31, 2024

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Beneficiary certificates	\$ 34,410	\$ -	\$ 307,355	\$ 341,765
Equity instruments	5,486	-	-	5,486
Debt instruments	-	-	33,686	33,686
Derivative instruments	-	13,812	-	13,812
Hybrid instruments	-	-	16,377	16,377
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments	11,828,081	-	202,233	12,030,314
Accounts receivable that are expected to be factored	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,411,490</u>	<u>28,411,490</u>
	<u>\$11,867,977</u>	<u>\$ 13,812</u>	<u>\$28,971,141</u>	<u>\$40,852,930</u>
Liabilities				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Derivative instruments	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>138</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>138</u>

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	<u>Listed shares</u>	<u>Open-end fund</u>	<u>Corporate bonds</u>
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net assets value	Weighted average quoted price

- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
 - iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, cross currency swap contracts, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
 - iv. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
 - v. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
 - vi. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Financial instruments	
	2025	2024
At January 1	\$ 28,971,141	\$ 67,742,287
Acquired during the period	54,044	17,597
Disposed during the period	(19,675)	(20,865)
(Losses) gains recognised in profit or loss	(22,949)	16,907
Gains (losses) recognised in other comprehensive income	1,848	(14,364)
Increase in accounts receivable that are expected to be factored	53,467,535	7,830,961
Decrease in accounts receivable that are expected to be factored	(14,259,576)	(46,606,506)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(13,416)	5,124
At December 31	<u>\$ 68,178,952</u>	<u>\$ 28,971,141</u>

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

G. The following is the qualitative information on significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2025	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Unlisted shares	\$ 40,721	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.05-4.3 (1.99)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	27.32%-30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	45,362	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Unlisted preferred stocks	1,236	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	3.72-4.56 (4.11)	The higher the weighted average cost of capital and discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	
	113,374	Most recent non-active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Convertible bonds	38,518	Most recent non-active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Venture capital shares	24,054	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Private equity fund	296,238	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable

	Fair value at December 31, 2024	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Unlisted shares	\$ 3,758	Market comparable companies	Price to earnings ratio multiple	1.62-2.13 (1.84)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	63,279	Most recent non-active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Unlisted preferred stocks	28,303	Discounted cash flow method	Weighted average cost of capital	11.51%	The higher the weighted average cost of capital and discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	
	5,383	Market comparable companies	Price-to-sales ratio	4.19-8.8 (6.61)	The higher the multiple, the higher the fair value
			Discount for lack of marketability	30%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	119,859	Most recent non-active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Convertible bonds	16,377	Most recent non-active market price	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Venture capital shares	15,337	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable
Private equity fund	307,355	Net asset value	Not applicable	-	Not applicable

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of significant marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 3.
- D. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- E. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 5.
- F. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Refer to table 6.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Refer to table 8.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to Note 13(1).

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the development and sales of electronic and communication components. The Group's chief operating decision maker reviews the Group's overall operating results to determine decisions of the Group's resources and assess the Group's overall performance. Operating segments of the Group have been aggregated into one operating segment because they have similar economic characteristics and show similar long-term financial performances.

The Group's operating segment information is prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The decision maker allocates resources and assesses performance of the operating segments primarily based on the operating revenue and profit (loss) before tax of individual operating segment.

(2) Financial information of reportable segment

The financial information on reportable single operating segment to the chief operating decision maker is as follows:

	<u>Single Operating Segment</u>	
	<u>Years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Revenue from external customers	<u>\$ 1,177,948,907</u>	<u>\$ 959,431,897</u>
Segment income	<u>\$ 17,399,091</u>	<u>\$ 11,834,784</u>
Segment assets (Note)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Depreciation and amortisation	<u>\$ 1,754,365</u>	<u>\$ 1,406,912</u>
Finance costs	<u>\$ 5,041,763</u>	<u>\$ 5,080,083</u>

Note: The chief operating decision maker does not use the measured amount of the assets as a measurement indicator; therefore, the measured amount of the Group's assets shall be disclosed as zero.

(3) Reconciliation information on reportable segment revenue and profit (loss)

The reportable segment income is consistent with the income/(loss) before tax from continuing operations for the year.

(4) Information on products and services

Refer to Note 6(23) for the related information.

(5) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2025		Year ended December 31, 2024	
	Revenue	Non-current assets	Revenue	Non-current assets
America	\$ 428,027,269	\$ 486,781	\$ 332,847,298	\$ 525,456
Taiwan	302,733,062	3,970,897	281,511,098	3,972,355
China	280,044,255	2,585,678	219,128,997	1,612,823
Others	167,144,321	38,759,393	125,944,504	40,566,925
	<u>\$ 1,177,948,907</u>	<u>\$ 45,802,749</u>	<u>\$ 959,431,897</u>	<u>\$ 46,677,559</u>

The above revenue by geographic area is calculated based on sales to external customers at the location of the headquarter's registered office.

(6) Major customer information

	Year ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Customer A	\$ 310,740,986	\$ 243,756,027
Customer B	64,180,064	63,659,256
	<u>\$ 374,921,050</u>	<u>\$ 307,415,283</u>

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Loans to others

Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2025	Balance at December 31, 2025	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
													Item	Value			
1	WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WINTech MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 662,000	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Business Operation	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 8,844,107	\$ 8,844,107	Note 2
1	WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	6,620,000	4,706,250	3,714,800	2.01%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	8,844,107	8,844,107	Note 2
2	BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	345,400	345,125	345,125	4.18%-4.65%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	587,844	587,844	Note 2
2	BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	33,100	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	587,844	587,844	Note 2
3	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	147,580	-	-	4.41%-4.93%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	3,276,560	3,276,560	Note 2
4	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	478,359	157,007	157,007	2.35%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	2,395,229	2,395,229	Note 2
5	WINTech INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	WINTech MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	139,020	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	1,041,524	1,041,524	Note 2
6	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS VIETNAM COMPANY LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	45,948	29,179	29,179	4.28%-4.93%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	635,691	635,691	Note 2
7	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	114,600	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	646,206	646,206	Note 2
8	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	81,713	43,925	43,925	4.65369%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	223,019	223,019	Note 2
8	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	SPACEAGE LABS PTE. LTD.	Other receivables - non related parties	N	9,148	9,052	9,052	7.50%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	89,208	89,208	Note 3
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,986,000	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	127,858,513	127,858,513	Note 2
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	2,625,600	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	127,858,513	127,858,513	Note 2
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (US) FINANCE CORP.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	2,559,960	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	127,858,513	127,858,513	Note 2
10	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	3,641,000	1,568,750	1,568,750	4.44292%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	22,600,374	22,600,374	Note 2
10	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS TURKEY İÇ VE DIŞ TİCARET LİMİTED ŞİRKETİ	Other receivables - related parties	Y	64,983	63,600	63,600	4.95%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	22,600,374	22,600,374	Note 2
10	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FE TRADING PTY LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	134,299	-	-	4.95%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	22,600,374	22,600,374	Note 2
10	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	2,482,500	1,568,750	1,568,750	4.33023%-4.44292%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	22,600,374	22,600,374	Note 2
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	2,625,600	1,568,750	-	4.44292%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	29,959,617	29,959,617	Note 2
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	6,620,000	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	29,959,617	29,959,617	Note 2

Number (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2025	Balance at December 31, 2025	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party	Ceiling on total loans granted	Footnote
													Item	Value			
12	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (US) FINANCE CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 2,559,960	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Business Operation	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	Note 2
12	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (US) FINANCE CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Other receivables - related parties	Y	3,282,000	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	-	-	Note 2
13	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (US) FINANCE CORP.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	3,282,000	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	13,578,016	13,578,016	Note 2
14	FUTURE ELECTRONICS MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS EDC SERVICES GMBH	Other receivables - related parties	Y	627,980	627,980	627,980	3.33%~4.22778%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	12,598,587	12,598,587	Note 2
15	FUTURE ELECTRONICS SAS	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	183,650	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	643,532	643,532	Note 2
16	FUTURE ELECTRONICS POLSKA SPÓŁKA Z OGRANICZONĄ ODPOWIEDZIALNOŚCIĄ	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	172,351	-	-	0.00%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	121,960	121,960	Note 2
17	FUTURE ELECTRONICS SRL	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	60,651	59,104	-	4.75679%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	9,919	9,919	Note 2
18	FUTURE ELECTRONICS, S.R.O.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	46,729	46,729	-	4.75679%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	20,102	20,102	Note 2
19	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Other receivables - related parties	Y	3,137,500	3,137,500	3,137,500	4.11%~4.33%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	3,919,807	3,919,807	Note 2
20	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	4,706,250	4,706,250	4,706,250	4.29951%~4.44292%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	19,166,453	19,166,453	Note 2
20	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	993,000	941,250	-	4.44292%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	19,166,453	19,166,453	Note 2
20	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,570,000	1,568,750	1,568,750	4.44%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	7,666,581	7,666,581	Note 3
20	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	628,000	627,500	-	4.44292%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	19,166,453	19,166,453	Note 2
21	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	1,413,000	1,411,875	1,411,875	4.91%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	2,236,912	2,236,912	Note 2
22	PN ELECTRONICS SAS	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	258,580	258,580	203,170	4.98%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	410,492	410,492	Note 2
23	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (IRELAND) LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Other receivables - related parties	Y	36,940	36,940	-	4.75679%	Short-term financing	-	Business Operation	-	-	-	14,265	14,265	Note 2

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1) The Company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: The policy for loans granted mutually between overseas subsidiaries of which the Company directly or indirectly holds 100% of their voting shares is as follows: ceiling on total loans granted by an overseas subsidiary to all overseas subsidiaries and limit on loans granted by an overseas subsidiary to a single overseas subsidiary are the Creditor's net assets.

Note 3: The policy for loans between the Company and subsidiaries and companies with short-term capital needs is as follows: limit on loans granted by the Company and subsidiaries single party is 40% of the company's net assets, based on the most recent financial statements of the company, ceiling on total loans granted by a company is 40% of the company's net assets.

Note 4: The net assets referred to above are based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others
Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Company name	Party being endorsed/guaranteed	Relationship with the endorser / guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements / guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement / guarantee amount as of December 31, 2025	Outstanding endorsement / guarantee amount at December 31, 2025	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements / guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements / guarantees provided (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements / guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	Provision of endorsements / guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	Provision of endorsements / guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.		2	\$ 470,652,071	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ -	0.68%	\$470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED		2	470,652,071	1,324,000	313,750	-	-	0.27%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED		2	470,652,071	1,655,000	-	-	-	0.00%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.		2	470,652,071	158,256	158,130	4,209	-	0.13%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WONCHANG SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.		2	470,652,071	1,324	1,255	106	-	0.00%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.		2	470,652,071	101,617	-	-	-	0.00%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.		2	470,652,071	331,000	-	-	-	0.00%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.		2	470,652,071	5,797,502	4,765,192	583,220	-	4.05%	470,652,071	Y	N	Y	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.		2	470,652,071	1,796,676	1,641,103	-	-	1.39%	470,652,071	Y	N	Y	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.		2	470,652,071	49,671,987	49,671,926	7,411,878	-	42.22%	470,652,071	Y	N	N	
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.		2	470,652,071	21,980	21,963	-	-	0.02%	470,652,071	N	N	N	
1	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD		2	49,148,404	1,655,000	1,568,750	384,005	-	1.33%	49,148,404	N	N	N	Note 4
2	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS EDC SERVICES GMBH		2	511,434,051	2,427	2,427	-	-	0.00%	511,434,051	N	N	N	Note 5
2	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD		2	511,434,051	165,500	156,875	156,875	-	0.13%	511,434,051	N	Y	N	Note 5
2	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.		3	511,434,051	30,000,000	30,000,000	6,027,317	-	25.50%	511,434,051	N	N	N	Note 5
2	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.		4	511,434,051	30,000,000	30,000,000	6,027,317	-	25.50%	511,434,051	N	N	N	Note 5
3	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	MACKTRONICS LIMITED		1	6,226	2,913	2,761	323	-	0.00%	119,838,467	N	N	N	Note 6
3	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	SUMMIT INTERNATIONAL YUGEN KAISHA		1	3,746	3,310	3,138	-	-	0.00%	119,838,467	N	N	N	Note 6

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following four categories:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 3: For a single party who owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the Company should not be in excess of 400% of the Company's net assets, which are based on the latest financial statements audited or reviewed by the Company's CPA.

Note 4: The limit of endorsement guarantees by EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD. for a single enterprise and the total limit of endorsement guarantees should not be in excess of 15 times the Company's net assets.

Note 5: FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. for a single enterprise and the total limit of endorsement guarantees should not be in excess of 400% the Company's net assets.

Note 6: FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD for a single enterprise and the total limit of endorsement guarantees should not be in excess of 400% the Company's net assets.

For business transaction with the Company, the guarantee amount should not exceed the amount of business transaction, which is the higher between sales and purchases.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Holding of marketable securities (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)
Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Type of securities	Name of securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account (Note)	As of December 31, 2025				Footnote
					Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	ASMEDIA TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	2	4,500,000	\$5,445,000	6.02	\$5,445,000	
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Common stock	SINO-AMERICAN SILICON PRODUCTS INC.	None	1	2,733,000	291,065	0.43	291,065	

Note : Code of general ledger accounts: 1- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current

Note : Code of general ledger accounts: 2- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NTS100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction		Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions	Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote			
			Purchases (sales)	Amount			Credit term	Unit price		Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 315,790	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	\$ -	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Sales	138,611,786	27	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	2,744,337	4		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	106,867,978	21	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	19,244,865	27		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	5,956,941	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	36,101	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	3,692,625	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	1,403,184	2		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	16,150,160	3	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	4,490,226	6		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Affiliates	Sales	364,365	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	94,616	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	377,090	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	387,337	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD	Affiliates	Sales	3,462,220	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	385,599	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Purchase	6,635,559	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(574,828)	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Purchase	634,796	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Purchase	1,990,733	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Purchase	4,330,109	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-		
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	383,436	2	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(9,054)	-		
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	3,936,710	16	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	322,164	8		
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	1,790,748	7	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	306,685	7		
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	2,080,884	8	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	785,875	19		
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	846,321	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	136,609	-		
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	391,842,523	65	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	3,634,531	10		
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	1,543,484	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	464,892	2		
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	10,681,013	8	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	3,956,824	16		
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	216,933	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	53,351	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	266,764	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	42,975	-		
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	1,045,191	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	9,122	-		

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction		Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount			Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 374,863	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	\$ 24,965	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	258,235	7	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	296,794	7	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	94,178	7	
WT TECHNOLOGY(SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	524,444	3	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
WT TECHNOLOGY(SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	668,179	4	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADE(SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	316,271	33	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	56,995	58	
EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADE(SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	125,061	13	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	21,245	22	
EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADE(SHANGHAI) CO., LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	308,496	33	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	16,187	17	
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	149,583	6	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	2,419	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	7,787,250	20	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	494,857	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	663	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	1,762,805	5	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	30,759	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	376,162	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	726,429	2	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Affiliates	Sales	547,852	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	75,697	1	
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD	Affiliates	Sales	837,626	2	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	122,791	2	
EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	687,652	4	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	46,587,121	34	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(4,155,595)	34	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DO BRASIL LTDA	Affiliates	Sales	133,816	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	18,842	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Sales	52,860,081	39	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	6,321,394	13	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	4,416,998	3	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS AUSTRIA GMBH	Affiliates	Sales	766,115	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	38,685	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Sales	291,908	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	585,524	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(45,551)	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH	Affiliates	Sales	6,624,702	5	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	373,662	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION (ISRAEL) LTD	Affiliates	Sales	872,051	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	143,103	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS AS	Affiliates	Sales	273,666	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	30,223	-	

Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction			Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions			Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 2,071,272	2	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	\$ 521,206	1	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Purchase	305,839	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FE TRADING PTY LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	110,318	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	55,533	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS SCHWEIZ GMBH	Affiliates	Sales	449,586	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	91,692	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS TURKEY İÇ VE DIŞ TİCARET LİMİTED ŞİRKETİ	Affiliates	Sales	627,052	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	85,130	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	632,444	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(72,250)	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ADVANCED ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Affiliates	Purchase	4,741,834	4	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(273,548)	2	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	3,671,228	3	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	528,850	1	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Sales	222,577	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	-	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	4,449,404	3	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	(1,865,815)	15	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	15,865,933	12	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	3,218,756	7	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS KABUSHIKI KAISHA	Affiliates	Sales	517,836	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	83,787	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Affiliates	Sales	775,444	1	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	56,079	-	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE TAIWAN ADVANCED ELECTRONICS PTE LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	195,835	-	Closes its accounts 90 days after the end of each month	Based on product, market price of inventory cost and other trading conditions	No material difference	9,915	-	

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
December 31, 2025

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at December 31, 2025	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	\$ 2,744,337	11.44	\$-		\$ 2,438,205	\$-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	19,244,865	6.94	-		2,167,652	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	1,403,184	3.56	-		86,355	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	4,490,226	3.72	-		313,698	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	PLANETSPARK PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	387,337	1.95	-		-	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD	Affiliates	385,599	5.79	-		-	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Affiliates	574,828	8.57	-		-	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	322,164	7.85	21,766	Post-dated payment	315,101	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	306,685	5.32	22,655	Post-dated payment	284,841	-
NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	785,875	4.12	-		-	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	136,609	2.92	-		-	-
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	3,634,531	56.45	14,640	Post-dated payment	2,991,250	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	464,892	2.22	-		158,315	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	3,956,824	2.52	1,870	Post-dated payment	991,576	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	359,654	0.47	-		-	-
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD	Affiliates	122,791	7.44	-		-	-
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	6,321,394	11.22	-		3,994,038	-
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH	Affiliates	373,662	17.29	-		373,662	-

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at December 31, 2025	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION (ISRAEL) LTD	Affiliates	\$ 143,103	5.57	\$ -		\$ 103,925	\$ -
FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	521,206	4.44	-		134,913	-
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	528,850	9.56	-		347,315	-
FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	3,218,756	10.39	-		1,725,625	-
FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	Affiliates	4,155,595	22.42	-		3,850,268	-
FUTURE ADVANCED ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	273,548	24.49	-		-	-
FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	1,865,815	2.86	-		-	-

Note: For information on loans between the Company and subsidiaries, refer to table 1.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period
Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction (Note 4)		Transaction terms	Percentage of total operating revenues or total assets (Note 5)
				General ledger account	Amount		
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 138,611,786	Note 3	12
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	2,744,337	Note 3	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	106,867,978	Note 3	9
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	19,244,865	Note 3	4
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	5,956,941	Note 3	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	3,692,625	Note 3	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	1,403,184	Note 3	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	16,150,160	Note 3	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	4,490,226	Note 3	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	3,462,220	Note 3	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Affiliates	Purchase	634,796	Note 3	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Purchase	6,635,559	Note 3	1
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Affiliates	Accounts payable	574,828	Note 3	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Purchase	1,990,733	Note 3	-
0	WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Purchase	4,330,109	Note 3	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	3,936,710	Note 3	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	1,790,748	Note 3	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	2,080,884	Note 3	-
1	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	785,875	Note 3	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	846,321	Note 3	-
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	391,842,523	Note 3	33
2	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	3,634,531	Note 3	1
3	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	1,543,484	Note 3	-
3	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	464,892	Note 3	-
3	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Sales	10,681,013	Note 3	1
3	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	WT TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	3,956,824	Note 3	1
3	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	1,045,191	Note 3	-
4	WT TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	524,444	Note 3	-
4	WT TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	668,179	Note 3	-

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction (Note 4)			Percentage of total operating revenues or total assets (Note 5)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	\$ 7,787,250	Note 3	1
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	494,857	Note 3	-
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Sales	1,762,805	Note 3	-
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	726,429	Note 3	-
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	Affiliates	Sales	547,852	Note 3	-
5	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD	Affiliates	Sales	837,626	Note 3	-
6	EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (PTE) LTD	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	687,652	Note 3	-
7	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	46,587,121	Note 3	4
7	FUTURE ELECTRONICS CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Accounts payable	4,155,595	Note 3	1
8	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Sales	52,860,081	Note 3	4
8	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	6,321,394	Note 3	1
8	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	4,416,998	Note 3	-
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS AUSTRIA GMBH	Affiliates	Sales	766,115	Note 3	-
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	585,524	Note 3	-
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH	Affiliates	Sales	6,624,702	Note 3	1
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION (ISRAEL) LTD	Affiliates	Sales	872,051	Note 3	-
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Sales	2,071,272	Note 3	-
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	521,206	Note 3	-
9	FUTURE ELECTRONICS LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS TURKEY İÇ VE DIŞ TİCARET LİMİTED ŞİRKETİ	Affiliates	Sales	627,052	Note 3	-
10	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	632,444	Note 3	-
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ADVANCED ELECTRONICS LIMITED	Affiliates	Purchase	4,741,834	Note 3	-
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Sales	3,671,228	Note 3	-
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	528,850	Note 3	-
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Purchase	4,449,404	Note 3	-

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction (Note 4)		Transaction terms	Percentage of total operating revenues or total assets (Note 5)
				General ledger account	Amount		
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS DISTRIBUTION CENTER, LP	Affiliates	Accounts payable	\$ 1,865,815	Note 3	-
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Sales	15,865,933	Note 3	1
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Affiliates	Accounts receivable	3,218,756	Note 3	1
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS KABUSHIKI KAISHA	Affiliates	Sales	517,836	Note 3	-
11	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. (DISTRIBUTION) PTE LTD	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Affiliates	Sales	775,444	Note 3	-

Note 1: The information of transactions between the Company and the consolidated subsidiaries should be noted in "Number" column.

(1) Number 0 represents the Company.

(2) The consolidated subsidiaries are numbered in order from number 1.

Note 2: The transaction relationships with the counterparties are as follows:

(1) The Company to the consolidated subsidiary.

(2) The consolidated subsidiary to the Company.

(3) The consolidated subsidiary to another consolidated subsidiary.

Note 3: The prices and terms to related parties were similar to third parties. The credit term is 90 days after the end of each month.

Note 4: For sales, purchases and accounts receivable, transactions reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more should be disclosed.

Note 5: In calculating the ratio, the transaction amount is divided by consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and is divided by consolidated total revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 6: Information of loans between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 1.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at December 31, 2025			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2025	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025	Footnote
				Balance at December 31, 2025	Balance at December 31, 2024	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WINTECH MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	\$ 32,029	\$ 157,789	31,160	100.00	\$ 8,978,847	\$ 527,172	\$ 526,785	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	-	1,781,829	-	100.00	-	1,305,376	1,305,376	Subsidiary and Note 7
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	35,106,620	15,106,620	923,760,000	100.00	40,290,785	5,462,563	5,462,563	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Holding company	486,289	486,289	7,544,002	100.00	827,336	1,974	1,974	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	323,751	323,751	28,227,197	100.00	1,569,665	719,517	719,517	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MILESTONE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Taiwan	General investment	-	61,985	-	0.00	-	403	403	Subsidiary and Note 3
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	SINYIE INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Taiwan	General investment	-	52,000	-	0.00	-	46	46	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MSD HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	-	112,745	-	0.00	-	(238)	(238)	Subsidiary and Note 4
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	1,895,949	1,895,949	70,220,331	100.00	1,685,121	53,847	53,847	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	-	397,230	-	100.00	-	9,572	(11,131)	Subsidiary and Note 9
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Holding company	-	4,057,274	-	0.00	-	-	-	Note 8
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY (H.K.) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	-	4,808	-	0.00	-	(23)	(23)	Subsidiary and Note 6
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (HONG KONG) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	402,761	402,761	12,527,632	100.00	1,164,494	337,246	337,246	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT SOLOMON QCE LIMITED	Hong Kong	Sales of electronic components	451,386	451,386	110,000,000	100.00	609,841	46,717	46,717	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	4,864,726	128,849	156,698,335	100.00	6,421,895	827,008	827,008	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	156,727	156,727	5,000,000	100.00	160,727	98	98	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	148,051	-	7,000,000	100.00	3,919,807	1,187,971	1,187,971	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	NICHIDENBO CORPORATION	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	1,444,511	-	102,000,000	35.47	9,121,417	1,252,728	116,085	Associates

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at December 31, 2025			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2025	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025	Footnote
				Balance at December 31, 2025	Balance at December 31, 2024	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Canada	Sales of electronic components	\$ 60,746,079	\$ 60,746,079	51	51.00	\$ 65,411,135	\$ 6,016,495	\$ 2,921,166	Subsidiary
WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	PROMISING INVESTMENT LIMITED	Mauritius	General investment	961,095	961,095	30,632,506	100.00	931,515	54,443	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WINTech INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	Belize	General investment	659,533	659,533	21,020,957	100.00	1,041,524	(6,315)	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	WINTech MICROELECTRONICS LTD.	Belize	Sales of electronic components	624,366	94,128	19,900,100	100.00	10,744	(18,813)	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	JCD OPTICAL (CAYMAN) CO., LTD.	Cayman Islands	Holding company	74,481	74,481	5,869,093	16.94	8,548	(55,347)	Note 1	Associates
WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	JOY CAPITAL LTD.	Seychelles	General investment	37,650	37,650	1,200,000	17.65	10,651	(3,182)	Note 1	Associates
WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED	RAINBOW STAR GROUP LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	General investment	31,375	31,375	18,924	24.65	-	(11,835)	Note 1	Associates
PROMISING INVESTMENT LIMITED	NINO CAPITAL CO., LTD.	Samoa	Holding company	9,758	9,758	311,000	100.00	40,308	14	Note 1	Subsidiary
PROMISING INVESTMENT LIMITED	RICH WEB LTD.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	720,823	720,823	22,974,430	100.00	803,985	54,721	Note 1	Subsidiary
WINTech INVESTMENT CO., LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	571,242	571,242	3,800,000	95.47	919,512	(12,920)	Note 1	Subsidiary
ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD.	LEADERS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	-	194,850	-	0.00	-	(3,237)	Note 1	Subsidiary and Note 5
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (MALAYSIA) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Selling and technology servicing	3,871	3,871	500,000	100.00	3,100	(118)	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	BRILLNICS INC.	Cayman Islands	Holding company	1,222,496	1,222,496	49,336,630	60.03	412,524	80,295	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS (THAILAND) LIMITED.	Thailand	Sales of electronic components	2,985	2,985	300,000	100.00	3,598	825	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT MICROELECTRONICS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED	India	Selling and technology servicing	2,512	2,512	700,000	100.00	6,791	2,267	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Holding company	4,788,966	4,057,274	165,738,987	100.00	5,058,138	374,025	Note 1	Subsidiary and Note 8
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	ASIA LATEST TECHNOLOGY LIMITED	Mauritius	Holding company	37,771	37,771	1,120,000	100.00	45,573	(168)	Note 1	Subsidiary
MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP.	FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC.	Canada	Sales of electronic components	58,363,869	58,363,869	49	49.00	62,845,992	6,016,495	Note 1	Subsidiary

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at December 31, 2025			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2025	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025	Footnote
				Balance at December 31, 2025	Balance at December 31, 2024	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	WT TECHNOLOGY KOREA CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	\$ 54,421	\$ 54,421	180,472	4.53	\$ 29,257	(\$ 12,920)	Note 1	Subsidiary
BSI SEMICONDUCTOR PTE. LTD.	WONCHANG SEMICONDUCTOR CO., LTD.	South Korea	Sales of electronic components	24,607	24,607	53,505	100.00	184,053	(13,483)	Note 1	Subsidiary
TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INCORPORATION	MORRIHAN SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Sales of electronic components	-	210,451	-	0.00	-	-		Note 7
MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	HONGTECH ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Sales of electronic components	115,000	115,000	11,500,000	100.00	215,870	(440,776)	Note 1	Subsidiary
MAXTEK TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	LACEWOOD INTERNATIONAL CORP.	British Virgin Islands	Sales of electronic components	98,376	194,366	500	100.00	12,401	16,327	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS INC.	BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	Hong Kong	Selling and technology servicing	362,352	2,008,408	64,013,000	100.00	729,177	95,814	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS INC.	BRILLNICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Manufacture of electronic components	23,531	23,531	750,002	100.00	(33,627)	(11,424)	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	BRILLNICS JAPAN INC.	Japan	Research and development company	20,130	20,130	100,000	100.00	38,612	5,161	Note 1	Subsidiary
BRILLNICS (HK) LIMITED	BRILLNICS LIMITED	Taiwan	Research and development company	16,694	16,694	1,669,410	100.00	51,119	7,368	Note 1	Subsidiary
WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.	EXCELPOINT TECHNOLOGY PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Research and development company	5,200,061	5,200,061	120,398,640	100.00	5,058,535	434,153	Note 1	Subsidiary

Note 1: Profit (loss) of investee has been included in the investor, and will not be disclosed separately.

Note 2: Because the foreign holding investee companies prepare consolidated financial statements only, which the Company has significant influence or control, directly or indirectly, is only disclosed to the level of the holding company.

Note 3: MILESTONE INVESTMENT CO., LTD. conducted a short-form merger with the Company (effective date set on March 1, 2025) and the registration had been completed on April 9, 2025.

Note 4: On August 21, 2025, MSD HOLDINGS PTE. LTD. has been dissolved and liquidated.

Note 5: On June 30, 2025, LEADER'S TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. has been dissolved and liquidated.

Note 6: On August 22, 2025, WT TECHNOLOGY (H.K.) LIMITED has been dissolved and liquidated.

Note 7: TECHMOSA INTERNATIONAL INC. conducted a short-form merger with the Company (effective date set on November 30, 2025) and the registration had been completed on December 18, 2025.

Note 8: The Group underwent an organizational restructuring in December 2025, whereby WT MICROELECTRONICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. directly holds the equity of WT SEMICONDUCTOR HOLDINGS PTE. LTD.

Note 9: On November 12, 2025, ANALOG WORLD CO., LTD. has been dissolved and liquidated.

WT Microelectronics Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries
Information on investments in Mainland China
Year ended December 31, 2025

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2025	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the year ended December 31, 2025		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2025	Net income of investee for the year ended December 31, 2025	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025 (Note 2)	Book value of investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2025	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2025	Footnote	
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan								
SHANGHAI WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	\$ 9,413	2	\$ 9,413	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,413	\$ 14	100.00	\$ 14	\$ 40,231	\$ -	Note 5	
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	717,696	2	659,756	-	-	659,756	54,721	100.00	54,721	803,875	-	Note 6	
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	International trade	1,102,831	2	600,831	-	-	600,831	312,233	100.00	312,233	2,395,229	-	Note 7	
WT MICROELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Technical service, international trade, entrepot trade and etc.	41,729	3	31,375	-	-	31,375	(168)	100.00	(168)	45,564	-	Note 4	
JCD OPTICAL CORPORATION	Production and sales of optoelectronic materials and components	160,013	2	20,834	-	-	20,834	(61,720)	16.94	(10,455)	494	-	Note 8	
SYNERGY ELECTRONICS (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	8,064	2	-	-	-	-	(4,086)	100.00	(4,086)	(314,244)	-	Note 9	
EXCELPOINT INTERNATIONAL TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	47,063	2	-	-	-	-	282,208	100.00	282,208	41,363	-	Note 9	
FUTURE ELECTRONICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.	International trade, entrepot trade and etc.	75,300	2	-	-	-	-	282,484	100.00	282,484	2,115,883	-	Note 10	
Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2025	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)		Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 3)										
WT MICROELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	\$ 3,967,203	\$ 3,967,203		\$ 70,762,984										

Note 1: The investment methods are classified into the following six categories:

- (1) Directly investing in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in companies in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others.

Note 2: Investment gains or losses were recognised based on reviewed financial statements.

Note 3: The amount disclosed was 60% of net assets and based on Investment Commission, MOEA Regulation No. 09704604680 announced on August 29, 2008.

Note 4: This is a China subsidiary which was reinvested through the company in the third area when MORRIHAN INTERNATIONAL CORP. was acquired in September 2009.

Note 5: This is a China company which was invested through the company, NINO CAPITAL CO., LTD., in the third area.

Note 6: This is a China company which was invested through the company, RICH WEB LTD., in the third area.

Note 7: This is a China company which was reinvested through the company, WINTech MICROELECTRONICS HOLDING LIMITED, in the third area.

Note 8: This is a China company which was reinvested through the company, JCD OPTICAL (CAYMAN) CO., LTD., in the third area.

Note 9: This is a China company which was reinvested through the company, EXCELPOINT SYSTEMS (H.K.) LIMITED, in the third area.

Note 10: This is a China subsidiary which was reinvested through the company in the third area when FUTURE ELECTRONICS INC. was acquired in April 2024.